

ELDORADO GOLD CORP /FI

FORM 6-K (Report of Foreign Issuer)

Filed 05/02/08 for the Period Ending 05/01/08

Telephone (604) 687-4018

CIK 0000918608

Symbol EGO

SIC Code 1040 - Gold And Silver Ores

Industry Gold & Silver

Sector Basic Materials

Fiscal Year 12/31



FORM 6-K

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

Report of Foreign Private Issuer

Pursuant to Rule 13a-16 or 15d-16 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the month of May, 2008

Commission File Number 001-31522

Eldorado Gold Corporation

(Translation of registrant's name into English)

1188-550 Burrard Street
Bentall 5
Vancouver, B.C.
Canada V6C 2B5

(Address of principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant files or will file annual reports under cover Form 20-F or Form 40-F.

Form 20-F....[]..... Form 40-F...[. **X** .]...

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b) (1): _____

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(1) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted solely to provide an attached annual report to security holders.

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is submitting the Form 6-K in paper as permitted by Regulation S-T Rule 101(b) (7): _____

Note: Regulation S-T Rule 101(b)(7) only permits the submission in paper of a Form 6-K if submitted to furnish a report or other document that the registrant foreign private issuer must furnish and make public under the laws of the jurisdiction in which the registrant is incorporated, domiciled or legally organized (the registrant's "home country"), or under the rules of the home country exchange on which the registrant's securities are traded, as long as the report or other document is not a press release, is not required to be and has not been distributed to the registrant's security holders, and, if discussing a material event, has already been the subject of a Form 6-K submission or other Commission filing on EDGAR.

Indicate by check mark whether by furnishing the information contained in this Form, the registrant is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Yes [] No [**X**]

If "Yes" is marked, indicate below the file number assigned to the registrant in connection with Rule 12g3-2(b): 82-

Signatures

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

ELDORADO GOLD CORPORATION

/s/ Dawn Moss
Dawn Moss, Corporate Secretary

Exhibits

32.1 CEO Certification

Date: May 2, 2008

32.2 CFO Certification

99.1 Financial Statements

99.2 Management's Discussion & Analysis

FORM 52-109F2 CERTIFICATION OF INTERIM FILINGS

I, Paul N. Wright, President and Chief Executive Officer of Eldorado Gold Corporation certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed the interim filings (as this term is defined in Multilateral Instrument 52-109 *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*) of Eldorado Gold Corporation (the "Issuer") for the interim period ending March 31, 2008.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, the interim filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the interim financial statements together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Issuer, as of the date and for the periods presented in the interim filings;
- 4. The issuer's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and interim control over financial reporting for the issuer, and we have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused them to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared; and
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP; and
- 5. I have caused the issuer to disclose in the interim MD&A any change in the issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the issuer's most recent interim period that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 1, 2008

/s/ Paul N. Wright

Paul N. Wright

President & Chief Executive Officer

FORM 52-109F2 CERTIFICATION OF INTERIM FILINGS

I, Earl W. Price, Chief Financial Officer of Eldorado Gold Corporation certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed the interim filings (as this term is defined in Multilateral Instrument 52-109 *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*) of Eldorado Gold Corporation (the "Issuer") for the interim period ending March 31, 2008.
- 2. Based on my knowledge, the interim filings do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it was made, with respect to the period covered by the interim filings;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the interim financial statements together with the other financial information included in the interim filings fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Issuer, as of the date and for the periods presented in the interim filings;
- 4. The issuer's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and interim control over financial reporting for the issuer, and we have:
 - designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused them to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared; and
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused it to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of purposes in accordance with the issuer's GAAP; and
- 5. I have caused the issuer to disclose in the interim MD&A any change in the issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the issuer's most recent interim period that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 1, 2008

/s/ Earl W. Price

Earl W. Price

Chief Financial Officer



March 31, 2008

Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements
Suite 1188, 550 Burrard Street
Vancouver, British Columbia
V6C 2B5

Phone: (604) 687-4018 Fax: (604) 687-4026

Eldorado Gold CorporationUnaudited Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars)

	March 31, 2008	December 31, 2007
	\$	\$
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	79,948	46,014
Restricted cash (note 3)	71,010	65,710
Accounts receivable and other	31,188	30,335
Inventories	52,938	57,525
Derivative contract (note 8)	2,217	2,956
Future income taxes	957	959
	238,258	203,499
Restricted cash (note 3)	8,300	8,300
Mining interests	381,950	377,705
Other	2,238	2,238
	630,746	591,742
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	48,876	39,943
Debt - current	70,850	65,422
Current portion of asset retirement obligations	1,896	509
	121,622	105,874
Debt - long-term	139	139
Contractual severance obligations	1,248	1,479
Asset retirement obligations	6,384	8,290
Future income taxes	27,088	26,781
•	156,481	142,563
Shareholders* Equity		
Share capital (note 4(a))	754,788	753,058
Contributed surplus (note 4(b))	16,223	13,083
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) (note 4(c))	(307)	214
Deficit	(296,439)	(317,176)
_	474,265	449,179
<u> </u>	630,746	591,742

Subsequent event (note 10)

Eldorado Gold CorporationUnaudited Consolidated Statements of Operations and Deficit For the three months ended March 31,

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars except per share amounts)

	2008	2007
Damanua	\$	\$
Revenue Gold sales	68,675	41,548
Interest and other income	3,844	1,940
interest and other meome	72,519	43,488
Expenses		
Operating costs	19,819	15,065
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	8,824	3,108
General and administrative	9,794	7,426
Exploration	2,191	2,796
Mine standby costs	2,433	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligation	133	80
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	854	(565)
Gain on disposal of assets	(24)	(3,477)
Interest and financing costs	1,028	775
Unrealized loss on derivative contract	739	-
	45,791	25,208
Income before income taxes	26,728	18,280
Income tax expense		
Current	(5,682)	(22)
Future	(309)	(5,676)
<u>.</u>	(5,991)	(5,698)
Net income for the period	20,737	12,582
	(015.15.)	(252, 450)
Deficit, beginning of period	(317,176)	(353,470)
Deficit, end of period	(296,439)	(340,888)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		
Basic	344,542	341,435
Diluted	345,902	344,161
Earnings per share		
Basic income per share - US\$	0.06	0.04
Diluted income per share - US\$	0.06	0.04
Basic income per share - Cdn\$	0.06	0.04
Diluted income per share - Cdn\$	0.06	0.04

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Eldorado Gold CorporationUnaudited Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

For the three months ended March 31,

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Cash flows generated from (used in): Cash flows generated from (used in): Operating activities Net earnings for the period 20,737 12,582 Items not affecting cash - 598 Accretion of asset retirement obligation 133 8,00 Contractual severance expense - 598 Depletion, depreciation and amorization 8,824 3,108 Unrealized foreign exchange loss 418 148 Future income taxes 309 5,676 Gain on disposal of assets (24) (3,477) Imputed interest and financing costs 10 16 Stock-based compensation 4,882 3,094 Urrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - Property reclamation payments (652) (1,183 Contractual severance payments (652) (1,183 Contractual severance payments (552) (1,183 Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) Theseting activities 221 70 <t< th=""><th></th><th>2008</th><th>2007</th></t<>		2008	2007
Operating activities Common security of the period		\$	\$
Net earnings for the period lems not affecting eash 20,737 12,582 Items not affecting eash 3 80 Accretion of asset retirement obligation 133 80 Contractual severance expense - 598 Depletion, depreciation and amortization 8,824 3,108 Unrealized foreign exchange loss 418 148 Future income taxes 309 5,676 Gain on disposal of assets (24) (3,477) Imputed interest and financing costs 10 16 Stock-based compensation 4,882 3,094 Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - Contractual severance payments (652) (1,183) Contractual severance payments (231) (1,612) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) The sectivities 11,898 (6,337) Capital expenditures (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds (1,792) - Avai	Cash flows generated from (used in):		
Rems not affecting cash Accretion of asset retirement obligation 133 80 Contractual severance expense - 598 Expleition, depreciation and amortization 8,824 3,108 Unrealized foreign exchange loss 418 148 148 Future income taxes 309 5,676 Gain on disposal of assets (24) (3,477) Imputed interest and financing costs 10 16 Stock-based compensation 4,882 3,094 Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - 1 Total Caste 739 Total Caste 73	Operating activities		
Accretion of asset retirement obligation 133 80 Contractual severance expense - 598 Depletion, depreciation and amortization 8.824 3,08 Unrealized foreign exchange loss 418 148 Future income taxes 309 5,676 Gain on disposal of assets (24) (3,477) Imputed interest and financing costs 10 16 Stock-based compensation 4,882 3,094 Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - Contractual severance payments (652) (1,182) Contractual severance payments (231) (1,612) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) Turesting activities (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) -	Net earnings for the period	20,737	12,582
Contractual severance expense 598 Depletion, depreciation and amortization 8.824 3.108 Unrealized foreign exchange loss 418 148 Future income taxes 309 5.676 Gain on disposal of assets (24) (3.477) Imputed interest and financing costs 10 16 Stock-based compensation 4,882 3.094 Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - Property reclamation payments (652) (1,183) Contractual severance payments (652) (1,183) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) Investing activities 2 (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities 2 1 Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 2 2 Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 1 1,077 Restricted cas	Items not affecting cash		
Depletion, depreciation and amortization 8,824 3,108 Unrealized foreign exchange loss 418 148 Future income taxes 309 5,676 Gain on disposal of assets (24) (3,477) Imputed interest and financing costs 10 16 Stock-based compensation 4,882 3,094 Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - Property reclamation payments (652) (1,183) Contractual severance payments (231) (1,612) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) Available-for-sale securities (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Capital stock	Accretion of asset retirement obligation	133	80
Unrealized foreign exchange loss 418 148 Future income taxes 309 5,676 Gain on disposal of assets (24) (3,477) Imputed interest and financing costs 10 16 Stock-based compensation 4,882 3,094 Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - Property reclamation payments (652) (1,183) Contractual severance payments (231) (1,612) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) Turesting activities (1,893) (1,793) - Capital expenditures (10,296) (13,940) 36,283 - Sales proceeds 221 703 - - - 1,040 -	Contractual severance expense	-	598
Future income taxes 309 5,676 Gain on disposal of assets (24) (3,477) Imputed interest and financing costs 10 16 Stock-based compensation 4,882 3,094 Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - Property reclamation payments (652) (1,183) Contractual severance payments (231) (1,612) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) Investing activities Mining interests Capital expenditures (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) T	Depletion, depreciation and amortization	8,824	3,108
Gain on disposal of assets (24) (3,477) Imputed interest and financing costs 10 16 Stock-based compensation 4,882 3,094 Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - 36,028 21,825 Property reclamation payments (652) (1,183 Contractual severance payments (231) (1,612) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) Threeting activities (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities (11,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests 263 - Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities - 1,077 Capital stock - 1,213 822 Debt - 5,00		418	
Imputed inerest and financing costs 10 16 Stock-based compensation 4,882 3,094 Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - Property reclamation payments (652) (1,183) Contractual severance payments (231) (1,612) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) Investing activities Mining interests (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities 221 703 Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities - 1,213 822 Capital stock - - 1,213 822 Debt -	Future income taxes	309	
Stock-based compensation 4,882 3,094 Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - 36,028 21,825 Property reclamation payments (652) (1,183) Contractual severance payments (231) (1,612) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) Investing activities Mining interests (10,296) (13,940) Capital expenditures (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities 221 70 Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - <			
Unrealized loss on derivative contract 739 - 36,028 21,825 Property reclamation payments (652) (1,183) Contractual severance payments (231) (1,612) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) Investing activities Wining interests (10,296) (13,940) Capital expenditures (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities - 1,213 822 Explanation of common shares for cash 1,213 82 Debt - 5,000 - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			
Property reclamation payments	-		3,094
Property reclamation payments (652) (1,183) Contractual severance payments (231) (1,612) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) 47,043 12,693 Investing activities Mining interests (10,296) (13,940) Capital expenditures (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822	Unrealized loss on derivative contract	739	
Contractual severance payments (231) (1,612) Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) At7,043 12,693 Investing activities Mining interests (10,296) (13,940) Capital expenditures 221 703 Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities 21 703 Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock 1,213 822 Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 5,000 -		36,028	21,825
Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6) 11,898 (6,337) At7,043 12,693 Investing activities Mining interests (10,296) (13,940) Capital expenditures (221 703 Available-for-sale securities 221 703 Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) (19,322) (12,298) Financing activities Capital stock - Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt - Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822	Property reclamation payments	(652)	(1,183)
Investing activities Investing activities Mining interests Capital expenditures (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 5,000 -	Contractual severance payments	(231)	(1,612)
Investing activities Mining interests (10,296) (13,940) Capital expenditures (221 703 Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock Saccess of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 5,000 -	Changes in non-cash working capital (note 6)	11,898	(6,337)
Mining interests (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock - - Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822		47,043	12,693
Capital expenditures (10,296) (13,940) Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities	Investing activities		
Sales proceeds 221 703 Available-for-sale securities (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822	Mining interests		
Available-for-sale securities (1,792) - Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock - - Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt - - Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822	Capital expenditures	(10,296)	(13,940)
Purchases (1,792) - Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock - 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822	Sales proceeds	221	703
Disposals 263 - Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock - - Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822	Available-for-sale securities		
Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests - 10,052 Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock - - Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822	Purchases	(1,792)	-
Non-producing properties under development (2,418) (2,959) Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) Financing activities Capital stock - - Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822	Disposals	263	-
Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests - 1,077 Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) (19,322) (12,298) Financing activities Capital stock 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822	Pre-production gold sales capitalized in mining interests	-	10,052
Restricted cash (5,300) (7,231) (19,322) (12,298) Financing activities Capital stock 3 Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822	Non-producing properties under development	(2,418)	(2,959)
(19,322) (12,298) Financing activities Capital stock Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822	Value added taxes recoverable on mining interests	-	1,077
Financing activities Capital stock 1,213 822 Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 6,213 822	Restricted cash	(5,300)	(7,231)
Capital stock 1,213 822 Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Froceeds 6,213 822		(19,322)	(12,298)
Capital stock 1,213 822 Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Froceeds 6,213 822	Financing activities		
Issuance of common shares for cash 1,213 822 Debt 5,000 - Proceeds 6,213 822			
Debt 5,000 - 6,213 822		1,213	822
Proceeds 5,000 - 6,213 822		•	
		5,000	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents 33,934 1,217		6,213	822
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	33,934	1,217

Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of period	46,014	59,967
Cash and cash equivalents - end of period	79,948	61,184

Supplementary cash flow information (note 6)

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Eldorado Gold CorporationUnaudited Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the three months ended March 31,

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

	2008 \$	2007 \$
Net earnings for the period ended March 31,	20,737	12,582
Other comprehensive income (loss) Net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale investment (note 4(c))	(521)	39
Comprehensive income for the period ended March 31,	20,216	12,621

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements **March 31, 2008**

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

1. Nature of operations and basis of presentation

Eldorado Gold Corporation ("Eldorado", "the Company" or "we") is a gold exploration, development, mining and production company. Eldorado has ongoing exploration and development projects in Brazil, China and Turkey. On July 1, 2006, Eldorado began production in Turkey and on February 1, 2007, Eldorado began production in China. Production at the Kişladağ mine in Turkey was suspended in August 2007 as a result of a court injunction and the mine remained shut down throughout the remainder of 2007. The court injunction was removed in February 2008 and the mine restarted production on March 6, 2008. Production operations at the São Bento mine in Brazil ceased in the second quarter of 2007 and the mine is in reclamation.

With the exception to changes in accounting policies as outlined in note 2 below, these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared by Eldorado in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("Canadian GAAP") consistent with those used in the preparation of Eldorado's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007. As these unaudited interim consolidated financial statements do not contain all of the disclosures required by Canadian GAAP, they should be read in conjunction with the notes to the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007.

In the opinion of Management, Eldorado has made all adjustments necessary to present fairly the consolidated financial position as at March 31, 2008 and the consolidated results of operations, cash flows and comprehensive income for the three-month period then ended. These interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results for a full year.

2. Changes in accounting policies and new accounting developments

Capital Disclosure – Section 1535

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted Section 1535 "Capital Disclosures", which requires disclosure of qualitative and quantitative information that enables the users to evaluate the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital as well as the implications of non-compliance. Disclosures required by this standard are included in note 7.

Inventories – Section 3031

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted Section 3031 "Inventories". This Section prescribes the accounting treatment for inventories and provides guidance on the determination of costs and its subsequent recognition as an expense, including any write-down to net realizable value. It also provides guidance on the cost formulas that are used to assign costs to inventories. The adoption of this new accounting policy did not have any impact on the Company's consolidated financial statements.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2008

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

2. Changes in accounting policies and new accounting developments (continued)

Financial Instruments – Disclosures, Section 3862

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted Section 3862 "Financial Instruments – Disclosures". This Section requires entities to provide disclosure of quantitative and qualitative information in their financial statements that enable users to evaluate (a) the significance of financial instruments for the entity's financial position and performance; and (b) the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments to which the entity is exposed during the period and at the balance sheet date, and management's objectives, policies and procedures for managing such risks. Disclosures required by this standard are included in note 8.

Goodwill and intangible assets - Section 3064

In February 2008, the CICA issued Section 3064, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets", which replaces Section 3062, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets". This new standard provides guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of goodwill and intangible assets and is effective beginning January 1, 2009. Concurrent with the adoption of this standard, EIC-27, "Revenues and Expenditures in the Pre-operating Period", will be withdrawn. This will result in a change to the Company's accounting for the start-up of mining operations, as pre-commercial production costs will no longer be capitalized as an asset. We are currently assessing the impact of this standard on our consolidated financial statements.

3. Restricted cash

Restricted cash represents short-term interest-bearing money market securities and funds held on deposit as collateral:

	March 31, 2008 \$	December 31, 2007 \$
Current:		
Collateral account against the HSBC bank loan – Turkey	60,000	55,000
Collateral account against the HSBC bank loan – China	10,800	10,500
Electricity deposit	210	210
	71,010	65,710
Non-current:		
Environmental guarantee deposit	8,300	8,300
	8,300	8,300

The environmental guarantee deposit is held on account with a Turkish bank under environmental and pollution guarantees required by the Turkish Ministry of the Environment. The funds are invested at prevailing bank rates. Interest earned on these deposits is included in interest and other income as presented in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements **March 31, 2008**

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

4. Shareholders' equity

(a) Authorized share capital

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of voting common shares without par value and an unlimited number of non-voting common shares without par value. At March 31, 2008, there were no non-voting common shares outstanding.

Voting common shares	Number of shares	Amount \$
Balance, December 31, 2007	344,208,540	753,058
Estimated fair value of share options exercised Shares issued upon exercise of share options, for cash	391,154	517 1,213
Balance, March 31, 2008	344,599,694	754,788

(b) Contributed surplus

The continuity of contributed surplus on the Consolidated Balance Sheet is as follows:

	Contributed surplus attributable to:		
	Stock-based compensation \$	Other \$	Total \$
Balance, December 31, 2007	11,989	1,094	13,083
Non-cash stock-based compensation	3,657	-	3,657
Options exercised, credited to share capital	(517)	-	(517)
Balance, March 31, 2008	15,129	1,094	16,223

(c) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)

Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) is comprised as follows:

	\$
Balance, December 31, 2007	214
Unrealized (losses) on available-for-sale investment Realized (gains) on sale of available-for-sale investment	(460)
transferred to net income	(61)
Balance, March 31, 2008	(307)

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements **March 31, 2008**

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

5. Stock-based compensation

(a) Share option plans

The continuity of share purchase options outstanding is as follows:

	Weighted average exercise price Cdn\$	Number of options	Contractual weighted average remaining life (years)
Balance, December 31, 2007	5.36	8,224,279	3.1
Granted	6.44	2,808,000	
Exercised	3.10	(391,154)	
Balance, March 31, 2008	5.73	10,641,125	3.4

At March 31, 2008, 6,691,534 share purchase options (December 31, 2007 – 5,064,193) with a weighted average exercise price of Cdn\$5.37 (December 31, 2007 – Cdn\$4.64) had vested and were exercisable.

Options outstanding at March 31, 2008 are as follows:

	Tota	l options outstan	ding		Exercisable	options
Range of exercise price Cdn\$	Shares	Weighted average remaining contractual life (years)		Weighted average exercise price Cdn\$	Shares	Weighted average exercise price Cdn\$
\$1.00 to \$2.99	100,000		0.1	1.90	100,000	1.90
\$3.00 to \$3.99	2,387,000		1.3	3.58	2,387,000	3.58
\$4.00 to \$4.99	325,000		1.9	4.61	233,333	4.52
\$5.00 to \$5.99	1,718,625		3.6	5.41	858,537	5.47
\$6.00 to \$6.99	2,983,000		4.8	6.43	1,027,664	6.41
\$7.00 to \$7.12	3,127,500		4.0	7.12	2,085,000	7.12
	10,641,125		3.4	5.73	6,691,534	5.37

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements **March 31, 2008**

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

5. Stock-based compensation (continued)

(b) Stock-based compensation expense

Stock-based compensation expense incurred to March 31, 2008 has been included in the undernoted expenses in the consolidated statement of earnings and deficit as follows:

	Three mo	nths ended	
	2008 \$	2007 \$	
Operating costs	434	649	
Exploration	553	361	
General and administrative	2,670	2,084	
	3,657	3,094	

(c) Bonus Cash Award Units plan

As of March 31, 2008, the Company had awarded 587,500 Bonus Cash Award Units ("BCAUs") with a vesting date of February 8, 2008 and 587,500 BCAUs with a vesting date of February 8, 2009. All BCAUs were unexercised at March 31, 2008. The carrying value of BCAUs at March 31, 2008 was \$1,703, and is reflected in accrued liabilities on the balance sheet. The related cost in the amount of \$1,225 is reflected in "general and administrative expense" in the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Deficit.

6. Supplementary cash flow information

	Three m	onths ended
	2008	2007
	\$	\$
Changes in non-cash working capital		
Accounts receivable and prepaids	179	(338)
Inventories	2,657	(5,809)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	9,062	(190)
	11,898	(6,337)
Supplementary cash flow information		
Income taxes paid	-	- 215
Interest paid	-	215

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2008

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

Capital disclosure

Eldorado's objectives when managing capital are as follows:

- a) to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern,
- b) to have sufficient capital to be able to develop its mining projects and take them into production,
- c) to meet external capital requirements on its credit facilities.

The Company monitors capital based on the debt to adjusted capital ratio. Debt is total debt shown on the balance sheet. Adjusted capital comprises all components of shareholders' equity, which includes accumulated comprehensive income, share capital, contributed surplus and deficit.

Eldorado's strategy is to keep the debt to adjusted capital ratio below 40%. The debt to adjusted capital ratio at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 was 14.99% and 14.60% respectively.

Financial instruments

a) Fair Value

The fair value of financial instruments at March 31, 2008 and December 31, 2007 is summarized as follows:

	March 31, 2008		December 31, 2007	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
	\$	<u>\$</u>	\$	\$
Financial Assets				
Held for trading				
Cash and cash equivalents	79,948	79,948	46,014	46,014
Restricted cash	79,310	79,310	74,010	74,010
Accounts receivable and other	28,521	28,521	28,720	28,720
Derivative contract	2,217	2,217	2,956	2,956
Available for sale				
Accounts receivable and other	2,667	2,667	1,615	1,615
Financial Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued				
liabilities	48,876	48,876	39,943	39,943
Debt	70,989	70,989	65,561	65,561

Fair value estimates are made at the balance sheet date, based on relevant market information and other information about the financial instruments.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2008

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

8. Financial instruments (continued)

Derivative financial instruments are reported at fair value, with unrealized gain or losses included in earnings. Fair values are determined directly by reference to published price quotations in an active market, when available, or by using a valuation technique that uses inputs observed from the markets.

The derivative contract fair value was calculated based on a capital asset pricing model ("CAPM") to estimate the forward price of Brazilian electricity for 2008, adjusted by the Brazilian real and US dollar forward exchange rates and then discounted for time value.

CAPM estimates the risk-adjustment applied to spot electricity prices as a means of deriving a forward price.

We used the following assumptions when calculating the fair value of this contract:

Quantity of energy to purchase
Set price per contract
Spot price in Brazilian real – January 2008
Forward price of energy (range)
US treasury yield (range)

59,267.90 MWh \$24.50/MWh R\$502.45/MWh \$111.78/MWh - \$54.75/MWh 2.90% - 3.31%

b) Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks, including credit risk, foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk and gold price risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and accounts receivable. Eldorado deposits its cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash, with high credit quality financial institutions as determined by ratings agencies.

Currency risk

The Company operates in numerous countries, including Canada, Turkey, China and Brazil, and is therefore exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from transactions denominated in a foreign currency.

Eldorado's cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued liabilities are held in several currencies (mainly Canadian dollars, Turkish liras, Chinese renminbi and Brazilian real) and are therefore subject to fluctuation against the US dollar.

We had the following balances in foreign currency as at March 31, 2008:

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements **March 31, 2008**

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

8. Financial instruments (continued)

	Canadian dollar	Euro	Turkish lira	Chinese renminbi	Brazilian real
Cash and cash equivalents	3,167	103	1,413	254,767	4,353
Accounts receivable	4,405	4	15,987	56,276	9,720
Accounts payable and accrued					
liabilities	(3,149)	(75)	(6,281)	(196,434)	(17,954)
Debt	-	-	-	(73,500)	-
Net balance	4,423	32	11,119	41,109	(3,881)
Equivalent in US dollars	4,358	52	8,663	5,831	(2,221)

Based on the balances as at March 31, 2008, a 1% increase (decrease) in the exchange rates on that date would have resulted in a (decrease) increase of approximately \$167 in earnings before income. There would be no effect in other comprehensive income.

Our cash flows from our Chinese operations are exposed to foreign exchange risk, as commodity sales are set in US dollars and the majority of operating expenses are in Chinese renminbi.

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. Current financial assets and financial liabilities are generally not exposed to interest rate risk because of their short-term nature. Eldorado's debt is not exposed to interest rate cash flow risk as the interest rate has been fixed at the time of each drawdown.

Gold price risk and other price risk

Eldorado is subject to price risk for fluctuations in the market price of gold. Gold prices are affected by numerous factors beyond our control, including central bank sales, producer hedging activities, the relative exchange rate of the US dollar with other major currencies, global and regional demand and political and economic conditions. Worldwide gold production levels also affect gold prices, and the price of gold is occasionally subject to rapid short-term changes due to speculative activities. We have elected not to actively manage our exposure to gold price risk at this time. From time-to-time, we may use commodity price contracts to manage our exposure to fluctuations in gold price.

Other price risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. Eldorado's other price risk includes equity price risk and energy price risk, whereby the Company's investments in trading and available for sale securities and derivative contracts, respectively, are subject to market price fluctuation.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. The Company manages liquidity by maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalent balances, and by appropriately using its lines of credit. Our treasury department monitors and reviews both actual and forecasted cash flows, and also matches the maturity profile of financial assets and liabilities.

As at March 31, 2008, Eldorado had \$55,501 of purchase obligations with respect to its normal course of business for the remainder of 2008.

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements **March 31, 2008**

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

9. Segmented information

During the period ended March 31, 2008, the Company had four reporting segments. The Brazil reporting segment includes the reclamation activities of the São Bento mine and exploration activities in Brazil. The Turkey reporting segment includes the operations of the Kişladağ mine and exploration and development activities in Turkey. The China reporting segment includes the operations of the TJS mine and exploration activities in China. The corporate reporting segment includes the operations of the Company's corporate office.

March 31, 2008				
Turkey \$	China \$	Brazil \$	Corporate \$	Total \$
179,500	147,620	7,816	921	335,857
39,838	-	6,255	-	46,093
219,338	147,620	14,071	921	381,950
	\$ 179,500 39,838	Turkey \$ China \$ \$ 179,500 147,620 39,838 -	Turkey \$\frac{\text{China}}{\\$} & \frac{\text{Brazil}}{\\$}\$ 179,500	\$ \$ \$ \$ 179,500 147,620 7,816 921 39,838 - 6,255 -

	December 31, 2007				
	Turkey \$	China \$	Brazil \$	Corporate \$	Total \$
Net mining interests					
Producing or under construction	175,888	149,267	7,919	956	334,030
Non-producing	38,358	-	5,317	-	43,675
	214,246	149,267	13,236	956	377,705

Operations

	For the three months ended March 31, 2008					
	Turkey \$	China \$	Brazil \$	Corporate \$	Total \$	
Revenue						
Gold sales	22,314	46,361	-	-	68,675	
Interest and other income	89	95	2,768	892	3,844	
	22,403	46,456	2,768	892	72,519	
Expenses except the undernoted	10,794	14,907	1,129	7,946	34,776	
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	889	7,852	-	83	8,824	
Exploration	1,243	92	448	408	2,191	
Income (loss) before tax	9,477	23,605	1,191	(7,545)	26,728	
Income tax recovery (expense)	(1,703)	(3,919)	(352)	(17)	(5,991)	
Net income (loss)	7,774	19,686	839	(7,562)	20,737	

Notes to the Unaudited Interim Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2008

(Expressed in thousands of US dollars, unless otherwise stated)

9. Segmented information (continued)

	For the three months ended March 31, 2007					
	Turkey \$	China \$	Brazil \$	Corporate \$	Total \$	
Revenue						
Gold sales	30,413	8,860	2,275	-	41,548	
Interest and other income	625	30	113	1,172	1,940	
	31,038	8,890	2,388	1,172	43,488	
Expenses except the undernoted	11,238	4,405	1,660	5,478	22,781	
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	1,303	1,736	-	69	3,108	
Exploration	1,478	233	1,085	-	2,796	
Gain on disposal of assets	-	-	(3,341)	(136)	(3,477)	
Income (loss) before tax	17,019	2,516	2,984	(4,239)	18,280	
Income tax recovery (expense)	(4,703)	-	(973)	(22)	(5,698)	
Net income (loss)	12,316	2,516	2,011	(4,261)	12,582	

10. Subsequent event

On April 21, 2008, we announced the intention to make an offer to acquire all of the outstanding shares of Frontier Pacific Mining Corporation ("FRP"). The proposed transaction is valued at approximately C\$148 million (or C\$157 million on a fully diluted basis). FRP shareholders will receive 0.122 common shares of Eldorado for every common share of FRP.

In the event that a consensual transaction cannot be reached, Eldorado will take its proposal directly to FRP's shareholders by commencing a takeover bid to acquire 100% of the outstanding shares of FRP. Eldorado has executed a lock-up agreement with FRP's largest shareholder, Dundee Precious Metals, Inc., under which Dundee has agreed to tender 41,942,800 shares, or approximately 25.5% of FRP's outstanding common shares, pursuant to the proposed takeover bid of FRP by Eldorado.

Full details of the offer will be included in a formal offer and the takeover bid circular to be filed with securities regulatory authorities and mailed to FRP shareholders. The offer will be open for acceptance for at least 35 days following the start of the offer. The offer will be subject to certain conditions, including receipt of all necessary regulatory clearances in Greece, absence of material adverse changes and acceptance of the offer by FRP shareholders owning not less than 66 2/3% of the FRP common shares on a fully diluted basis. Once the 66 2/3% acceptance level is met, Eldorado intends, but is not required, to take steps to acquire all of the outstanding FRP common shares.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION and ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

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THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

1. 2008 – Periods in Review

Eldorado Gold Corporation ("Eldorado", "we" or the "Company") is a gold producer based in Vancouver, Canada. The Company owns and operates the Kişladağ gold mine ("Kişladağ") in Turkey and the Tanjianshan gold mine ("TJS") in China. We also explore for, and may acquire, mineral properties for exploration and possible development into gold mines.

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") should be read in conjunction with our audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2007 and the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements for the period ended March 31, 2008. All dollar amounts in this MD&A are expressed in United States dollars unless stated otherwise. This MD&A is prepared as of April 30, 2008.

2. Highlights of the Quarter Ended March 31, 2008 and Updates

During the quarter ended March 31, 2008, we:

- Resumed operations on March 6, 2008 at our Kişladağ gold mine and produced 27,228 ounces of gold during the month,
- Sold 73,604 ounces of gold from our TJS and Kişladağ mines at a realized average price of \$933 per ounce (Q1 2007 64,177 ounces at \$647 per ounce, including 3,729 ounces from the São Bento mine),
- Produced 67,234 ounces of gold at a cash cost of \$213 per ounce (Q1 2007 76,288 ounces at \$220 per ounce),
- Reported earnings of \$0.06 per share (Q1 2007 \$0.04 per share),
- Signed a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") regarding the sale of iron ore to BHP Billiton produced from our Vila Nova Iron Ore Deposit ("Vila Nova") in Brazil and
- Continued progress in acquiring the land required for the Efemçukuru project ("Efemçukuru") in Turkey.

On April 21, 2008, we announced the intention to make an offer to acquire all of the outstanding shares of Frontier Pacific Mining Corporation ("FRP"). The proposed transaction is valued at approximately C\$148 million (or C\$157 million on a fully diluted basis). FRP shareholders will receive 0.122 common shares of Eldorado for every common share of FRP.

3. Operations

TJS Mine

The TJS mine milled 223,395 tonnes of ore at a head grade of 6.83 g/t Au during the first quarter of 2008. Gold produced for the quarter was 40,006 ounces at a cash cost of \$211 per ounce.

(1)

THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

Capital expenditures for the quarter of \$6.6 million were mainly related to constructing the roaster, which we expect to be completed by the fourth quarter of 2008. The sulphide ore processing construction project reached a significant milestone on March 31 with 500,000 man hours worked without a lost-time accident.

We made the transition to contractor mining during the first quarter. The contractor is currently mining ore and waste in the Qinglongtan ("QLT") pit and waste only in the Jinlonggou ("JLG") pit. Both the mine and the mill continue to perform at or above expectations.

Kişladağ Mine

The Kişladağ mine re-opened on March 6, 2008. During the month of March, we placed 529,480 tonnes of ore on the leach pad at a grade of 1.18 g/t Au. We produced 27,228 ounces of gold at a cash cost of \$217 per ounce during the quarter.

The Kişladağ workforce was kept intact during the shutdown period, which greatly assisted a smooth transition to production after the mine re-opened. Full mine production was achieved during March and we expect the crushing and screening circuits to achieve 10 million tonne per annum levels during the second quarter of 2008.

São Bento Mine

All mining and production operations ceased at São Bento in the second quarter of 2007. During the first quarter of 2008, we spent \$0.9 million on property reclamation and contractual severance payments, which was offset by a gain of \$2.4 million realized by selling excess energy into the market. Disposal of mine assets, including gold from mill cleaning, totalled \$0.6 million.

Our management is continuing to evaluate alternatives to maximize shareholder value for the São Bento assets in a competitive market for both mining equipment and the strategic location of the São Bento infrastructure.

4. Development

Efemçukuru

We have received the necessary permits for the major infrastructure and access road, allowing work to begin in these areas.

Preliminary engineering was ongoing during the first quarter, focusing on the site layout, access road design and water management structures. We expect work on the access road to begin early in the second quarter. Sourcing of the major plant equipment has been revised to establish current pricing and delivery conditions in preparation for procurement of long lead equipment. We revised the geologic model to incorporate all of the 2007 drilling results, and this model will be used to target future drilling.

The expropriation process to acquire the additional privately owned land needed for the project is proceeding satisfactorily.

Vila Nova Iron Ore

Work continued at the Vila Nova Iron Ore project in anticipation of commissioning in the fourth quarter of 2008. In March 2008, we signed an MOU with BHP Billiton covering the sale of all lump ore and sinter fines for the first three years of production.

(2)

THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

By the end of the quarter, site clearing was 80% complete and a contract was signed for the major earthworks needed for the site infrastructure. Orders have been placed for the main process equipment with delivery times that meet the project schedule. Finally, we initiated an infill core drilling program during the quarter to provide information for detailed mine planning during the first few years of operation.

5. Exploration Review

Exploration expense for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 was \$2.2 million (Q1 2007 – \$2.8 million). We incurred exploration expenditures totalling \$1.2 million in Turkey, \$0.5 million in Brazil, \$0.1 million in China and \$0.4 million in other locations.

Our exploration budget for 2008 is \$6.9 million. Based on the successful drilling at Kişladağ in 2007 and our prospective land positions at Kişladağ, Efemçukuru and TJS, our exploration focus in 2008 will be on these three properties and on grassroots exploration and project evaluations in Brazil.

Turkey

Detailed logging of the Efemçukuru core from the 2007 program continued in the first quarter of 2008 and samples were defined for metallurgical testing. We surveyed soil sampling grid lines in the field and began sampling targets outside of the main ore zones. We obtained drill road permits and we are developing a program and budget for a small drill program targeting the north ore shoot. Additional holes may be added based on soil sampling results.

A significant drill program has been planned for Kişladağ, which will start in the second quarter. This program is designed to follow up on results obtained in 2007 that saw increases to both the resources and reserves at the mine. The focus of the 2008 program will be to convert inferred resources to measured and indicated and to explore areas in which the mineralization is still open at depth and on the flanks of the deposit.

We obtained four new licenses through the auction process during the quarter and conducted additional mapping and soil sampling on the Biga Peninsula properties. Regional reconnaissance work is continuing in other parts of Turkey to identify and acquire new targets.

Brazil

Exploration in Brazil consisted of support for the iron ore project and project evaluations in various prospective areas.

China

During the first quarter, our geologists from the Beijing regional exploration office evaluated projects in northern and western China. At TJS, preparation for a busy field season has begun. We started detailed mapping on several areas, including north and south of the current QLT pit, to identify extensions that will be drill targets during the upcoming drilling campaign. A structural review is underway on the targets in the vicinity of the JLG pit; we drilled some of these targets in 2007 and will drill others in 2008.

(3)

THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

6. Production

	2008 Q1	2007 Q1	2007 Q2	2007 Q3	2007 Q4
TOTAL GOLD PRODUCTION					
Total ounces produced	67,234	88,780	98,970	61,385	32,000
Commercial production	67,234	76,288	98,970	61,385	32,000
Cash operating cost (\$/oz) 1,4	213	220	259	228	216
Total cash cost (\$/oz) 2,4	268	233	287	264	262
Total production cost (\$/oz) ^{3, 4}	393	270	332	335	522
Realized price (\$/oz sold)	933	647	664	667	774
KISLADAG GOLD MINE ⁵					
Commercial production	27,228	43,601	68,095	23,610	-
Tonnes to Pad	529,480	1,849,330	1,872,691	825,839	-
Grade (grams/tonne)	1.18	1.27	1.32	1.52	-
Cash operating cost (\$/oz) ⁴	217	192	187	191	-
Total cash cost (\$/oz) ^{2, 4}	218	194	. 190	194	-
Total production cost (\$/oz) ^{3, 4}	246	225	221	234	-
TJS GOLD MINE ⁶					
Total ounces produced	40,006	39,252	29,135	37,775	32,000
Commercial production	40,006	26,760	29,135	37,775	32,000
Tonnes milled	223,395	142,859	237,909	202,641	173,945
Grade (grams/tonne)	6.83	7.17	4.41	6.87	7.20
Cash operating cost (\$/oz) ⁴	211	260	440	251	216
Total cash cost (\$/oz) 2,4	302	291	522	307	261
Total production cost (\$/oz) 3, 4	493	356	616	397	526
SAO BENTO GOLD MINE ⁷					
Commercial production	_	5,927	1,740	-	_
Tonnes milled	_	20,069			_
Grade (grams/tonne)	_	8.88			-
Cash operating cost (\$/oz) ⁴	_	245		-	-
Total cash cost (\$/oz) ^{2,4}	_	252	132	-	-
Total production cost (\$/oz) ^{3, 4}	-	211	(50)	-	-

Notes

- 1 Cost figures calculated in accordance with the Gold Institute Standard.
- ² Cash operating costs, plus royalties and off-site administration costs.
- 3 Total cash costs, plus foreign exchange gain or loss, depreciation, amortization and reclamation expenses.
- 4 Cash operating, total cash and total production costs are non-GAAP measures. See the section "Non-GAAP Measures" of this MD&A.
- ⁵ The Kişladağ gold mine temporarily ceased operations on August 18, 2007.
- ⁶ The Tanjianshan gold mine began commercial production on February 1, 2007.
- ⁷ Q2 2007 was the last quarter of production at the São Bento mine.

THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

7. Legal

Kişladağ Mine

In the continuing litigation by certain third parties concerning the operation of our Kişladağ mine against the Turkish Ministry of Environment and Forestry ("MOEF") and Eldorado, the plaintiff has sought to cancel the Environmental Positive Certificate for Kişladağ on the basis of alleged threats to the environment and deficiencies in the Environmental Impact Assessment ("EIA"). A judgment on the litigation at a Lower Administrative Court was in our favour. The plaintiff appealed that decision. As a result of the appeal, on July 19, 2007 the 6th Department of Council of State ordered the shutdown of the Kişladağ mine pending a decision on the case.

On August 18, 2007, we shut down mining operations except for those activities approved by the Turkish authorities related to sound environmental practices. The mine remained shut down during the balance of 2007.

On February 6, 2008, a decision was rendered by the 6 th Department of the High Administrative Court in Ankara concluding that the existing expert reports prepared for the Lower Administrative Court were insufficient to make either a positive or negative decision on the merits of the case. The temporary injunction automatically expired with this decision on the case. Eldorado obtained the necessary permits from the Turkish governmental authorities and on March 6, 2008, the Kişladağ mine re-opened and resumed production activities.

On February 28, 2008 the MOEF and Eldorado, as co-defendant, filed an appeal requesting the 6 th Department of the High Administrative Court to reconsider its February 6 decision on the essence of the Kişladağ EIA case. This appeal is now under consideration by the high administrative court.

Efemçukuru

During the second and third quarters of 2007, litigation by certain third parties was also filed against the MOEF seeking to cancel the Environmental Positive Certificate for Efemçukuru on the basis of alleged threats to the environment. Eldorado was accepted as a co-defendant for this litigation by the courts. This litigation has not affected the development of Efemçukuru. We are confident in both the methodology and legality of the Efemçukuru EIA. On this basis, we believe that defence of this action will be successful. If unsuccessful in defending this litigation, or if an injunction is sought and issued, then our ability to conduct mining operations at Efemçukuru may be adversely affected.

8. Results of Operations

Net Income

Our consolidated net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 was \$20.7 million or \$0.06 per share (Q1 2007 - \$12.6 million or \$0.04 per share).

The main factors that contributed to our first quarter 2008 operating results were record sales from our TJS mine, higher gold prices and strong March performance from our restarted Kişladağ mine.

Gold Revenues

Our gold revenues consist of gold bullion sales at spot. We sell the refined bullion either to large financial institutions or on the Istanbul and Shanghai Gold Exchanges.

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THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

Gold revenues for the quarter ended March 31, 2008 increased 65% over 2007 due to increases in both selling prices and ounces sold. Selling prices in 2008 increased 44% over 2007. Ounces sold in 2008 increased 15% over 2007, reflecting a full quarter of sales from our TJS mine as well as the quick start-up in production at our Kişladağ mine.

	Three month period ended March 31			
		2008		2007
Gold ounces sold				
Kişladağ		23,129		46,814
Tanjianshan		50,475		13,674
São Bento		-		3,729
Total gold ounces sold		73,604		64,177
Average selling price per ounce	\$	933.04	\$	647.39
Gold revenues (000s)	\$	68,675	\$	41,548

Interest and Other Income

Interest income earned on cash, short-term money market investments and restricted cash balances held during the quarter was \$1.0 million (Q1 2007 – \$1.5 million). Other income of \$2.8 million in the quarter (Q1 2007 – \$0.4 million) was mainly related to São Bento's sale of excess energy.

Operating Costs

Operating costs for the quarter of \$19.8 million increased 31% over first quarter 2007 operating costs of \$15.1 million due to increased ounces sold and higher unit costs of production. Unit costs of production increased due to higher-cost production from Kişladağ as a consequence of certain costs incurred during the standby and restart of the mine.

	Three month period ended March 31						
	2008		2007				
Total Operating costs	(\$000s)	\$/oz 1	(\$000s)	\$/oz 1			
Kişladağ	5,316	230	9,258	198			
Tanjianshan	14,503	287	4,144	304			
São Bento			1,663	446			
Total operating costs	19,819	269	15,065	235			

Notes

Depletion, Depreciation and Amortization

Depletion, depreciation and amortization ("DD&A") expense of \$8.8 million for the quarter was significantly higher than the 2007 expense of \$3.1 million, reflecting the inclusion of higher DD&A rates at our TJS mine.

Total operating costs per ounce are based on ounces sold. Refer to the section "Non-GAAP Measures" of this MD&A for reconciliation with cash operating cost per ounce calculated in accordance with the Gold Institute Standard.

THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

General and Administrative

General and administrative costs are primarily incurred in Vancouver, Canada, where we have our head office. We have continued to add to our administrative staff to support our international operations. General and administrative expense of \$9.8 million for the quarter increased 32% over the 2007 expense of \$7.4 million, primarily due to an increase in stock-based compensation expense and a stronger Canadian dollar.

Exploration Expense

Exploration expense of \$2.2 million for the quarter was 22% lower than the 2007 expense of \$2.8 million. Exploration activities are discussed in the section "Exploration Review" of this MD&A.

Mine Standby Costs

Mine standby costs in the amount of \$2.4 million for the quarter reflect the costs of maintaining our Kişladağ gold mine on standby.

Foreign Exchange Loss (Gain)

Our monetary assets (cash and accounts receivable) held in Turkish lira decreased in value as measured in US dollars, resulting in a \$0.9 million loss for the quarter (Q1 2007 – \$0.6 million gain). The Turkish lira weakened from 1.16 lira to the US dollar at the end of 2007 to 1.28 lira to the US dollar at the end of the first quarter 2008, resulting in a \$1.0 million foreign exchange loss mainly related to value added taxes receivable of \$8.5 million. Our monetary assets held in other foreign currencies experienced slight gains against the US dollar, partially offsetting the loss due to the monetary assets held in Turkish lira.

Gain on Disposal of Assets

Gain on disposal of assets for the quarter was \$0.1 million (Q1 2007 – \$3.5 million). The gain in 2007 included the sale of our Aurizona joint venture interest in the Brazilian Piaba project.

Interest and Financing Costs

Interest expense for the quarter was \$1.0 million, compared to \$0.8 million in 2007. Additional funds were drawn down on the revolving credit facility for our Turkish activities during the Kişladağ mine shutdown to fund mine standby costs.

Income Taxes

Current income tax expense for the quarter was \$5.7 million (Q1 2007 – nil), with \$4.9 million related to our Chinese operations and \$0.8 million related to our Turkish operations. Due to changes in Chinese tax law, we may not be eligible for the two-year tax holiday and reduced tax rate of 15% for six years previously granted to our project. Based on discussions to date, Chinese tax authorities have indicated that our TJS mine can qualify as an "Encouraged Project," resulting in a 15% tax rate for the years 2008 to 2010 instead of the normal rate of 25%. In Turkey, carry forward tax losses were fully utilized during 2007. The strong March sales resulted in taxable income for the quarter.

Future tax expense in the amount of \$0.3 million (Q1 2007 – \$5.7 million) resulted from expenses that were deductible for tax purposes but not for accounting purposes. Future tax expense included \$0.8 million related to our Turkish subsidiary, \$0.4 million related to our Brazilian subsidiary and tax recovery of \$0.9 million related to our Chinese subsidiary.

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THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

9. Liquidity

Operating activities after working capital requirements for the quarter generated \$47.0 million (Q1 2007 – \$12.7 million). The improvement in cash generation was attributable to increased sales revenues and operating margins from our two gold mines.

In the first quarter of 2008, we invested \$10.3 million in mineral property, plant and equipment and \$2.4 million in deferred development expenditures. At Kişladağ, capital expenditures relating mostly to the completion of the Phase 2 expansion program totalled \$3.7 million. Capital expenditures at TJS relating to the construction on the roaster totalled \$6.6 million.

At São Bento, we had \$0.7 million of expenditures related to property reclamation activities.

We received net proceeds of \$1.2 million in consideration for issuing 391,154 common shares during 2008 related to the exercise of stock options.

At March 31, 2008, we held \$79.9 million in cash and short-term deposits (December 2007 – \$46.0 million) and a further \$79.3 million in restricted collateral accounts (December 2007 – \$74.0 million), which securitize: debt with \$70.8 million (December 2007 – \$65.5 million); and \$8.5 million environmental and electricity deposits with the Turkish authorities (December 2007 – \$8.5 million).

Contractual Obligations

The Company's contractual obligations at March 31, 2008 comprise:

		(000s)							
		2012 and							
	2008	2009	2010	2011	later	Total			
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$			
Debt	10,879	150	60,000	-	-	71,029			
Capital leases	56	66	39	8	-	169			
Operating leases	2,012	1,663	1,663	1,663	3,895	10,896			
Purchase obligations	53,489	16,842	15,425	15,425	15,376	116,557			
Totals	66,436	18,721	77,127	17,096	19,271	198,651			

Purchase obligations from 2009 forward relate solely to Kişladağ operations, including the estimated commitments under the current external mining contractor agreement and unhedged diesel fuel purchase commitments for 2008 through 2012. Interest is not included in the debt commitments other than imputed interest in the Sino Gold loan.

10. Capital Resources

Cash and Working Capital

At March 31, 2008, we had cash and short-term investments of \$79.9 million and working capital of \$116.6 million, compared with \$46.0 million of cash and short-term investments and working capital of \$97.6 million at the beginning of the year. The increase in cash and short-term investments was primarily attributable to the strong performance by our two mines in the first quarter.

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The status of our financing arrangements and obligations is as follows:

Revolving Credit Facilities

In April 2005, our wholly owned subsidiary, Tüprag Metal Madencilik Sanayi ve Ticaret A.S. ("Tüprag") entered into a \$65.0 million term revolving credit facility (the "Revolving Credit Facility") with HSBC due February 28, 2010. The Revolving Credit Facility is secured by Eldorado cash deposits in restricted accounts equivalent to the HSBC advances to Tüprag. The Revolving Credit Facility bears interest fixed at the prevailing LIBOR on the date of the draw plus 1.25%. The Revolving Credit Facility can be drawn down in minimum tranches of \$1.0 million plus multiples of \$0.25 million. As at March 31, 2008, the Company has drawn \$60.0 million in seven tranches at a weighted average interest rate of 5.47%. Each tranche has a maturity of approximately 13 months.

At March 31, 2008, \$5.0 million remained available under the Revolving Credit Facility.

In November 2007, our 90% owned subsidiary, Qinghai Dachaidan Mining Limited ("QDML") entered into a \$15.0 million revolving facility ("the Facility") with HSBC Bank (China). The Facility has a term of one year and is subject to review and renewal annually. The Facility is secured by way of an irrevocable letter of credit drawn on HSBC Bank USA, National Association ("HSBC"). Eldorado should maintain at all times a security coverage ratio of 105% of the amounts drawn down. The letter of credit has an expiry date of November 8, 2008 and is secured by Eldorado's funds held by HSBC as restricted cash. The Facility can be drawn down in minimum tranches of \$0.1 million. Each drawdown bears interest fixed at the prevailing lending rate stipulated by the People's Bank of China with a 10% markdown. As at March 31, 2008, the Company has drawn down \$10.5 million (RMB 73.5 million) at a weighted average interest rate of 5.994%. This amount was paid in full on April 2, 2008 and the letter of credit was released.

Sino Gold Loan

Payment of the third \$0.4 million annual instalment on the Sino Gold loan was made on December 7, 2007, resulting in an outstanding balance at March 31, 2008 of \$0.5 million.

Equity

At March 31, 2008, Eldorado had 344.6 million (Q1 2007 – 344.2 million) common shares issued and outstanding. Since March 31, options have been exercised with respect to 0.3 million shares for a total cash consideration of approximately \$1.4 million.

11. Summary of Quarterly Results

				Three mont	ths ended			
•	Marcl	h 31	Decemb	per 31	Septem	ber 31	June	30
(US\$000*s)	2008	2007	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006
Total revenue	\$ 72,519	\$ 43,488	\$ 28,512	\$ 31,273	\$ 40,038	\$ 30,723	\$ 76,662	\$ 13,265
Net income (loss)	\$ 20,737	\$ 12,582	\$ (9,105)	\$ 5,342	\$ 5,213	\$ 5,199	\$ 26,731	\$ 215
Earnings Per Share								
Basic	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.03)	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.00
Diluted	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.04	\$ (0.00)	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.02	\$ 0.08	\$ 0.00

THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

12. Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

None.

13. Critical Accounting Estimates

We use the following critical accounting estimates:

Reserves and Resources

Mineral reserves and resources are calculated in accordance with National Instrument 43-101, as required by Canadian Securities regulatory authorities. For United States reporting purposes, Industry Guide 7 (under the *Securities Exchange Act* of 1934, as interpreted by the staff of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC")) applies different standards to classify mineralization as a reserve.

We advise our investors that while the terms "mineral resource," "measured mineral resource," "indicated mineral resource" and "inferred mineral resource" are recognized and required by Canadian regulations, they are not defined terms under standards in the United States and normally are not permitted to be used in reports and registration statements filed with the SEC. As such, information contained in this report concerning descriptions of mineralization and resources required under Canadian standards may not be comparable to similar information made public by US companies in SEC filings. Investors are cautioned not to assume that any part or all of the mineral deposits in these categories will ever be converted into reserves.

Recoverable Values

Where information is available and conditions suggest impairment of long-lived assets, estimated future net cash flows from each property are calculated using estimated future gold prices; proven and probable reserves; value beyond proven and probable reserves; operating, capital and reclamation costs; and estimated proceeds from the disposition of assets on an undiscounted basis.

Operating Costs

We report our operating costs in accordance with the Gold Institute Standard. Future operating costs include estimates of foreign currency exchange and inflation trends.

Stock-Based Compensation

We use the Black-Scholes Model to determine the fair value for awards of stock options to employees, officers and directors.

Asset Retirement Obligation

When assessing the carrying value of the asset retirement obligation, we estimate, among other things, the mine closure date and the credit-adjusted risk-free rate.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are recorded using income tax rates expected to apply in the years in which the temporary differences are estimated to be recovered or settled. In circumstances where the applicable tax laws and regulations are either unclear or subject to varying interpretations, it is reasonably possible that changes in these estimates could occur that would materially affect the amount of income tax liabilities recorded at the balance sheet date.

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Financial Instruments

Investments classified as held for trading and derivative financial instruments are reported at fair value with unrealized gains or losses included in earnings. Fair values are determined directly by reference to published price quotations in an active market when available, or by using a valuation technique that uses inputs observed from the market.

14. Future Canadian Accounting Pronouncements

The CICA has issued a new standard that may affect Eldorado's financial disclosures and results of operations for the interim and annual periods beginning January 1, 2009. We will adopt this standard beginning in the interim period ended March 31, 2009 and are considering the impact this will have on our financial statements.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Section 3064

In February 2008, the CICA issued Section 3064, "Goodwill and Intangible Assets", which replaces Section 3062, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets". This new standard provides guidance on the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of goodwill and intangible assets and is effective beginning January 1, 2009. Concurrent with the adoption of this standard, EIC-27, "Revenues and Expenditures in the Pre-operating Period", will be withdrawn. This will result in a change to our accounting for the start-up of mining operations, as pre-commercial production costs will no longer be capitalized as an asset. We are currently assessing the impact on our consolidated financial statements.

15. Risks and Uncertainties

Gold Price

Eldorado's profitability is linked to the price of gold because our revenues are derived primarily from gold mining. We estimate the future price of gold based on historical trends and published forecasted estimates. Gold prices are affected by numerous factors beyond our control, including central bank sales, producer hedging activities, the relative exchange rate of the US dollar with other major currencies, global and regional demand and political and economic conditions. Worldwide gold production levels also affect gold prices, and the price of gold is occasionally subject to rapid short-term changes due to speculative activities.

Exploration and Development

The costs and results of our exploration and development programs affect Eldorado's profitability and value. Since mines have finite lives based on proven reserves, we actively seek to replace and expand our reserves, primarily through acquisitions, exploration and development of our existing operations, and recognizance exploration. Exploration for minerals involves many risks and may not result in any new economically viable mining operations or yield new reserves to replace and expand current reserves. Determining reserves is a process of estimation and, as such, reserve calculations are subject to the assumptions and limitations of the estimation process.

Acquiring title to mineral properties is a detailed and time-consuming process. We take steps, in accordance with industry standards, to verify and secure legal title to mineral properties in which we have or are seeking an interest.

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THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

Although we take every precaution to ensure that legal title to our properties is properly recorded in the name of Eldorado, there can be no assurance that such title will ultimately be secured on every property. The legal title to our properties depends on the appropriate and consistent application of the laws in the countries in which we operate.

Capital and Operations

The business of gold mining involves many operational risks and hazards. Through high operational standards, an emphasis on hiring and training appropriately skilled personnel and operational improvements, we work to reduce the risks associated with our projects. We also maintain adequate insurance to cover normal business risk.

In addition, we rely on a number of key employees. Our success depends on attracting and retaining qualified personnel in a competitive labour environment.

Further exploration and development of mineral resource properties or acquisitions beyond our current operations may require additional capital. Accordingly, the continuing development of our projects will depend on our ability to generate cash flow from our operations and/or obtain financing through joint venture projects, debt financing and equity financing or other means. There is no assurance that we will be successful in obtaining the required financing.

Environment

Our activities are subject to extensive federal, provincial, state and local laws and regulations governing environmental protection and employee health and safety. We must obtain governmental permits and provide associated financial assurance to carry on certain activities. We are also subject to various reclamation-related conditions imposed under federal, state or provincial air, water quality and mine reclamation rules and permits.

While we have budgeted for future capital and operating expenditures to maintain compliance with environmental laws and permits, any future changes to these laws could adversely affect Eldorado's financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

Laws and Regulations

Eldorado's mining operations and exploration activities are subject to extensive federal, provincial, state and local laws and regulations governing prospecting, development, production, exports, taxes, labour standards, occupational health and safety, mine safety and other matters. These laws and regulations are subject to change, which may restrict our ability to operate. We draw on the expertise and commitment of our management team, advisors, employees and contractors to ensure compliance with current laws, and we foster a climate of open communication and co-operation with regulatory bodies.

Litigation

All industries, including the mining industry, are subject to legal claims, with and without merit. In addition to the litigation in Turkey described under Item 7 – Legal of this MD&A and under the heading "Regional Review – Turkey" in our Annual Information Form and the litigation risks discussed therein, we are also involved in various other legal proceedings. Defence and settlement costs can be substantial, even with respect to claims that have no merit. Due to the inherent uncertainty of the litigation process, there can be no assurance that the resolution of any particular legal proceeding will not have a material adverse effect on our future cash flow, results of operations or financial condition.

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THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

Currency Fluctuations

We operate in numerous countries – including Canada, Turkey, China and Brazil – and we are therefore affected by currency fluctuations in these jurisdictions.

Political Risk

Eldorado conducts operations in a number of countries outside of North America, namely Turkey, China and Brazil. These operations are potentially subject to a number of political, economic and other risks that may affect our future operations and financial position.

16. Non-GAAP Measures

Throughout this document, we have provided measures prepared according to Canadian GAAP, as well as some non-GAAP performance measures. Because the non-GAAP performance measures do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP, they may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. We provide these non-GAAP measures as they are used by some investors to evaluate Eldorado's performance. Accordingly, they are intended to provide additional information and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP. We have defined the non-GAAP measures below and reconciled them to reported GAAP measures.

Unit Costs

A reconciliation of cash operating costs calculated in accordance with the Gold Institute Standard to the cost of sales is included below:

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Casii	operaung	COST

Cash operating cost		
	2008	2007
	Q1	Q1
Gold ounces sold	73,604	64,177
Operating costs	\$19,819	\$15,065
Royalty expense and production taxes	(3,665)	(948)
Effects of inventory adjustments	(19)	439
Fair value of stock option grants	(434)	(432)
Cash operating cost	15,701	14,124
Cash operating cost per ounce	\$ 213	\$ 220

Cash operating costs are calculated in accordance with the Gold Institute Standard. Cash costs are derived from amounts included in the Consolidated Statements of Operations.

17. Other MD&A Requirements

Additional information relating to Eldorado, including our Annual Information Form, is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

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18. Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

The following table describes the share capital structure as at April 30, 2008, the date of this MD&A. These figures may be subject to minor accounting adjustments prior to presentations in future consolidated financial statements.

Weighted average exercise price per share of common common shares

Common shares
Share purchase options

Weighted average exercise price per share of common shares

Total number of common shares

344,921,985

10,318,834

19. Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Eldorado's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. Any system of internal control over financial reporting, no matter how well designed, has inherent limitations. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. There have been no changes in Eldorado's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended March 31, 2008 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, internal control over financial reporting.

20. Cautionary Statement on Forward-Looking Information

Certain statements and information in this MD&A, including all statements that are not historical facts, contain forward-looking statements and forward-looking information within the meaning of applicable US and Canadian securities laws. Such forward-looking statements or information include, but are not limited to, statements or information with respect to financial disclosure, the future price of gold, estimation of mineral reserves and exploration and development capital requirements, and our goals and strategies. Often, these statements include words such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate" or "believes" or variations of such words and phrases or statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will" be taken, occur or be achieved.

With respect to forward-looking statements and the information included in this MD&A, we have made numerous assumptions, including, among other things, assumptions about the price of gold, anticipated costs and expenditures and our ability to achieve our goals, even though our management believes that the assumptions made and the expectations represented by such statements or information will prove to be accurate. By their nature, forward-looking statements and information are based on assumptions and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual results, performance or achievements, or industry results, to be materially different from future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking information. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors include among other things the following: gold price volatility; discrepancies between actual and estimated production and mineral reserves and resources; the speculative nature of gold exploration; mining operational and development risk; and regulatory risks.

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THREE-MONTH PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2008

See our Annual Information Form and our quarterly and annual MD&A for additional information on risks, uncertainties and other factors relating to the forward-looking statements and information. Although we have attempted to identify factors that would cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those disclosed in the forward-looking statements or information, there may be other factors that cause actual results, performances, achievements or events not to be anticipated, estimated or intended. Also, many of the factors are beyond our control. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements or information. We undertake no obligation to reissue or update forward-looking statements or information as a result of new information or events after the date of this MD&A except as may be required by law. All forward-looking statements and information made in this document are qualified by this cautionary statement.

Eldorado's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP") and are filed with appropriate regulatory authorities in Canada and the United States.

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