# **UNITED STATES** SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

## **FORM 10-Q**

| <b>QUARTERLY REPORT PUR</b> OF THE SECURITIES E  | SUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)<br>XCHANGE ACT OF 1934   |
|--|---|
| For the quarterly period   | l ended June 25, 2016   |
| ☐ TRANSITION REPORT PUR<br>OF THE SECURITIES E   | SUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d)<br>XCHANGE ACT OF 1934   |
| For the Transition Pe  | riod from to  |
| Commission File  | Number 0-17795  |
| CIRRUS LO  | OGIC, INC.  |
| (Exact name of registrant  | as specified in its charter)  |
| DELAWARE   | 77-0024818  |
| ( State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)  | (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)  |
|  | 5 <sup>th</sup> Street,<br>FX 78701   |
| (Address of princip  | pal executive offices)  |
| Registrant's telephone number, in  | cluding area code: (512) 851-4000   |
| the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding   | filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was ch filing requirements for the past 90 days. YES ☑ NO □      |
| any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted a  | omitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if nd posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a larg<br>filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "l<br>reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. | ge accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," and "smaller   |
| Large accelerated filer ✓ Accelerated filer □  | Non-accelerated filer $\square$ Smaller reporting company $\square$   |
| Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a she YES $\square$ NO $\square$  | ll company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act).  |
| The number of shares of the registrant's common stock was 62, 480, 659.  | k, \$0. 00 1 par value, outstanding as of J uly 22, 201 6   |
|  |   |

## CIRRUS LOGIC, INC.

## FORM 10-Q QUARTERLY REPORT

## QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 25,2016

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## Part I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# CIRRUS LOGIC, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS

(in thousands)

|  | <u></u> | June 25,<br>2016<br>unaudited) | <br>March 26,<br>2016 |
|--|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Assets                                     |         |                                |                       |
| Current assets:                            |         |                                |                       |
| Cash and cash equivalents                  | \$      | 143,591                        | \$<br>168,793         |
| Marketable securities                      |         | 91,090                         | 60,582                |
| Accounts receivable, net                   |         | 140,893                        | 88,532                |
| Inventories                                |         | 154,043                        | 142,015               |
| Prepaid assets                             |         | 27,815                         | 29,924                |
| Other current assets                       |         | 16,291                         | 16,283                |
| Total current assets                       |         | 573,723                        | 506,129               |
| Long-term marketable securities            |         | 3,923                          | 20,631                |
| Property and equipment, net                |         | 160,875                        | 162,656               |
| Intangibles, net                           |         | 156,949                        | 162,832               |
| Goodwill                                   |         | 287,518                        | 287,518               |
| Deferred tax assets                        |         | 27,334                         | 25,772                |
| Other assets                               |         | 14,776                         | 16,345                |
| Total assets                               | \$      | 1,225,098                      | \$<br>1,181,883       |
| Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity       |         |                                |                       |
| Current liabilities:                       |         |                                |                       |
| Accounts payable                           | \$      | 105,138                        | \$<br>71,619          |
| Accrued salaries and benefits              |         | 21,854                         | 21,239                |
| Software license agreements                |         | 14,621                         | 20,308                |
| Other accrued liabilities                  |         | 16,447                         | 14,958                |
| Total current liabilities                  |         | 158,060                        | 128,124               |
| Long-term liabilities:                     |         |                                |                       |
| Debt                                       |         | 160,439                        | 160,439               |
| Software license agreements                |         | 5,436                          | 8,136                 |
| Other long-term liabilities                |         | 29,419                         | 25,701                |
| Total long-term liabilities                |         | 195,294                        | 194,276               |
|  |         |                                |                       |
| Stockholders' equity:                      |         | 1 215 740                      | 1 202 406             |
| Capital stock                              |         | 1,215,749                      | 1,203,496             |
| Accumulated deficit                        |         | (344,564)                      | (344,345)             |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income     |         | 559                            | <br>332               |
| Total stockholders' equity                 |         | 871,744                        | <br>859,483           |
| Total liabilities and stockholders' equity | \$      | 1,225,098                      | \$<br>1,181,883       |

The ac company ing notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

# CIRRUS LOGIC, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

(in thousands, except per share amounts; unaudited)

|  | -  | Three Months Ended |    |          |  |  |  |
|--|----|--------------------|----|----------|--|--|--|
|  |    | June 25,           | J  | June 27, |  |  |  |
|  |    | 2016               |    | 2015     |  |  |  |
| Net sales  | \$ | 259,428            | \$ | 282,633  |  |  |  |
| Cost of sales                                      |    | 132,743            |    | 150,179  |  |  |  |
| Gross profit                                       |    | 126,685            |    | 132,454  |  |  |  |
| Operating expenses                                 |    |                    |    |          |  |  |  |
| Research and development                           |    | 73,934             |    | 65,835   |  |  |  |
| Selling, general and administrative                |    | 30,540             |    | 29,119   |  |  |  |
| Patent agreement and other                         |    | -                  |    | (12,500) |  |  |  |
| Total operating expenses                           |    | 104,474            |    | 82,454   |  |  |  |
| Income from operations                             |    | 22,211             |    | 50,000   |  |  |  |
| Interest income                                    |    | 267                |    | 254      |  |  |  |
| Interest expense                                   |    | (956)              |    | (999)    |  |  |  |
| Other income                                       |    | 147                |    | 243      |  |  |  |
| Income before income taxes                         |    | 21,669             |    | 49,498   |  |  |  |
| Provision for income taxes                         |    | 5,805              |    | 16,144   |  |  |  |
| Net income   |    | 15,864             |    | 33,354   |  |  |  |
| Basic earnings per share                           | \$ | 0.25               | \$ | 0.53     |  |  |  |
| Diluted earnings per share                         | \$ | 0.24               | \$ | 0.50     |  |  |  |
| Basic weighted average common shares outstanding   |    | 62,450             |    | 63,274   |  |  |  |
| Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding |    | 65,232             |    | 66,410   |  |  |  |

The ac company ing notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

### CIRRUS LOGIC, INC.

## CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in thousands; unaudited)

|   | Three Mo  | nths Ended |
|---|-----------|------------|
|   | June 25,  | June 27,   |
|   | 2016      | 2015       |
| Net income  | 15,864    | 33,354     |
| Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax           |           |            |
| Foreign currency translation                            | 188       | (783)      |
| Unrealized gain (loss) on marketable securities         | 67        | (148)      |
| Reclassification of actuarial (gain) loss to net income | (27)      | 16         |
| Benefit (provision) for income taxes                    | (1)       | 52         |
| Comprehensive income                                    | \$ 16,091 | \$ 32,491  |

The ac company ing notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements.

# CIRRUS LOGIC, INC. CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(in thousands; unaudited)

|   | Three Months Ended |                  |    |                  |  |
|---|--------------------|------------------|----|------------------|--|
|   |                    | June 25,<br>2016 |    | June 27,<br>2015 |  |
| Cash flows from operating activities:   |                    |                  |    |                  |  |
| Net income  | \$                 | 15,864           | \$ | 33,354           |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities: |                    |                  |    |                  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization   |                    | 17,912           |    | 13,388           |  |
| Stock compensation expense  |                    | 9,310            |    | 8,272            |  |
| Deferred income taxes   |                    | 797              |    | 12,769           |  |
| Loss on retirement or write-off of long-lived assets                              |                    | 95               |    | 156              |  |
| Actuarial (gain) loss amortization on defined benefit pension plan                |                    | (3)              |    | 16               |  |
| Excess tax benefit from employee stock awards                                     |                    | (530)            |    | -                |  |
| Other non-cash charges  |                    | 107              |    | 3,884            |  |
| Net change in operating assets and liabilities:                                   |                    |                  |    |                  |  |
| Accounts receivable, net  |                    | (52,361)         |    | (8,230)          |  |
| Inventories   |                    | (12,028)         |    | (41,999)         |  |
| Other current assets  |                    | 1,380            |    | 2,792            |  |
| Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities                                    |                    | 29,283           |    | 20,149           |  |
| Deferred income   |                    | -                |    | (1,369)          |  |
| Income taxes payable  |                    | 2,400            |    | -                |  |
| Net cash provided by operating activities   |                    | 12,226           |    | 43,182           |  |
| Cash flows from investing activities:   |                    |                  |    |                  |  |
| Maturities and sales of available for sale marketable securities                  |                    | 30,987           |    | 36,017           |  |
| Purchases of available for sale marketable securities                             |                    | (44,743)         |    | (22,649)         |  |
| Purchases of property, equipment and software                                     |                    | (7,145)          |    | (10,601)         |  |
| Investments in technology   |                    | (3,387)          |    | (1,816)          |  |
| Increase in deposits and other assets   |                    | -                |    | (232)            |  |
| Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities                               |                    | (24,288)         |    | 719              |  |
| Cash flows from financing activities:   |                    |                  |    |                  |  |
| Principal payments on long-term revolver  |                    | -                |    | (20,000)         |  |
| Issuance of common stock, net of shares withheld for taxes                        |                    | 2,414            |    | 2,661            |  |
| Repurchase of stock to satisfy employee tax withholding obligations               |                    | (644)            |    | (432)            |  |
| Repurchase and retirement of common stock   |                    | (15,440)         |    | -                |  |
| Excess tax benefit from employee stock awards                                     |                    | 530              |    | -                |  |
| Net cash used in financing activities   |                    | (13,140)         |    | (17,771)         |  |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents                              |                    | (25,202)         |    | 26,130           |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period                                  |                    | 168,793          |    | 76,401           |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period  | \$                 | 143,591          | \$ | 102,531          |  |

The ac company ing notes are an integral part of these consolidated condensed financial statements .

# CIRRUS LOGIC, INC. NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (unaudited)

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The consolidated condensed financial statements have been prepared by Cirrus Logic, Inc. ("Cirrus Logic," "we," "us," "our," or the "Company") pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission"). The accompanying unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements do not include complete footnotes and financial presentations. As a result, these financial statements should be read along with the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended March 26, 201 6, included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on May 25, 201 6. In our opinion, the financial statements reflect all material adjustments, including normal recurring adjustments, necessary for a fair presentation of the financial position, operating results and cash flows for those periods presented. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with United States ("U.S.") generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses, as well as disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions. Moreover, the results of operations for the interim periods presented are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the entire year. Additionally, prior period amounts have been adjusted to conform to current year presentation.

#### 2. Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC Topic 606). The purpose of this ASU is to converge revenue recognition requirements per GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In A ugust 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date after public comment respondents support ed a proposal to delay the effective date of this ASU to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU on its financial statements and expects no material modifications.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, *Presentation of Financial Statements—Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern*. The amendments in this ASU provide guidance in GAAP about management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related footnote disclosures. The amendments are effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating this ASU and expects no material modifications to its financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, Interest—Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs. The amendments in this update require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability are presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability and that the amortization of debt issuance costs is reported as interest expense. ASU 2015-03 is to be applied retrospectively and represents a change in accounting principle. In August 2015, the FASB issued FASB ASU No. 2015-15, Interest—Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements. ASU 2015-15 clarified the presentation and subsequent measurement of debt issuance costs related to a line-of-credit arrangement may be presented in the balance sheet as an asset and subsequently amortized ratably over the term of the arrangement regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings. Both ASU 2015-03 and ASU 2015-15 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim

periods within those fiscal years. Earlier adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The Company adopt ed these ASUs in the current fiscal quarter.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-04, Compensation – Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Practical Expedient for the Measure ment Date of an Employer's Defined Benefit Obligation and Plan Assets. The ASU is part of the FASB's "Simplification Initiative" to reduce complexity in accounting standards. The FASB decided to permit entities to measure defined benefit plan assets and obligations as of the month-end that is closest to their fiscal year-end. An entity is required to disclose the accounting policy election and the date used to measure defined benefit plan assets and obligations in accordance with the amendments in this u pdate. The amendments in this u pdate are effective for public business entities for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with earlier application permitted. The Company adopted this ASU in the current fiscal quarter, with no modifications to its financial statements. The Company's plan assets and obligations are measured as of the fiscal year-end.

In July 2015, ASU No. 2015-11, *Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory* was issued. This ASU requires companies to subsequently measure inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value versus the previous lower of cost or market. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years, to be applied prospectively. Early application is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating this ASU and expects no material modifications to its financial statements as a result.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The FASB issued this u pdate to increase transparency and comparability by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key leasing arrangement details. Lessees would recognize operating leases on the balance sheet under this ASU — with the future lease payment s recognized as a liability, measured at present value, and the right-of-use asset recognized for the lease term. A single lease cost would be recognized over the lease term. For terms less than twelve months, a lessee would be permitted to make an accounting policy election to recognize lease expense for such leases generally on a straight-line basis over the lease term. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. This ASU requires all excess tax benefits and deficiencies to be recognized as income tax expense / benefit in the income statement and presented as an operating activity in the statement of cash flows. Forfeitures can be calculated based on either the estimated number of awards that are expected to vest, as required by current guidance, or when forfeitures actually occur. This ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted, but all of the described amendments must be adopted in the same period and any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year if adopted in an interim period. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU.

#### 3. Marketable Securities

The Company's investments that have original maturities greater than 90 days have been classified as available-for-sale securities in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Marketable securities are categorized on the consolidated condensed balance sheet as short- and long-term marketable securities, as appropriate.

The following table is a summary of available-for-sale securities at June 25, 2016 (in thousands):

|                           |    |           |    |        |                |        | Est | timated       |  |  |
|---------------------------|----|-----------|----|--------|----------------|--------|-----|---------------|--|--|
|                           |    |           | Gr | Gross  |                | ross   | Fai | r Value       |  |  |
|                           | An | Amortized |    | alized | zed Unrealized |        |     | (Net Carrying |  |  |
| As of June 25, 2016       |    | Cost      |    | Gains  |                | Losses |     | Amount)       |  |  |
| Corporate debt securities | \$ | 58,235    | \$ | 10     | \$             | (20)   | \$  | 58,225        |  |  |
| Commercial paper          |    | 36,808    |    | -      |                | (20)   |     | 36,788        |  |  |
| Total securities          | \$ | 95,043    | \$ | 10     | \$             | (40)   | \$  | 95,013        |  |  |

The Company's specifically identified gross unrealized losses of \$ 40 thousand relate to 13 different securities with total amortized cost of approximately \$ 63.0 million at June 2 5 , 201 6 . Six securities had been in a continuous unrealized loss position for more than 12 months as of June 25, 2016. The gross unrealized loss on the se securities was less than one-tenth of one percent of the position value. Because the Company does not intend to sell the investments at a loss and it is not more likely than not that the Company will be required to sell the investments before recovery of its amortized cost basis, it did not consider the investment in these securities to be other-than - temporarily impaired at June 25, 2016 .

The following table is a summary of available e-for-sale securities at March 26, 2016 (in thousands):

|                           |    |           |     |                      |    |       | Est | timated |               |  |  |
|---------------------------|----|-----------|-----|----------------------|----|-------|-----|---------|---------------|--|--|
|                           |    |           | Gro | SS                   | G  | ross  | Fai | r Value |               |  |  |
|                           | An | Amortized |     | Amortized Unrealized |    | lized | Unr | ealized | (Net Carrying |  |  |
| As of March 26, 2016      |    | Cost      | Gai | ns                   | L  | osses | Aı  | mount)  |               |  |  |
| Corporate debt securities | \$ | 81,310    | \$  | 3                    | \$ | (100) | \$  | 81,213  |               |  |  |

The Company's specifically identified gross unrealized losses of \$ 100 thousand relate to 21 different securities with total amortized cost of approximately \$ 64.7 million at March 2 6 , 201 6 . Two securities had been in a continuous loss position for more than 12 months as of March 26, 2016. One of these securities matured in the current fiscal quarter, with the other maturing in the second quarter of fiscal year 2017. Because the Company did not intend to sell the investments at a loss and it was not more likely than not that the Company would be required to sell the investments before recovery of its amortized cost basis, it did not consider the investment in these securities to be other-than- temporarily impaired at March 26, 2016 .

The cost and estimated fair value of available-for-sale securities by contractual maturities were as follows (in thousands):

|               |    | June 2           | 5, 2016 |        |    | March             | 26, 2 | 2016                    |
|---------------|----|------------------|---------|--------|----|-------------------|-------|-------------------------|
|               | An | nortized<br>Cost |         |        | A  | Amortized<br>Cost |       | Estimated<br>Fair Value |
| Within 1 year | \$ | 91,109           | \$      | 91,090 | \$ | 60,603            | \$    | 60,582                  |
| After 1 year  |    | 3,934            |         | 3,923  |    | 20,707            |       | 20,631                  |
| Total         | \$ | 95,043           | \$      | 95,013 | \$ | 81,310            | \$    | 81,213                  |

#### 4. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company has determined that the only assets and liabilities in the Company's financial statements that are required to be measured at fair value on a recurring basis are the Company's cash equivalents , investment portfolio , pension plan assets / liabilities and contingent consideration . The Company defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company applies the following fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value into three levels and bases the categorization within the hierarchy upon the lowest level of input that is available and significant to the fair value measurement. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets

for identical assets (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than Level 1 that are observable, either directly or indirectly, such as
  quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other
  inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the
  full term of the assets or liabilities.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The Company's cash equivalents and investment portfolio assets consist of corporate debt securities, money market funds, U.S. Treasury securities, and commercial paper and are reflected on our consolidated condensed balance sheet s under the headings cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, and long-term marketable securities. The Company determines the fair value of its investment portfolio assets by obtaining non-binding market prices from its third-party portfolio managers on the last day of the quarter, whose sources may use quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1 inputs) or inputs other than quoted prices that are observable either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs) in determining fair value.

In connection with one of the Company's second quarter fiscal year 2016 acquisitions, the Company re p or t ed contingent consideration based upon achievement of certain milestones. This liability is classified as Level 3 and valued using a discounted cash flow model. The assumptions used in preparing the discounted cash flow include discount rate estimates and cash flow amounts. See additional details below.

The Company's long-term revolving facility, described in Note 7, bears interest at a base rate plus applicable margin or LIBOR plus applicable margin. As of June 25, 2016, the fair value of the Company's long-term revolving facility approximates carrying value.

As of June 25, 201 6 and March 26, 201 6, the Company classified all of its investment portfolio and pension plan assets and liabilities as Level 1 or Level 2 as s ets and liabilities. The only Level 3 liability is the contingent consideration described above and below. The Company has no Level 3 assets. There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 measurements for the three month s ending June 25, 201 6.

The following summarizes the fair value of our financial instruments, exclusive of pension plan assets and liabilities, at June 25, 2016, (in thousands):

|                               | in<br>Ma<br>Io | Markets for C<br>Identical Obs<br>Assets I |    | gnificant<br>Other<br>servable<br>Inputs<br>Level 2 | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>Level 3 |       | Total        |
|-------------------------------|----------------|--|----|---|--|-------|--------------|
| Assets:                       |                |  |    |   |  |       |              |
| Cash equivalents              |                |  |    |   |  |       |              |
| Money market funds            | \$             | 76,881                                     | \$ | -   | \$   | -     | \$<br>76,881 |
| Corporate debt securities     |                | -  |    | 5,010   |  | -     | 5,010        |
|                               | \$             | 76,881                                     | \$ | 5,010   | \$   | -     | \$<br>81,891 |
| Available-for-sale securities |                |  |    |   |  |       |              |
| Corporate debt securities     | \$             | -  | \$ | 58,225  | \$   | -     | \$<br>58,225 |
| Commercial paper              |                | -  |    | 36,788  |  | -     | 36,788       |
|                               | \$             | -  | \$ | 95,013  | \$   | -     | \$<br>95,013 |
| Liabilities:                  |                |  |    |   |  |       |              |
| Other accrued liabilities     |                |  |    |   |  |       |              |
| Contingent consideration      | \$             | -  | \$ | -   | \$   | 4,793 | \$<br>4,793  |
| Other long-term liabilities   |                |  |    |   |  |       |              |
| Contingent consideration      | \$             | -  | \$ | -   | \$   | 4,441 | \$<br>4,441  |
|                               |                |  |    |   |  |       |              |

The following summarized the fair value of  $\,$  our financial instruments at March 2 6 , 201 6 ,  $\,$  exclusive of pension plan assets and liabilities (in thousands):

|                               | i<br>M<br>I | Quoted<br>Prices<br>in Active<br>Markets for<br>Identical<br>Assets<br>Level 1 |    | Significant<br>Other<br>Observable<br>Inputs<br>Level 2 |    | Significant<br>Unobservable<br>Inputs<br>Level 3 |    | Total  |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--|----|---|----|--|----|--------|
| Cash equivalents              |             |  |    | ,   |    |  |    |        |
| Money market funds            | \$          | 79,256   | \$ | -   | \$ | -  | \$ | 79,256 |
| Available-for-sale securities |             |  |    |   |    |  |    |        |
| Corporate debt securities     | \$          | -  | \$ | 81,213  | \$ | -  | \$ | 81,213 |
| Liabilities:                  |             |  |    |   |    |  |    |        |
| Other accrued liabilities     |             |  |    |   |    |  |    |        |
| Contingent consideration      | \$          | -  | \$ | -   | \$ | 4,709  | \$ | 4,709  |
| Other long-term liabilities   |             |  |    |   |    |  |    |        |
| Contingent consideration      | \$          | -  | \$ | -   | \$ | 4,359  | \$ | 4,359  |

### Contingent consideration

The following summarizes the fair value of the contingent consideration at June 25, 2016:

|                                      | Maximum Value if Milestones Achieved (in thousands) | Estimated<br>Discount Rate<br>(%) | Fair Value (in thousands) |
|--------------------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Tranche A - 18 month earn out period | \$<br>5,000   | 7.3                               | \$<br>4,793               |
| Tranche B - 30 month earn out period | 5,000   | 7.7                               | 4,441                     |
| ·                                    | \$<br>10,000  |                                   | \$<br>9,234               |

|  | <br>Ionths Ended<br>une 25,<br>2016 |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Beginning balance  | \$<br>9,068                         |
| Loss recognized in earnings (research and development expense) | 166                                 |
| Ending balance   | \$<br>9,234                         |

The valuation of contingent consideration was initially based on a weighted-average discounted cash flows model. The fair value is reviewed and estimated on a quarterly basis based on the probability of achieving defined milestones and current interest rates. Significant changes in any of the unobservable inputs used in the fair value measurement of contingent consideration could result in a significantly lower or higher fair value. A change in projected outcomes if milestones are achieved would be accompanied by a directionally similar change in fair value. A change in discount rate would be accompanied by a directionally opposite change in fair value. Changes to the fair value due to changes in assumptions would be reported in research and development expense in the consolidated c ondensed s tatements of i ncome. No such changes to the observable inputs were noted in the current fiscal quarter.

#### 5. Accounts Receivable, net

The following are the components of accounts receivable, net (in thousands):

|                                 | J  | June 25,<br>2016 | N  | Iarch 26,<br>2016 |
|---------------------------------|----|------------------|----|-------------------|
| Gross accounts receivable       | \$ | 141,457          | \$ | 89,007            |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts |    | (564)            |    | (475)             |
| Accounts receivable, net        | \$ | 140,893          | \$ | 88,532            |

#### 6. Inventories

Inventories are comprised of the following (in thousands):

|                 | June 25,      | Ma | arch 26, |
|-----------------|---------------|----|----------|
|                 | 2016          |    | 2016     |
| Work in process | \$<br>84,064  | \$ | 67,827   |
| Finished goods  | 69,979        |    | 74,188   |
|                 | \$<br>154,043 | \$ | 142,015  |

#### 7. Revolving Credit Facilities

On August 29, 2014, Cirrus Logic entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, and the Lenders party thereto.

The Credit Agreement provides for a \$250 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Facility replaced Cirrus Logic's i nterim c redit facility, and may be used for general corporate purposes. The Credit Facility mature s on August 29, 2017.

The Credit Facility is required to be guaranteed by all of Cirrus Logic's material domestic subsidiaries (the "Subsidiary Guarantors"). The Credit Facility is secured by substantially all of the assets of Cirrus Logic and any Subsidiary Guarantors, except for certain excluded assets. Borrowings under the Credit Facility may, at Cirrus Logic's election, bear interest at either (a) a Base Rate plus the Applicable Margin ("Base Rate Loans") or (b) a LIBOR Rate plus the Applicable Margin ("LIBOR Rate Loans"). The Applicable Margin ranges from 0% to 0 .25% per annum for Base Rate Loans and 1.50% to 2.00% per annum for LIBOR Rate Loans based on Cirrus Logic's Leverage Ratio (discussed below). A Commitment Fee accrues at a rate per annum ranging from 0.25% to 0.35% (based on the Leverage Ratio) on the average daily unused portion of the Commitment of the Lenders.

The Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative covenants, including, among others, covenants regarding the payment of taxes and other obligations, maintenance of insurance, reporting requirements and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Further, the Credit Agreement contains customary negative covenants limiting the ability of Cirrus Logic or any s ubsidiary to, among other things, incur debt, grant liens, make investments, effect certain fundamental changes, make certain asset dispositions, and make certain restricted payments. The Credit Facility also contains certain financial covenants providing that (a) the ratio of consolidated funded indebtedness to consolidated EBITDA for the prior four consecutive quarters must not be greater than 2.00 to 1.00 (the "Leverage Ratio") and (b) the sum of cash and Cash Equivalents of Cirrus Logic and its s ubsidiaries on a consolidated basis must not be less than \$100 million.

On June 23, 2015, Cirrus Logic and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, entered into a first amendment of the Credit Agreement (the "First Amendment"). The First Amendment primarily provides additional flexibility to the Company for certain intercompany transactions. In particular, the First Amendment (i) amended the definition of "Permitted Acquisition" to increase the threshold whereby the Company must provide certain financial statements and certifications to the Administrative Agent; (ii) expanded the Company's ability to make intercompany investments, in cluding unsecured intercompany i ndebtedness to fund a Permitted Acquisition; and (iii) provided the Company with the ability, under cert ain circumstances, to transfer c apital s tock in a n on- g u arantor s ubsidiary to another w holly -owned subsidiary that is not a credit p arty.

At June 25, 2016, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the Credit Agreement. The Company had borrowed \$160.4 million under this facility as of June 25, 2016, which is included in long-term liabilities on the c onsolidated c ondensed b alance s heets under the caption "Debt." The borrowings were primarily used for re financing an interim credit facility.

On July 12, 2016, the Company entered into an amendment to the Credit Agreement for the purpose of increasing the Credit Facility to \$300 million and providing ongoing working capital. See Subsequent Event Note 15 for further details.

#### 8. Patent Agreement and Other

On May 8, 2015, we entered into a patent purchase agreement for the sale of certain Company- owned patents relating to our LED lighting products . As a result of this agreement, on June 22, 2015, the Company received cash consideration of \$12.5 million from the purchaser. Under the agreement, the Company undertook to no longer be engaged in LED lighting and received a license under the sold patents for all other fields of use. The proceeds were recorded during the first quarter of fiscal year 2016 as a recovery of costs previously incurred and are reflected as a separate line item on the c onsolidated c ondensed s tatements of i ncome in operating expenses under the caption "Patent agreement and other."

#### 9. Income Taxes

Our provision for income taxes is based on estimated effective tax rates derived from an estimate of annual consolidated earnings before taxes, adjusted for nondeductible expenses, other permanent items and any applicable credits.

The following table presents the provision for income taxes (in thousands) and the effective tax rates:

|                            | Three Months Ended |        |    |          |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------|----|----------|
|                            | June 25, June 27,  |        |    | June 27, |
|                            |                    | 2016   |    | 2015     |
| Income before income taxes | \$                 | 21,669 | \$ | 49,498   |
| Provision for income taxes | \$                 | 5,805  | \$ | 16,144   |
| Effective tax rate         |                    | 26.8%  |    | 32.6%    |

Our income tax expense for the first quarter of fiscal year 2017 was lower than the federal statutory rate primarily due to income in certain foreign jurisdictions taxed below the federal statutory rate and the U.S. R&D tax credit, partially offset by an increase in unrecognized tax benefits. Our income tax expense for the first quarter of fiscal year 2016 was below the federal statutory rate primarily due to income in certain foreign jurisdictions taxed below the federal statutory rate.

The Company record s unrecognized tax benefits for the estimated risk associated with tax positions taken on tax returns. At June 2 5, 2016, the Company had unrecognized tax benefits of \$20.1 million, all of which would impact the effective tax rate if recognized. The Company's total unrecognized tax benefits are classified as either "Other long-term liabilities" in the consolidated condensed balance sheets or as a reduction to deferred tax assets to the extent that the unrecognized tax benefit relates to deferred tax assets.

The Company recognize s interest and penalties related to unrecognized tax benefits in the provision for income taxes. The Company recognized an immaterial amount of interest in the provision for income taxes during the first three months of fiscal year 2017. As of June 25, 2016, the balance of accrued interest and penalties, net of tax was immaterial. No interest or penalties were recognized during the first three months of fiscal year 2016.

The Company believes it is reasonably possible that the gross unrecognized tax benefits could decrease by approximately \$2.3 million in the next 12 months due to the lapse of the statute of limitations applicable to a tax deduction claimed on a prior year tax return.

The Company and its subsidiaries are subject to U.S. federal income tax as well as income tax in multiple state and foreign jurisdictions. Fiscal years 2013 through 2016 remain open to examination by the major taxing jurisdictions to which the Company is subject, although carry forward attributes that were generated in tax years prior to fiscal year 2013 may be adjusted upon examination by the tax authorities if they have been, or will be, used in a future period. The Company is not currently under an income tax audit in any major taxing jurisdiction.

#### 10. Pension Plan

The components of the Company's net periodic pension expense for the three months ended  $\,$  June 25, 2016 and  $\,$  June 27, 2015  $\,$  are as follows (in thousands):

|                                       | Fiscal Years Ended |          |      |  |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|----------|------|--|
|                                       | Ju                 | June 27, |      |  |
|                                       |                    | 2016     | 2015 |  |
| Expenses                              | \$                 | - \$     | -    |  |
| Interest cost                         |                    | -        | -    |  |
| Expected return on plan assets        |                    | -        | -    |  |
| Amortization of actuarial loss (gain) |                    | (27)     | 16   |  |
|                                       | \$                 | (27) \$  | 16   |  |

Based on an actuarial study performed a s of March 26, 2016, the defined benefit pension plan is currently appropriately funded and a long-term—asset is reflected in the Company's consolidated condensed balance sheet under the caption "Other assets."

#### 11. Net Income Per Share

Basic net income per share is based on the weighted effect of common shares issued and outstanding and is calculated by dividing net income by the basic weighted average shares outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per share is calculated by dividing net income by the weighted average number of common shares used in the basic net income per share calculation, plus the equivalent number of common shares that would be issued assuming exercise or conversion of all potentially dilutive common shares outstanding. These potentially dilutive items consist primarily of the tax affected outstanding stock options and awards (including restricted stock units and market stock units).

The following table details the calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share for the three months ended June 25, 201 6 and June 27, 201 5 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

| Three Months Ended |          |  |                                      |
|--------------------|----------|--|--------------------------------------|
| June 25,<br>2016   |          | June 27,<br>2015                                     |                                      |
|                    | <u> </u> |  | _                                    |
| \$                 | 15,864   | \$   | 33,354                               |
|                    |          |  |                                      |
|                    | 62,450   |  | 63,274                               |
|                    | 2,782    |  | 3,136                                |
|                    | 65,232   |  | 66,410                               |
| \$                 | 0.25     | \$   | 0.53                                 |
| \$                 | 0.24     | \$   | 0.50                                 |
|                    | \$       | \$ 15,864<br>\$ 62,450<br>2,782<br>65,232<br>\$ 0.25 | June 25, 2016  \$ 15,864 \$   62,450 |

The weighted outstanding shares excluded from our diluted calculation for the three months ended June 25, 201 and June 27, 2015 were 618 thousand and 275 thousand, res pectively, as the shares were anti-dilutive.

### 12. Legal Matters

From time to time, we are involved in legal proceedings concerning matters arising in connection with the conduct of our business activities. We regularly evaluate the status of legal proceedings in which we are involved in order to assess whether a loss is probable or there is a reasonable possibility that a loss or

additional loss may have been incurred and determine if accruals are appropriate. We further evaluate each legal proceeding to assess whether an estimate of possible loss or range of loss can be made.

Based on current knowledge, management does not believe that there are any pending matters that could potentially have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. However, we are engaged in various legal actions in the normal course of business. While there can be no assurances in light of the inherent uncertainties involved in any potential legal proceedings, some of which are beyond our control, an adverse outcome in any legal proceeding could be material to our results of operations or cash flows for any particular reporting period.

#### 13. Stockholders' Equity

Common Stock

The Company issued a net 0.3 million and 0.4 million shares of common stock during the three month periods ending June 25, 2016 and June 27, 2015, respectively, in connection with stock issuances primarily pursuant to the Company's 2006 Stock Incentive Plan.

Share Repurchase Program

Since inception, \$24.2 million of the Company's common stock has been repurchased under the Company's 201 5 \$200 million share repurchase program, leaving \$175.8 million available for repurchase under this plan as of June 2 5 , 201 6 . During the three months ended June 2 5 , 201 6 , the Company repurchased 0. 5 million shares of its common stock for \$15.4 million, at an average cost of \$32.13 . All of these shares were repurchased in the open market and were funded from existing cash. All shares of our common stock that were repurchased were retired as of June 2 5 , 2016 .

#### 14. Segment Information

We determine our operating segments in accordance with FASB guidelines. Our Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") has been identified as the chief operating decision maker under these guidelines.

The Company operates and tracks its results in one reportable segment, but reports revenue performance in two product lines, which, currently are P ortable A udio and N on- P ortable A udio and o ther. Our CEO receives and uses enterprise-wide financial information to assess financial performance and allocate resources, rather than detailed information at a product line level. Additionally, our product lines have similar characteristics and customers. They share operations support functions such as sales, public relations, supply chain management, various research and development and engineering support, in addition to the general and administrative functions of human resources, legal, finance and information technology. Therefore, no complete, discrete financial information is maintained for these product lines.

Revenues from our product lines are as follows (in thousands):

|                                       |                  | <b>Three Months Ended</b> |                  |         |  |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------|--|
|                                       | June 25,<br>2016 |                           | June 27,<br>2015 |         |  |
| Portable Audio Products               | \$               | 216,068                   | \$               | 235,866 |  |
| Non-Portable Audio and Other Products |                  | 43,360                    |                  | 46,767  |  |
|                                       | \$               | 259,428                   | \$               | 282,633 |  |

#### 15. Subsequent Event

On July 12, 2016, Cirrus Logic entered into an amended and restated credit agreement (the "A mended Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as a Lender and Administrative Agent, for the purpose of refinanc ing the previous Credit Facility and providing ongoing working capital. The

Amended Credit Agreement provides for a \$300 million revolving credit facility (the "Amended Facility") with a \$25 million letter of credit sublimit . The Amended Facility matures in five years . Cirrus Logic must repay the outstanding principal amount of all borrowings, together with all accrued but unpaid interest there on, on the m aturity d ate. The Amended Facility is required to be guaranteed by all of Cirrus Logic's material domestic subsidiaries (the "Subsidiary Guarantors"). The Credit Facility is secured by substantially all of the assets of Cirrus Logic and any Subsidiary Guarantors, except for certain excluded assets.

Borrowings under the Amended Facility may, at our election, bear interest at either (a) a base rate plus the applicable margin ("Base Rate Loans") or (b) a LIBOR rate plus the applicable margin ("LIBOR Rate Loans"). The applicable margin ranges from 0% to 0.50% per an num for Base Rate Loans and 1.25% to 2.00% per annum for LIBOR Rate Loans based on the Leverage Ratio (as defined below). A Commitment Fee accrues at a rate per annum ranging from 0.20% to 0.30% (based on the Leverage Ratio) on the average daily unused portion of the Commitment of the l enders. The Amended Credit Agreement also contains certain financial covenants providing that (a) the ratio of consolidated funded indebtedness to consolidated EBITDA for the prior four fiscal quarter s must not be greater than 3.00 to 1.00 (the "Leverage Ratio") and (b) the ratio of consolidated EBITDA for the prior four consecutive fiscal quarters to consolidated fixed charges (including amounts paid in cash for consolidated interest expenses, capital expenditures, scheduled principal payments of indebtedness, and income taxes) for the prior four consecutive fiscal quarters must not be less than 1.25 to 1.00 as of the end of each fiscal quarter.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion should be read along with the unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements and notes thereto included in Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, as well as the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto and Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations for the fiscal year ended March 2 6 , 201 6 , contained in our fiscal year 201 6 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commiss ion (the "Commission") on May 2 5 , 201 6 . We maintain a web site at <a href="investor.cirrus.com">investor.cirrus.com</a>, which makes available free of charge our most recent annual report and all other filings we have made with the Commission .

This Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations and certain information incorporated herein by reference contain forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. These forward-looking statements are based on current expectations, estimates, forecasts and projections and the beliefs and assumptions of our management. In some cases, forward-looking statements are identified by words such as "expect," "anticipate," "target," "project," "believe," "goals," "estimates," "intend," and variations of these types of words and similar expressions which are intended to identify these forward-looking statements. In addition, any statements that refer to our plans, expectations, strategies or other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. Readers are cautioned that these forward-looking statements are predictions and are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions that are difficult to predict. Therefore, actual results may differ materially and adversely from those expressed in any forward-looking statements. We undertake no obligation to revise or update publicly any forward-looking statement for any reason.

For additional information regarding known material factors that could cause our actual results to differ from our projected results, please see "*Item 1A – Risk Factors*" in our 201 6 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on May 2 5 , 201 6 , and in Part II, Item 1A "*Risk Factors*" within this quarterly report on Form 10-Q. Readers should carefully review these risk factors, as well as those identified in other documents filed by us with the Commission.

#### Overview

Cirrus Logic, Inc. ("Cirrus Logic," "We," "Us," "Our," or the "Company") is a leader in high-performance, low-power integrated circuits ("ICs") for audio and voice signal processing applications. Cirrus Logic 's products span the entire audio signal chain, from capture to playback, providing innovative

products for the world's top smartphones, tablets, digital headsets, wearables and emerging smart home applications.

#### **Critical Accounting Policies**

Our discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition and results of operations are based upon the unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements included in this report, which have been prepared in accordance with U. S. GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts. We evaluate the estimates on an on-going basis. We base these estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

There were no material changes in the first three months of fiscal year 2017 to the information provided under the heading "Critical Accounting Policies" included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 26, 2016.

#### **Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements**

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") No. 2014-09, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (ASC Topic 606). The purpose of this ASU is to converge revenue recognition requirements per GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The core principle of the guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. In August 2015, the FASB issued ASU 2015-14, Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606): Deferral of the Effective Date after public comment respondents supported a proposal to delay the effective date of this ASU to annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2017, including interim reporting periods within that reporting period. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU on its financial statements and expects no material modifications.

In August 2014, the FASB issued ASU No. 2014-15, *Presentation of Financial Statements—Going Concern (Subtopic 205-40): Disclosure of Uncertainties about an Entity's Ability to Continue as a Going Concern*. The amendments in this ASU provide guidance in GAAP about management's responsibility to evaluate whether there is substantial doubt about an entity's ability to continue as a going concern and to provide related footnote disclosures. The amendments are effective for the annual period ending after December 15, 2016, and for annual periods and interim periods thereafter. Early application is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating this ASU and expects no material modifications to its financial statements.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-03, Interest—Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Simplifying the Presentation of Debt Issuance Costs. The amendments in this update require that debt issuance costs related to a recognized debt liability are presented in the balance sheet as a direct deduction from the carrying amount of that debt liability and that the amortization of debt issuance costs is reported as interest expense. ASU 2015-03 is to be applied retrospectively and represents a change in accounting principle. In August 2015, the FASB issued FASB ASU No. 2015-15, Interest—Imputation of Interest (Subtopic 835-30): Presentation and Subsequent Measurement of Debt Issuance Costs Associated with Line-of-Credit Arrangements. ASU 2015-15 clarified the presentation and subsequent measurement of debt issuance costs related to a line-of-credit arrangement may be presented in the balance sheet as an asset and subsequently amortized ratably over the term of the arrangement regardless of whether there are any outstanding borrowings. Both ASU 2015-03 and ASU 2015-15 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Earlier adoption is permitted for financial statements that have not been previously issued. The Company adopt ed these ASU s in the current fiscal quarter.

In April 2015, the FASB issued ASU No. 2015-04, Compensation – Retirement Benefits (Topic 715): Practical Expedient for the Measurement Date of an Employer's Defined Benefit Obligation and Plan

Assets. The ASU is part of the FASB's "Simplification Initiative" to reduce complexity in accounting standards. The FASB decided to permit entities to measure defined benefit plan assets and obligations as of the month-end that is closest to their fiscal year-end. An entity is required to disclose the accounting policy election and the date used to measure defined benefit plan assets and obligations in accordance with the amendments in this u pdate. The amendments in this u pdate are effective for public business entities for financial statements issued for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2015, and interim periods within those fiscal years, with earlier application permitted. The Company adopted this ASU in the current fiscal quarter, with no modifications to its financial statements. The Company's plan assets and obligations are measured as of the fiscal year-end.

In July 2015, ASU No. 2015-11, *Inventory (Topic 330): Simplifying the Measurement of Inventory* was issued. This ASU requires companies to subsequently measure inventory at the lower of cost and net realizable value versus the previous lower of cost or market. The amendments in this update are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016, including interim periods within those fiscal years, to be applied prospectively. Early application is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating this ASU and expects no material modifications to its financial statements as a result.

In February 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*. The FASB issued this update to increase transparency and comparability by recognizing lease assets and lease liabilities on the balance sheet and disclosing key leasing arrangement details. Lessees would recognize operating leases on the balance sheet under this ASU — with the lease payment recognized as a liability, measured at present value, and the right-of-use asset recognized for the lease term. A single lease cost would be recognized over the lease term. For terms less than twelve months, a lessee would be permitted to make an accounting policy election to recognize lease expense for such leases generally on a straight-line basis over the lease term. This ASU is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU.

In March 2016, the FASB issued ASU 2016-09, Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Improvements to Employee Share-Based Payment Accounting. This ASU requires all excess tax benefits and deficiencies to be recognized as income tax expense / benefit in the income statement and presented as an operating activity in the statement of cash flows. Forfeitures can be calculated based on either the estimated number of awards that are expected to vest, as required by current guidance or when forfeitures actually occur. This ASU is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2016, and interim periods within those annual periods. Early adoption is permitted, but all of the described amendments must be adopted in the same period and any adjustments should be reflected as of the beginning of the fiscal year if adopted in an interim period. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of this ASU.

#### **Results of Operations**

The following table summarizes the results of our operations for the first three months of fiscal years 2017 and 2016 as a percentage of net sales. All percentage amounts were calculated using the underlying data in thousands, unaudite d:

| Three    | Months  | Ended  |
|----------|---------|--------|
| 1 111 66 | MIUHUIS | Liiucu |

|                                     | June 25,<br>2016 | June 27,<br>2015 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Net sales                           | 100%             | 100%             |
| Gross margin                        | 49%              | 47%              |
| Research and development            | 28%              | 23%              |
| Selling, general and administrative | 12%              | 10%              |
| Patent agreement and other          | 0%               | -4%              |
| Income from operations              | 9%               | 18%              |
| Interest income                     | 0%               | 0%               |
| Interest expense                    | -1%              | 0%               |
| Other income                        | 0%               | 0%               |
| Income before income taxes          | 8%               | 18%              |
| Provision for income taxes          | 2%               | 6%               |
| Net income                          | 6%               | 12%              |

#### Net Sales

Net sales for the first quarter of fiscal year 201 7 de crease d \$ 23.2 million, or 8 percent, to \$ 259.4 million from \$ 282.6 million in the first quarter of fiscal year 201 6 . Net sales from our port able audio products de creased \$ 19.8 million, or 8 percent , primarily from de creased shipments due to a known shift in market share at a large Android® customer as they reverted to a dual sourcing strategy on core chipsets. Non-portable audio and other product sales de creased \$ 3.4 million, or 7 percent, during the first quarter of fiscal year 201 7 versus the comparable quarter of the prior fiscal year, primarily due to decreased DAC sales .

S ales outside of the U.S., principally located in Asia, including sales to U.S.-based customers with manufacturing plants overseas, were 9 6 percent and 9 5 percent of net sales during the first quarter of fiscal years 201 7 and 201 6, respectively. Our sales are denominated primarily in U.S. dollars. No foreign currency hedging contracts were entered into in the first three months of fiscal year 201 7 or 201 6.

Since the components we produce are largely proprietary, we consider our end customer to be the entity specifying the use of our component in their design. These end customers may then purchase our products directly from us, from an external sales representative or distributor, or through a third party manufacturer contracted to produce their designs. For each of the first quarter s of fiscal years 201 7 and 201 6, our ten largest end customers represented approximately 8 8 percent of our net sales.

We had one end customer, Apple Inc. that purchased through multiple contract manufacturers and represented approximately 68 percent and 62 percent of the Company's total net sales for the first quarter of fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively . Samsung Electronics represented 12 percent and 18 percent of the Company's total net sales for the first quarter of fiscal years 2017 and 2016, respectively .

No other end customer or distributor represented more than 10 percent of net sales for the three months ending June 25, 2016 and June 27, 2015.

For more information, please see Part II — Item 1A — Risk Factors— "We depend on a limited number of customers and distributors for a substantial portion of our sales, and the loss of, or a significant reduction in orders from, or pricing on products sold to, any key customer or distributor could significantly reduce our sales and our profitability."

#### Gross Margin

Gross margin was 4.8.8 percent in the first quarter of fiscal year 2017, up from 4.6.9 percent in the first quarter of fiscal year 2016, primarily due to a favorable shift in product mix, partially offset by increases in manufacturing spend to support new product lines.

#### Research and Development Expense

Research and development expense for the first quarter of fiscal year 201 7 was \$73.9 million, an increase of \$8.1 million, or 12 percent, from \$65.8 million in the first quarter of fiscal year 201 6. The primary drivers were increase s in salary and employee-related expenses following a 23 percent increase in headcount, higher depreciation and amortization costs and facilities-related cost s, partially offset by a tax credit recognized during the current fiscal period.

#### Selling, General and Administrative Expense

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expense for the first quarter of fiscal year 201 7 was \$ 30.5 million, an increase of \$ 1.4 million, or 5 percent, from \$ 29.1 million in the first quarter of fiscal year 201 6 . The increases a were due primarily to increased depreciation and amortization costs and increased maintenance and supplies cost s , partially offset by lower employee-related costs in the current fiscal quarter .

#### Patent a greement and o ther

On May 8, 2015, we entered into a patent purchase agreement for the sale of certain Company - owned patents relating to our LED lighting products. As a result of this agreement, on June 22, 2015, the Company received cash consideration of \$12.5 million from the purchaser. Under the agreement, the Company undert ook to no longer be engaged in LED lighting and received a license under the sold patents for all other fields of use. The proceeds were recorded during fiscal year 2016 as a recovery of costs previously incurred and are reflected as a separate line item on the consolidated condensed statements of income in operating expenses under the caption "Patent agreement and other."

#### Interest income

The Company reported interest income of \$0.3 million for each of the three months ended June 25, 2016, and June 27, 2015, respectively due to comparable average cash and cash equivalent balances for the first quarter of fiscal year 2017 and 2016.

#### Interest expense

The Company reported interest expense of  $\$1.0\,$  million for each of the three months ended June 25, 2016, and June 27, 2015, respectively . Interest expense was recorded on the  $\$250\,$ million revolving credit facility described in Note 7 for all periods presented.

#### Other income

For t he three months ended June 25, 2016 and June 27, 2015, the Company reported \$ 0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, in other income, primarily net gains in foreign currency.

#### Income Taxes

Our provision for income taxes is based on estimated effective tax rates derived from an estimate of annual consolidated earnings before taxes, adjusted for nondeductible expenses, other permanent items and any applicable credits.

The following table presents the provision for income taxes (in thousands) and the effective tax rates:

|                            | Three Months Ended |        |    |          |  |
|----------------------------|--------------------|--------|----|----------|--|
|                            | June 25,           |        |    | June 27, |  |
|                            |                    | 2016   |    | 2015     |  |
| Income before income taxes | \$                 | 21,669 | \$ | 49,498   |  |
| Provision for income taxes | \$                 | 5,805  | \$ | 16,144   |  |
| Effective tax rate         |                    | 26.8%  |    | 32.6%    |  |

Our income tax expense for the first quarter of fiscal year 2017 was lower than the federal statutory rate primarily due to income in certain foreign jurisdictions taxed below the federal statutory rate and the U.S. R&D tax credit, partially offset by an increase in unrecognized tax benefits. Our income tax expense for the first quarter of fiscal year 2016 was below the federal statutory rate primarily due to income in certain foreign jurisdictions taxed below the federal statutory rate.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

We require cash to fund our operating expenses and working capital requirements, including outlays for research and development, capital expenditures, share repurchase, investments in marketable securities, and strategic acquisitions. Our principal sources of liquidity are cash on hand, cash generated from operation in secured revolving the sale and maturity of marketable securities, and borrowings under our \$250 million senior secured revolving credit facility.

Cash provided by operating activities is net income adjusted for certain non-cash items and changes in certain current assets and current liabilities. Our operating cash flow is affected by the ability of our operations to generate cash, and our management of assets and liabilities, including both working capital and long-term assets and liabilities. Positive cash flow from operations was \$12.2 million for the first three months of fiscal year 201 7 as compared to \$43.2 million for the c orresponding period of fiscal year 2016. The positive cash flow from operations during the current period of fiscal year 2017 was related to the cash components of our net income, partially offset by a \$31.3 million unfavorable change in working capital, primarily in accounts receivable and inventories. The positive cash flow from operations during the corresponding quarter of fiscal year 2016 was related to the cash components of our net income, partially offset by a \$28.7 million unfavorable change to working capital, primarily in inventories and accounts receivable.

Net cash used in investing activities was \$ 24.3 million during the first three months of fiscal year 201 7 as compared to \$ 0.7 million provided by investing activities—during the first three months of fiscal year 201 6 . The cash used in investing activities in the current period—i s primarily related to—n et purchases of marketable securities of \$ 13.8 million and capital expenditures and technology investments of \$ 10.5 million . The cash provided by investing activities in the corresponding fiscal year 2016 quarter is primarily related to net maturities and sale s of marketable securities of \$13.4 million, partially offset by capital expenditures and technology investments of \$ 12.4 million .

Net cash used in financing activities was \$13.1 million during the first three months of fiscal year 201 7 . The cash used during the first three months of fiscal year 201 7 was primarily associated with stock repurchases during the period of \$16.0 million (\$15.4 million from repurchase d and retired common stock, \$0.6 million from stock repurchases to satisfy employee tax withholdings) , offset by \$2.4 million for the issuance of common stock, net of shares withheld for taxes for the period and excess tax benefit from employee stock awards of \$0.5 million . The cash used in financing activities was \$17.8 million for the first three months of fisc al year 201 6. The use of cash was primarily associated with \$20.0 million in principal payments against the long-term revolver, discussed in Note 7 , partially offset by \$2.7 million for the issuance of common stock, net of shares withheld for taxes for the quarter.

We have not paid cash dividends on our common stock and currently intend to continue our policy of retaining any earnings for reinvestment in our business. Although we cannot give assur ance that we will be able to generate cash in the future, we anticipate that our future cash earnings, existing cash, cash equivalents, investments and borrowings available under our Credit Facility are sufficient to meet our

capital requirements for at least the next 12 months, although we could be required, or could elect, to seek additional funding prior to that time.

Revolving Credit Facilities

On August 29, 2014, Cirrus Logic entered into a credit agreement (the "Credit Agreement") with Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, and the Lenders party thereto. The Credit Agreement provides for a \$250 million senior secured revolving credit facility (the "Credit Facility"). The Credit Facility replaced an interim credit facility, and may be used for general corporate purposes. The Credit Facility mature s on August 29, 2017

On June 23, 2015, Cirrus Logic and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, entered into a first amendment of the Credit Agreement (the "First Amendment"). The First Amendment primarily provides additional flexibility to the Company for certain intercompany transactions. In particular, the First Amendment (i) amended the definition of "Permitted Acquisition" to increase the threshold whereby the Company must provide certain financial statements and certifications to the Administrative Agent; (ii) expanded the Company's ability to make intercompany investments, including unsecured intercompany indebtedness to fund a Permitted Acquisition; and (iii) provided the Company with the ability, under certain circumstances, to transfer capital stock in a non-guarantor subsidiary to another wholly-owned subsidiary that is not a credit party.

The Credit Facility is required to be guaranteed by all of Cirrus Logic's material domestic subsidiaries (the "Subsidiary Guarantors"). The Credit Facility is secured by substantially all of the assets of Cirrus Logic and any Subsidiary Guarantors, except for certain excluded assets. Borrowings under the Credit Facility may, at Cirrus Logic's election, bear interest at either (a) a Base Rate plus the Applicable Margin ("Base Rate Loans") or (b) a LIBOR Rate plus the Applicable Margin ("LIBOR Rate Loans"). The Applicable Margin ranges from 0% to .25% per annum for Base Rate Loans and 1.50% to 2.00% per annum for LIBOR Rate Loans based on Cirrus Logic's Leverage Ratio (discussed below). A Commitment Fee accrues at a rate per annum ranging from 0.25% to 0.35% (based on the Leverage Ratio) on the average daily unused portion of the Commitment of the Lenders.

The Credit Agreement contains customary affirmative covenants, including, among others, covenants regarding the payment of taxes and other obligations, maintenance of insurance, reporting requirements and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Further, the Credit Agreement contains customary negative covenants limiting the ability of Cirrus Logic or any Subsidiary to, among other things, incur debt, grant liens, make investments, effect certain fundamental changes, make certain asset dispositions, and make certain restricted payments. The Credit Facility also contains certain financial covenants providing that (a) the ratio of consolidated funded indebtedness to consolidated EBITDA for the prior four consecutive quarters must not be greater than 2.00 to 1.00 (the "Leverage Ratio") and (b) the sum of cash and Cash Equivalents, which includes marketable securities, of Cirrus Logic and its Subsidiaries on a consolidated basis must not be less than \$100 million. At June 25, 2016, the Company was in compliance with all covenants under the Credit Agreement and had \$160.4 million of indebtedness outstanding under the Credit Facility, which is included in long-term liabilities on the consolidated condensed balance sheets. The borrowings were primarily used for refinancing an interim credit facility.

On July 12, 2016, the Company entered into an amendment to the Credit Agreement for the purpose of increasing the Credit Facility to \$300 million and providing ongoing working capital. See Subsequent Event Note 15 for further details.

#### ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are exposed to market risks associated with interest rates on our debt securities, currency movements on non-U.S. dollar denominated assets and liabilities, and the effect of market factors on the value of our marketable securities. We assess these risks on a regular basis and have established policies that are designed to protect against the adverse effects of these and other potential exposures. For a description of our market risks, see "Part II – Item 7A – Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk" in our fiscal year 201 6 Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Commission on May 2 5, 201 6. There have been no significant changes to our exposure to market risks since we filed our fiscal year 201 6 Annual Report on Form 10-K.

#### I TEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Evaluation of disclosure control s and procedures

As required by Rule 13a-15(b) of the Exchange Act, we have evaluated, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our chief executive officer (CEO) and chief financial officer (CFO), the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act) as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q. Our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed by us in reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Security and Exchange Commission rules and forms and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our CEO and CFO, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Based upon the evaluation, as of June 25, 2016, our management, including our CEO and CFO has concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of June 25, 2016.

Changes in control over financial reporting

There has been no change in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended June 25, 2016, that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

Information regarding legal proceedings to which the Company is a party is set forth in Note 1 2 - Legal Matters to our unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements and is incorporated herein by reference.

#### ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

In evaluating all forward-looking statements, readers should specifically consider risk factors that may cause actual results to vary from those contained in the forward-looking statements. Various risk factors associated with our business are included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March  $2\,6$ ,  $20\,1\,6$ , as filed with the Commission on May  $2\,5$ ,  $201\,6$ , and available at www.sec.gov . Other than as set forth below, there have been no material changes to those risk factors previously disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March  $2\,6$ ,  $201\,6$ .

We depend on a limited number of customers and distributors for a substantial portion of our sales, and the loss of, or a significant reduction in orders from, or pricing on products sold to, any key customer or distributor could significantly reduce our sale s and our profitability.

While we generate sales from a broad base of customers worldwide, the loss of any of our key customers, or a significant reduction in sales or selling prices to any key customer , or reductions in selling prices made to retain key customer relationships, would significantly reduce our revenue, margins and earnings and adversely affect our business. For the first three months of fiscal years 201 7 and 201 6 , our ten largest end customers represented approximately 8 8 percent , of our net sales. We had one end customer, Apple Inc. that purchased through multiple contract manufacturers and represented approximately 68 percent and 62 percent of the Company's total net sales for the first three months of fiscal years 201 7 and 201 6 , respectively. Additionally, Samsung Electronics represented approximately 12 percent and 18 percent of the Company's net sales for the first three months of fiscal year 201 7 and 2016, respectively .

We had no distributor s that represented more than 10 percent of our sales for the three month periods ending June 25, 2016 or June 27, 2015. No other end customer or distributor represented more than 10 percent of net sales for the three month periods ending June 25, 2016 or June 27, 2015.

We may not be able to maintain or increase sales to certain of our key customers for a variety of reasons, including the following:

- most of our customers can stop incorporating our products into their own products with limited notice to us and suffer little or no penalty;
- our agreements with our customers typically do not require them to purchase a minimum quantity of our products;
- many of our customers have pre-existing or concurrent relationships with our current or potential competitors that may affect the customers' decisions to purchase our products;
- our customers face intense competition from other manufacturers that do not use our products; and
- our customers regularly evaluate alternative sources of supply in order to diversify their supplier base, which increases their negotiating leverage with us and their ability to obtain components from alternative sources.

In addition, our dependence on a limited number of key customers may make it easier for key customers to pressure us to reduce the prices of the products we sell to them. We have experienced pricing pressure from certain key customers, and we expect that the average selling prices for certain of our products will decline, reducing our revenue, our margins, and our earnings.

Our key customer relationships often require us to develop new products that may involve significant technological challenges. Our customers frequently place considerable pressure on us to meet their tight development schedules. In addition, we may from time to time enter into customer agreements providing for exclusivity periods during which we may only sell specified products or technologies to that customer. Accordingly, we may have to devote a substantial amount of resources to strategic relationships, which could detract from or delay our completion of other important development projects or the development of next generation products and technologies.

## Our international operations subject our business to additional political and economic risks that could have an adverse impact on our business.

In addition to international sales constituting a large portion of our net sales, we maintain international operations, sales, and technical support personnel. International expansion has required, and will continue to require, significant management attention and resources. There are risks inherent in expanding our presence into non-U.S. regions, including, but not limited to:

- difficulties in staffing and managing non-U.S. operations;
- failure of non-U.S. laws to adequately protect our U.S. intellectual property, patent, trademarks, copyrights, know-how, and other proprietary rights;
- global health conditions and potential natural disasters;
- political and economic instability in international regions;
- international currency controls and exchange rate fluctuations;
- vulnerability to terrorist groups targeting American interests abroad; and
- legal uncertainty regarding liability and compliance with non-U.S. laws and regulatory requirements.

If we are unable to successfully manage the demands of our international operations, it may have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, or results of operations.

On June 23, 2016, the United Kingdom (U.K.) held a referendum in which voters approved an exit from the European Union (the "E.U."), commonly referred to as "Brexit." As a result of the referendum, it is expected that the British government will begin negotiating the terms of the U.K.'s withdrawal from the E.U. and the U.K.'s future relationship s with E.U. member states. Although it is unknown what those terms will be, it is possible that there will be greater restrictions on immigration between the U.K. and E.U. countries that make it more difficult to staff our U.K. operations, changes in tax laws that negatively impact our effective tax rate, restrictions on imports and exports between the U.K. and E.U. member states, and increased regulatory complexities. These changes may adversely affect our operations and financial results.

#### I TEM 2. U NREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

The following table provides information about purchases of equity securities that are registered by us pursuant to Section 12 of the Exchange Act during the three months ended June 25, 201 6 (in thousands, except per share amounts):

| Monthly Period                     | Total Number of<br>Shares Purchased | Av | erage Price Paid<br>Per Share | Total Number of<br>Shares Purchased<br>as Part of Publicly<br>Announced Plans or<br>Programs | Sl<br>Y | Approximate Dollar Value of hares That May et Be Purchased nder the Plans or Programs (1) |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|----|-------------------------------|--|---------|---|
| March 27, 2016 -<br>April 23, 2016 | -                                   | \$ | -                             | -  | \$      | -   |
| April 24, 2016 -<br>May 21, 2016   | 480                                 |    | 32.13                         | 480  |         | 175,777   |
| May 22, 2016 -<br>June 25, 2016    | -                                   |    | -                             | -  |         | -   |
| Total                              | 480                                 | \$ | 32.13                         | 480  | \$      | 175,777   |

(1) The Company currently has one active share repurchase program: the \$200 million share repurchase program authorized by the Board of Directors in October 2015. The repurchases are to be funded from existing cash and intended to be effected from time to time in accordance with applicable securities laws through the open market or in privately negotiated transactions. The timing of the repurchases and the actual amount purchased depend on a variety of factors including the market price of the Company's shares, general market and economic conditions, and other corporate considerations. The program does not have an expiration date, does not obligate the Company to repurchase any particular amount of common stock, and may be modified or suspended at any time at the Company's discretion. The Company repurchased 0. 5 million sha res of its common stock for \$15.4 million during the first quarter of fiscal year 2017. All of these shares were repurchased in the open market and were funded from existing cash. All shares of our common stock that were repurchased were retired as of June 2 5, 201 6.

#### I TEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

### I TEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

#### I TEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

None.

#### ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following exhibits are filed as part of or incorporated by reference into this Report:

| 3.1     | Certificate of Incorporation of Registrant, filed with the Delaware Secretary of State on August 26, 1998. (1)  |
|---------|---|
| 3.2     | Amended and Restated Bylaws of Registrant. (2)  |
| 10.1    | Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated July 12, 2016, among the Company, the Lenders party thereto and Wells Fargo Bank, National Association, as a Lender and Administrative Agent. (3) |
| 31.1*   | Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.  |
| 31.2*   | Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.  |
| 32.1*   | Certification of Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.  |
| 32.2*   | Certification of Chief Financial Officer, pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.  |
| 101.INS | XBRL Instance Document  |
| 101.SCH | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document   |
| 101.CAL | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document   |
| 101.LAB | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document   |
| 101.PRE | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document  |
| 101.DEF | XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document  |

- \* Filed or furnished, as applicable, with this Form 10-Q.
- (1) Incorporated by reference from Registrant's Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2001, filed with the Commission on June 22, 2001 (Registration No. 000-17795).
- Incorporated by reference from Registrant's Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on September 20, 2013 (Registration No. 000-17795).
- (3) Incorporated by reference from Registrant's Report on Form 8-K filed with the Commission on July 15, 2016 (Registration No. 000-17795).

The exhibits required to be filed pursuant to the requirements of Item 601 of Regulation S-K are set forth in the Exhibit Index list noted above and are incorporated herein by reference.

#### SIGNATURE S

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

CIRRUS LOGIC, INC.

July 27, 2016 By: /s/ Thurman K. Case Date:

Thurman K. Case

Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer

## CERTIFICATION

#### pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

I, Jason P. Rhode, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly R eport on Form 10- Q of Cirrus Logic, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

| Date: | July 27, 2016 | /s/ Jason P. Rhode                    |
|-------|---------------|---------------------------------------|
|       |               | Jason P. Rhode                        |
|       |               | President and Chief Executive Officer |

## **CERTIFICATION**

#### pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

#### I, Thurman K. Case, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Cirrus Logic, Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

| Date: | July 27, 2016 | /s/ Thurman K. Case                                  |
|-------|---------------|--|
|       |               | Thurman K. Case                                      |
|       |               | Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer |

## Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly R eport of Cirrus Logic, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10- Q for the period ended June 25, 2016, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Jason P. Rhode, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, hereby certify as of the date hereof, solely for purposes of Title 18, Chapter 63, Section 1350 of the United States Code, that to my knowledge:

- The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

This Certification has not been, and shall not be deemed, "filed" with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Date: July 27, 2016 /s/ Jason P. Rhode

Jason P. Rhode

President and Chief Executive Officer

## Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

In connection with the Quarterly R eport of Cirrus Logic, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10- Q for the period ended June 2 5, 201 6, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Thurman K. Case, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, hereby certify as of the date hereof, solely for purposes of Title 18, Chapter 63, Section 1350 of the United States Code, that to my knowledge:

- 1. The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d), of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- 2. T he information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company .

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

This Certification has not been, and shall not be deemed, "filed" with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Date: July 27, 201 6 /s/ Thurman K. Case

Thurman K. Case

Chief Financial Officer and Chief Accounting Officer