BROADWIND ENERGY, INC.

FORM 10QSB

(Quarterly Report of Financial Condition)

Filed 05/19/06 for the Period Ending 03/31/06

Address	3240 S. CENTRAL AVENUE CICERO, IL 60804
Telephone	708-780-4800
CIK	0001120370
Symbol	BWEN
SIC Code	3360 - Nonferrous Foundries (castings)
Industry	Misc. Capital Goods
Sector	Capital Goods
Fiscal Year	12/31

TOWER TECH HOLDINGS INC.

FORM 10QSB
(Quarterly Report of Financial Condition)

Filed 5/19/2006 For Period Ending 3/31/2006

Address	980 MARITIME DRIVE SUITE 6
	MANITOWOC, Wisconsin 54220
Telephone	(920) 684-5531
CIK	0001120370
Fiscal Year	12/31

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-QSB
(Mark One)

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

[ ] TRANSITION REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE EXCHANGE ACT

For the transition period from ________________ to _______________

0-31313
(Commission file number)

TOWER TECH HOLDINGS INC.
(Exact name of small business issuer as specified in its charter)

NEVADA (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)	88-0409160 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

980 MARITIME DRIVE, SUITE 6, MANITOWOC, WISCONSIN 54220
(Address of principal executive offices)

(920) 684-5531
(Issuer's telephone number)

NOT APPLICABLE
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year,
if changed since last report)

Check whether the issuer (1) filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the past 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes [X] No [ ]

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes [ ] No [X]

State the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common equity, as of the latest practicable date:
As of May 15, 2006 - 35,000,000 shares of common stock

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format (check one): Yes [ ] No [X]

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

TOWER TECH HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Balance Sheets
(Unaudited)

	March 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash	$ 6,445	$ 166,023
Accounts receivable	65,929	179,842
Inventories	-	283,428
Prepaid expenses	1,433	8,362
Total current assets	73,807	637,655
Property and equipment:		
Machinery and equipment	2,644,985	2,640,188
Office equipment	32,276	30,584
Leasehold improvements	314,759	314,759
	2,992,020	2,985,531
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	386,143	309,614
Net property and equipment	2,605,877	2,675,917
Bond issuance fees, net of amortization of $837 and $418, respectively	15,894	16,313
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 2,695,578	$ 3,329,885
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT		
Current liabilities:		
Notes payable	$ 500,000	$ 440,000
Notes payable - related party	3,456,353	3,356,625
Current maturities of long-term debt	90,000	98,000
Accounts payable	1,276,082	1,169,299
Accrued liabilities	714,633	585,174
Customer deposits	-	208,866
Total current liabilities	6,037,068	5,857,964
Long-term debt less current maturities	893,268	896,827
Commitments and contingencies		
Shareholders' deficit:		
Preferred stock, no par value: 10,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding		
Common stock, $.001 par value: 100,000,000 shares authorized; 35,000,000 and 22,750,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	35,000	22,750
Additional paid in capital	751,977	427,727
Accumulated deficit in the development stage	(5,021,735)	(3,875,383)
Total shareholders' deficit	(4,234,758)	(3,424,906)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT	$ 2,695,578	$ 3,329,885

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TOWER TECH HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Operations
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2006	For the Three Months Ended March 31, 2005	Cumulative from October 17, 2003 (Inception) to March 31, 2006
Net sales	$ 590,731	$ 623,091	$ 2,557,705
Cost of sales	1,097,640	745,197	5,106,978
Gross loss	(506,909)	(122,106)	(2,549,273)
Merger transaction costs	250,000	-	250,000
Product development	17,078	-	256,241
Selling, general and administrative expenses	272,061	167,574	1,575,149
Total operating expenses	539,139	167,574	2,081,390
Loss from operations	(1,046,048)	(289,680)	(4,630,663)
Other income (expense):			
Miscellaneous expense, net	-	-	(3,337)
Realized loss on foreign currency transactions	(3,083)	-	(16,359)
Interest expense	(97,221)	(33,574)	(371,376)
Other expense, net	(100,304)	(33,574)	(391,072)
Net loss	$ (1,146,352)	$ (323,254)	$ (5,021,735)
Net loss per common share (basic and diluted)	$ (0.04)	$ (0.01)	
Weighted average shares outstanding: Basic and diluted	29,963,889	22,750,000	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

TOWER TECH HOLDINGS INC. AND SUBSIDIARY
(A Development Stage Company)

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended 2006	For the Three Months Ended 2005	Cumulative from October 17, 2003 (Inception) to March 31, 2006
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss	$ (1,146,352)	$ (323,254)	$ (5,021,735)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation	76,529	46,935	386,144
Amortization of bond issuance fees	419	-	836
Contributed facilities (free rent) by shareholders	-	-	227,925
Contributed services by shareholders	86,500	52,000	294,500
Common stock issued for merger transaction costs	250,000	-	250,000
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	113,913	(15,570)	(65,929)
Inventories	283,428	332,387	-
Prepaid expenses	6,929	-	(1,433)
Accounts payable	106,783	(68,900)	1,182,450
Accrued liabilities	129,459	124,768	714,633
Customer deposits	(208,866)	(274,580)	-
Net cash used in operating activities	(301,258)	(126,214)	(2,032,609)
Cash flows from investing activity:			
Purchases of property and equipment	(6,489)	(23,461)	(2,579,388)
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Decrease in bank overdraft	-	(5,775)	-
Increase in notes payable	159,728	159,393	3,637,353
Proceeds from long-term debt	-	-	2,674,000
Retirement of long-term debt	(11,559)	-	(1,690,732)
Payment for bond issuance fees	-	-	(16,731)
Proceeds from sale of common stock	-	-	40,000
Distributions to shareholders	-	-	(25,448)
Net cash provided by financing activities	148,169	153,618	4,618,442
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(159,578)	$ 3,943	6,445
Cash at beginning of period	166,023	-	-
Cash at end of period	$ 6,445	$ 3,943	$ 6,445

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

Note 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial information has been prepared by Tower Tech Holdings Inc. and Subsidiary (the "Company") in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-QSB and Article 10 of Regulation S-X of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). Accordingly, it does not include all of the information and notes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair statement of this financial information have been included. Financial results for the interim three-month period ended March 31, 2006 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2006. The December 31, 2005 consolidated balance sheet was derived from audited financial statements, but does not include all disclosures required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This financial information should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes included in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Note 2. ORGANIZATION

Tower Tech Holdings Inc. (formerly Blackfoot Enterprises, Inc. ("Blackfoot")) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on July 10, 1996.

On November 18, 2005, Blackfoot entered into a Share Exchange Agreement (the "Exchange Agreement") whereby it agreed to issue 25,250,000 shares of its common stock to acquire all of the outstanding shares of Tower Tech Systems, Inc. ("Tower Tech"), a private corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of Wisconsin. Tower Tech engineers and manufactures wind turbine extension towers.

As part of the Exchange Agreement, immediately prior to the closing of the transaction on February 6, 2006, 2,500,000 restricted common shares were issued to a consultant for services provided in connection with this business combination transaction, which were valued at $250,000. These 2,500,000 shares were part of the 25,250,000 shares described above.

Upon completion of the transaction on February 6, 2006, Tower Tech became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Blackfoot and Blackfoot changed its name to "Tower Tech Holdings Inc." Since this transaction resulted in the existing shareholders of Tower Tech acquiring control of Blackfoot, for financial reporting purposes the business combination has been accounted for as an additional capitalization of Blackfoot (a reverse acquisition with Tower Tech as the accounting acquirer).

Operations of Tower Tech are the continuing operations of the Company.

The accompanying financial statements as of December 31, 2005 and March 31, 2005 and for the three months ended March 31, 2006 present the historical financial information of Tower Tech. The outstanding common shares of Tower Tech at December 31, 2005 have been restated to reflect the shares issued upon reorganization. The accompanying financial statements as of March 31, 2006 and for the three months ended March 31, 2006 present the historical financial information of Tower Tech for the three months ended March 31, 2006 consolidated with Blackfoot from the date of reorganization (February 6, 2006) to March 31, 2006.

Note 3. COMPANY'S CONTINUED EXISTENCE

The Company incurred significant operating losses during its years of operations. At March 31, 2006, the Company has a negative working capital position of $5,963,261 and a shareholders' deficit of $4,234,758. Furthermore, the Company is highly leveraged with debt. It is management's opinion that these facts raise substantial doubts about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern without addition debt or equity financing. In the event that the Company is unable to obtain additional capital, it would be forced to reduce operating expenditures further and/or cease operations altogether.

Note 4. DEVELOPMENT STAGE OPERATIONS

The Company was incorporated on October 17, 2003 and was inactive during 2003. Five hundred shares of no par value common stock were sold for $40,000 in 2004. Development of the manufacturing process began in July 2004 after the acquisition and installation of necessary manufacturing equipment. Operations prior to that time were devoted primarily to securing orders and purchasing capital assets. In February 2005, the first wind turbine extension towers were delivered and additional towers were completed throughout the remainder of 2005 and first quarter of 2006. Due to lack of funding and manufacturing inefficiencies, the Company temporarily suspended production in February 2006 and, therefore, still considered itself to be in the development stage at March 31, 2006.

Note 5. EFFECT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In May 2005, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Statement No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections." This new standard replaces APB Opinion No. 20, "Accounting Changes" and FASB Statement No. 3, "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements." Among other changes, Statement 154 requires that a voluntary change in accounting principle be applied retrospectively with all prior period financial statements presented on the new accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to do so. The new standard is effective for accounting changes and correction of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. The adoption of FASB No. 154 did not have an impact on the Company's consolidated financial position or results of operations.

Note 6. NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable consist of the following:

	March 31, 2006	December 31, 2005
THIRD PARTY		
Prime plus 1% (8.75% at March 31, 2006) note, due April 14, 2006	$ 100,000	$ 100,000
Prime plus 1% (8.75% at March 31, 2006) note, due January 15, 2006	90,000	90,000
Prime plus 2.5% (10.25% at March 31, 2006) note, due April 21, 2007	250,000	250,000
7.5% note, due August 2, 2006	60,000	-
Total third party notes payable	$ 500,000	$ 440,000
RELATED PARTY		
5% notes, due on demand, unsecured	$ 315,500	$ 266,000
Shareholder notes at prime plus 1.5% (8.75% at December 31, 2005) notes, due on demand, unsecured, changed to fixed rate notes (8% on January 1, 2006).	3,140,853	3,090,625
Total related party notes payable	$ 3,456,353	$ 3,356,625

New debt consists of a note for $60,000 issued on February 2, 2006 at 7.5% due on August 2, 2006. Additional amounts totaling $49,500 were also contributed by related parties. These notes are due on demand and have an interest rate of 5%. Shareholder notes increased by $50,228. The terms of these notes were changed as of January 1, 2006 to a fixed rate of 8%.

Note 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2006	December 31 2005
ASSOCIATED BANK Prime plus .5% (8.25% at March 31, 2006), due in monthly installments of $8,710 including interest, due September 15, 2012, secured by substantially all assets of the Company and personal guarantees of the shareholders	$ 565,811	$ 569,621
WISCONSIN BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT FINANCE CORPORATION 6.796% note, due in monthly installments of $4,982 including interest, due September 1, 2015, secured by substantially all assets of the Company and personal guarantees of the shareholders	417,457	425,206
Total long-term debt	983,268	994,827
Less current maturities	90,000	98,000
Total long-term debt, less current maturities	$ 893,268	$ 896,827

Note 8. CONTINGENCIES

As of March 31, 2006, the Company had disputes over service billings related to contracted tower work from two vendors totaling $333,827. The Company is in disagreement over these billings with the vendors and does not believe it owes the stated amounts. As of May 19, 2006, the Company has not resolved these matters and it is more likely than not that the Company will pay some amount to settle these liabilities. The Company's best estimate of this potential contingent liability is 50% of the total, which is approximately $167,000, and this amount is included in accrued liabilities at March 31, 2006.

The Company is also subject to legal proceedings in the normal course of business. Management believes these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the financial statements.

Note 9. INCOME TAXES

The Company had elected to be taxed as an S corporation under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and Wisconsin Statutes. Under those provisions, the Company did not pay federal and state corporate income taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the shareholders were liable for individual federal and Wisconsin income taxes on the Company's taxable income. The Company could periodically make distributions to the shareholders for income taxes. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been previously recorded.

As of February 7, 2006, the Company's S-election status was terminated due to the business combination with Blackfoot. The Company is now operating as a C corporation and is subject to income taxes.

Income taxes will be provided for the tax effects of transactions reported in the financial statements and consist of taxes currently due plus deferred taxes related primarily to differences between the financial and tax bases of receivables, inventories, property and equipment and accrued liabilities. The deferred tax assets and liabilities represent the future tax return consequences of those differences, which will either be taxable or deductible when the assets and liabilities are recovered or settled. Deferred taxes also are recognized for operating losses that are available to offset future taxable income and for tax credits that are available to offset future income taxes. Valuation allowances are established, if necessary, to reduce any deferred tax asset to the amount that will more likely than not be realized.

For the period from February 7, 2006 to March 31, 2006, no income tax benefit was recorded for the net loss due to the fact that the net operating loss carryforward benefit may never be realized. The Company has recorded a full valuation allowance due to its historical financial performance of losses in every quarter since its inception.

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OR PLAN OF OPERATIONS

GENERAL

The following discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and related footnotes for the year ended December 31, 2005 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-KSB. The discussion of results, causes and trends should not be construed to imply any conclusion that such results or trends will necessarily continue in the future.

OVERVIEW

Effective February 6, 2006, an arrangement was completed between the company, then known as Blackfoot Enterprises, Inc. and Tower Tech Systems, Inc., a Wisconsin corporation ("Tower Tech"), whereby the shareholders of Tower Tech exchanged all of their common shares for 25,250,000 shares of Blackfoot common stock (the "Acquisition").

Immediately following the Acquisition, the former shareholders of Tower Tech held approximately 72.1% of Blackfoot's total issued and outstanding common shares. Tower Tech was thereby deemed to be the acquiror and surviving company for accounting purposes. Accordingly, the transaction has been accounted for as a reverse acquisition using the purchase method whereby the assets and liabilities of Blackfoot have been recorded at their fair market values and operating results have been included in the company's financial statements from the effective date of purchase. The net assets of Tower Tech are included in the balance sheet at their historical book values and its historical results of operations have been presented for the comparative prior period.

TOWER TECH

We, through Tower Tech, engineer and manufacture wind turbine extension towers. Tower Tech was incorporated in October 2003 and was inactive during 2003. Development of the manufacturing process began in July 2004 after the acquisition and installation of necessary manufacturing equipment. Operations prior to that time were devoted primarily to securing orders and purchasing capital assets. In February 2005, we completed our manufacturing for Clipper Windpower the largest wind tower in the country to specifications, erected in Wyoming. Tower Tech entered into a Tower Production Agreement in May 2005 with Vestas Towers Inc., pursuant to which Tower Tech has become a preferred tower supplier to Vestas and towers were completed throughout the remainder of 2005 and the first quarter of 2006. The first purchase order under that agreement was a production run for Vestas that served as Tower Tech's "proving run," during which final adjustments were made to the capital and production plans. Following the proving run, Tower Tech temporarily suspended production in February 2006 while it focused on capital raising, production line improvements, and contract and purchase order negotiations with current and future customers. Therefore, we still considered the Company to be in the development stage at March 31, 2006.

We have a limited history of operations and through March 31, 2006, have generated limited revenues from our manufacturing operations. However, management believes that the chances for success are good, as wind energy is the fastest growing electricity-generating technology in the world, according to the Department of Energy's National Renewable Energy Laboratory in December 2004.

We have been unprofitable since inception in October 2003 and we expect to incur substantial additional operating losses for at least the foreseeable future as we continue to refine our manufacturing processes. Accordingly, our activities to date are not as broad in depth or scope as the activities we may undertake in the future, and our historical operations and financial information are not necessarily indicative of our future operating results. We have incurred net losses since inception. As of March 31, 2006, our accumulated deficit was $5,021,735.

The report of Tower Tech's independent registered public accounting firm on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2005, included an explanatory paragraph relating to the uncertainty of Tower Tech's ability to continue as a going concern. Tower Tech incurred a significant operating loss during the year ended December 31, 2005. At December 31, 2005, Tower Tech reported a negative working capital position of $5,220,309 and had a shareholders' deficit of $3,424,906. Furthermore, Tower Tech is highly leveraged with debt. These factors raise substantial doubt about Tower Tech's ability to continue as a going concern without additional debt or equity financing. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to reach a level of operations that would finance its day-to-day activities.

We have financed our operations and internal growth primarily through capital contributed by shareholders and borrowings from both shareholders and financial institutions. Management believes that the company has exhausted its ability to borrow additional funds and that additional capital for its operations would have to be raised through the sale of equity. Accordingly, management sought and closed the Acquisition transaction, as management believes it will enhance its ability to raise additional capital.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Management reviews its estimates on an on going basis. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. The following critical accounting policies relate to the more significant judgments and estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements:

REVENUE RECOGNITION. We recognize revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, transfer of title has occurred or services rendered, the selling price is fixed or determinable, collectibility is reasonably assured and delivery has occurred per the contract terms. Customer deposits and other receipts are generally deferred and recognized when earned. Revenue is recognized on a contract-by-contract basis. Depending on the terms of the contract, revenue may be earned by the building of tower sections, building a complete tower, or modification to existing towers or sections. Warranty costs are estimated and accrued based on historical rates or known costs of corrections.

INVENTORIES. Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market, with cost determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis. Market value encompasses consideration of all business factors including price, contract terms and usefulness.

PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT. Property and equipment are stated at cost. Expenditures for additions and improvements are capitalized while replacements, maintenance and repairs which do not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets are expensed currently as incurred. Properties sold or otherwise disposed of are removed from the property accounts, with gains or losses on disposal credited or charged to operations.

Depreciation, for financial reporting purposes, is provided over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets, which range from 5 to 15 years, using the straight-line method.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT. Research and development costs in the product development process are expensed as incurred. Assets that are acquired for research and development activities and have alternative future uses in addition to a current use are included in equipment and depreciated over the assets' estimated useful lives. Research and development costs consist primarily of contract engineering costs for outsourced design or development, equipment and material costs relating to all design and prototype development activities.

RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In May 2005, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Statement No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections." This new standard replaces APB Opinion No. 20, "Accounting Changes" and FASB Statement No. 3, "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements." Among other changes, Statement 154 requires that a voluntary change in accounting principle be applied retrospectively with all prior period financial statements presented on the new accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to do so. The new standard is effective for accounting changes and correction of errors made in fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2005. The adoption of FASB No. 154 did not have an impact on our consolidated financial position or results of operations.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

REVENUES. Tower Tech recognized its first revenue from sales in March 2005. For the three months ended March 31, 2005, net sales were $623,091 with cost of sales, $745,197, exceeding revenues due to extraordinary start-up and ramp-up costs. In comparison, net sales were $590,731 for the three months ended March 31, 2006 with cost of sales of $1,097,640. The production during the quarter ended March 31, 2006 was a continuation of our "proving run" efforts that started in the last quarter of 2005. During the proving run, all of which was performed on a labor-only basis, our operating division experienced operating inefficiencies that were identified and resolved during the period, resulting in an unusually high labor cost per tower of 2000 man-hours. We have developed a production modification plan from the proving run experience, including the replacement of non-performing welding equipment, adjustments to plant layout, automation of specific production elements, and adjustments to inspection and quality control activities that should drive the labor cost per tower down to 1050 man-hours.

MERGER TRANSACTION COSTS. Merger transaction costs consist primarily of consulting services provided by and direct expenses, such as legal and accounting fees and stock issuance costs, paid by Integritas, Inc. These services and expenses were directly related to the Acquisition transaction.

PRODUCT DEVELOPMENT EXPENSES. Product development expenses consist primarily of contract engineering costs for outsourced design or development, equipment and material costs relating to all design and prototype development activities. For the three months ended March 31, 2006, these expenses were $17,078, as compared to $-0- for the comparable period in 2005. Management expects these costs to vary in direct proportion to sales until such time as Tower Tech is operating at full capacity.

SELLING, GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES. Selling, general and administrative expenses increased from $167,574 in 2005 to $272,061 in 2006. This increase is primarily the result of being a public company in 2006, resulting in higher professional fees and administrative expenses.

INTEREST EXPENSE. Interest expense was $97,221 in 2006, compared to $33,574 for the comparable 2005 period. The increase was due to increases in corporate debt incurred to fund ramp-up and administrative costs as explained above.

NET LOSS. Net loss increased by $823,098 to $1,146,352 for the three months ended March 31, 2006 from a net loss of $323,254 for the comparable 2005 period. The larger net loss is largely a result of what management believes are ramp-up costs associated with the proving run production and certain administrative costs associated with the Acquisition transaction.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

We have financed our operations since inception primarily through capital contributed by shareholders and borrowing from shareholders and from financial institutions with personal guarantees being provided by the shareholders. From inception to March 31, 2006, shareholders contributed $227,925 in the form of free rent and $294,500 in the form of management salaries. At March 31, 2006, notes payable to related parties was $3,456,353 and long-term debt was $983,268.

At March 31, 2006, we had cash of $6,445 and a working capital deficiency of $5,963,261, as compared to cash of $166,023 and a working capital deficiency of $5,220,309 at December 31, 2005. The decrease in cash and increase in the working capital deficiency were due primarily to the loss for the three-month period, as cash used in operating activities was $301,258 for the three months ended March 31, 2006 as compared to $126,214 for the 2005 period.

PLAN OF OPERATION

We expect to continue to incur negative cash flows and net losses for at least the foreseeable future. Based upon our current plans, management believes that it will need external funding of approximately $7,000,000 to cover its operational and capital expenses through the end of the current fiscal year. However, changes in our business strategy, relationship with Vestas, or marketing plans or other events affecting its operating plans and expenses may result in the expenditure of existing cash before that time. If this occurs, our ability to meet our cash obligations as they become due and payable will depend on our ability to sell securities, borrow funds or some combination thereof. We may not be successful in raising necessary funds on acceptable terms, or at all.

We will remain focused on manufacturing and selling wind towers and monopiles to the wind energy industry over the next twelve months. We will improve our manufacturing production process through the acquisition of additional efficiency-enhancing equipment as well as the implementation of throughput-enhancing production methodologies. We do not anticipate that we will add a significant number of new employees as we increase our plant capacity from 50 towers per year to 150, and, in fact, project that our total employment may actually decline during capacity expansion with the addition of this labor-saving equipment and these significant process improvements. We have also applied to become a "Port-of-Entry" in order to secure further improvements in efficiency and to make the plant more competitive in the future.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of March 31, 2006, we did not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

The forward-looking comments contained in this discussion involve risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those discussed here due to factors such as, among others, limited operating history, difficulty in developing and refining manufacturing operations, and competition.

ITEM 3. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As required by SEC rules, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures at the end of the period covered by this report. This evaluation was carried out under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer. Based on this evaluation, these officers have concluded that the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures are effective. There were no changes in our internal control over financial reporting or in other factors that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Disclosure controls and procedures are our controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported, within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports that we file under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

The delay in filing this report has been due primarily to Tower Tech's disclosure controls and procedures. At December 31, 2005, Tower Tech was still a private company and had not established adequate disclosure controls and procedures. Management believes, however, that Tower Tech is making progress in this regard.

Additionally, the Company does not have a formal audit committee, its board of directors oversees the responsibilities of the audit committee. The board is fully aware that there is a lack of segregation of duties due to the small number of employees dealing with general administrative and financial matters. However, the board has determined that considering the employees involved and the control procedures in place, risks associated with such a lack of segregation are insignificant and the potential benefits of adding employees to clearly segregate duties does not justify the expenses associated with such increases at this time.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

None.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Previously reported on the Form 8-K dated February 7, 2006, filed February 10, 2006.

ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES

None.

ITEM 4. SUBMISSION OF MATTERS TO A VOTE OF SECURITY HOLDERS

Stockholders of the registrant holding a majority of the outstanding shares of common stock took the following actions pursuant to the written consent, dated as of December 21, 2005, to be effective February 6, 2006:

o the Exchange Agreement with Tower Tech Systems, Inc. was approved;

o the Articles of Incorporation were amended to increase the authorized shares of common stock from 25,000,000 to 100,000,000 and 10,000,000 shares of preferred stock were authorized; and

o the Articles of Incorporation were amended to change the name of the registrant from Blackfoot Enterprises, Inc. to Tower Tech Holdings Inc.

ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

REGULATION S-B NUMBER	EXHIBIT
2.1	Share Exchange Agreement by and among Blackfoot Enterprises, Inc. and the shareholders of Tower Tech Systems, Inc. and Tower Tech Systems, Inc. dated as of November 7, 2005 (1)
3.1	Articles of Incorporation (2)
3.2	Certificate of Amendment to Articles of Incorporation (3)

REGULATION S-B NUMBER	EXHIBIT
3.3	Bylaws (2)
10.1	Tower Production Agreement (4)
10.2	Associated Bank loan documents (4)
10.3	Wisconsin Business Development Finance Corporation loan documents (4)
10.4	Lease agreement with City Centre, LLC (4)
10.5	Promissory note to BFM LLC dated January 28, 2005 (4)
10.6	Promissory note to Choice Inc dated May 25, 2005 (4)
10.7	Promissory note to 43 Enterprises dated October 20, 2005 (4)
10.8	Promissory note to Choice Inc. dated October 21, 2005 (4)
10.9	Promissory note to City Centre LLC dated November 11, 2005 (4)
10.10	Promissory note to City Centre LLC dated December 30, 2005 (4)
10.11	Line of credit agreements with related parties (4)
21.1	Subsidiaries of Tower Tech Holdings Inc. (4)
31.1	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer
31.2	Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer
32.1	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of Chief Executive Officer
32.2	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 of Chief Financial Officer

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(1) Incorporated by reference to the exhibits to the registrant's current report on Form 8-K, filed November 21, 2005.

(2) Incorporated by reference to the exhibits to the registrant's registration statement on Form 10-SB filed August 11, 2000.

(3) Incorporated by reference to the exhibits to the registrant's current report on Form 8-K, filed February 10, 2006.

(4) Incorporated by reference to the exhibits to the registrant's annual report for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

SIGNATURES

In accordance with the requirements of the Exchange Act, the registrant caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

TOWER TECH HOLDINGS INC.

May 19, 2006	*By: /s/ SAMUEL W. FAIRCHILD*
	Samuel W. Fairchild *Interim Chief Executive Officer*
May 19, 2006	*By: /s/ DANIEL P. WERGIN*
	Daniel P. Wergin *Chief Financial Officer*

EXHIBIT 31.1

RULE 13A-14(a) CERTIFICATION

I, Samuel W. Fairchild, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB of Tower Tech Holdings Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the small business issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The small business issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the small business issuer and have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) evaluated the effectiveness of the small business issuer's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) disclosed in this report any change in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the small business issuer's most recent fiscal quarter (the small business issuer's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The small business issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the small business issuer's auditors and the audit committee of the small business issuer's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the small business issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information;

and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 19, 2006

/s/ SAMUEL W. FAIRCHILD

Samuel W. Fairchild
Interim Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 31.2

RULE 13A-14(a) CERTIFICATION

I, Daniel P. Wergin, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-QSB of Tower Tech Holdings Inc.;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows of the small business issuer as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The small business issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the small business issuer and have:

a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the small business issuer, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;

b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;

c) evaluated the effectiveness of the small business issuer's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and

d) disclosed in this report any change in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the small business issuer's most recent fiscal quarter (the small business issuer's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The small business issuer's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the small business issuer's auditors and the audit committee of the small business issuer's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the small business issuer's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information;

and

b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the small business issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 19, 2006

/s/ DANIEL P. WERGIN
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Daniel P. Wergin
Chief Financial Officer

EXHIBIT 32.1

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO**

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Tower Tech Holdings Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-QSB for the period ending March 31, 2006, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Samuel W. Fairchild, Interim Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ SAMUEL W. FAIRCHILD

Samuel W. Fairchild
Interim Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 32.2

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO**

SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Tower Tech Holdings Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-QSB for the period ending March 31, 2006, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Daniel P. Wergin, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ DANIEL P. WERGIN

Daniel P. Wergin
Chief Financial Officer