

NATIONAL FUEL GAS CO

FORM 8-K (Current report filing)

Filed 09/09/11 for the Period Ending 09/09/11

Address 6363 MAIN STREET

WILLIAMSVILLE, NY 14221-5887

Telephone 716-857-7000

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Symbol NFG

SIC Code 4924 - Natural Gas Distribution

Industry Natural Gas Utilities

Sector Utilities

Fiscal Year 09/30



UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): September 9, 2011

NATIONAL FUEL GAS COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

New Jersey (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 1-3880 (Commission File Number) 13-1086010 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

6363 Main Street, Williamsville, New York (Address of principal executive offices) 14221 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (716) 857-7000

Former name or former address, if changed since last report: Not Applicable

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- \square Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- □ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- □ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

National Fuel Gas Company (the "Company") will conduct a presentation for financial analysts in New York City on September 9, 2011. A copy of materials to be presented by the Company is furnished as part of this Current Report as Exhibit 99.

Neither the furnishing of the presentation as an exhibit to this Current Report nor the inclusion in such presentation of any reference to the Company's internet address shall, under any circumstances, be deemed to incorporate the information available at such internet address into this Current Report. The information available at the Company's internet address is not part of this Current Report or any other report filed or furnished by the Company with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

In addition to financial measures calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), the presentation furnished as part of this Current Report as Exhibit 99 contains certain non-GAAP financial measures. The Company believes that such non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors because they provide an alternative method for assessing the Company's operating results in a manner that is focused on the performance of the Company's ongoing operations. The Company's management uses these non-GAAP financial measures for the same purpose, and for planning and forecasting purposes. The presentation of non-GAAP financial measures is not meant to be a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Certain statements contained herein or in the materials furnished as part of this Current Report, including statements regarding estimated future earnings and statements that are identified by the use of the words "anticipates," "expects," "forecasts," "intends," "plans," "predicts," "projects," "believes," "seeks," "will" and "may" and similar expressions, are "forward-looking statements" as defined by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. There can be no assurance that the Company's projections will in fact be achieved nor do these projections reflect any acquisitions or divestitures that may occur in the future. While the Company's expectations, beliefs and projections are expressed in good faith and are believed to have a reasonable basis, actual results may differ materially from those projected in forward-looking statement speaks only as of the date on which it is made. In addition to other factors, the following are important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements: financial and economic conditions, including the availability of credit, and occurrences affecting the Company's ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms for working capital, capital expenditures and other investments, including any downgrades in the Company's credit ratings and changes in interest rates and other capital market conditions; changes in economic conditions, including global, national or regional recessions, and their effect on the demand for, and customers' ability to pay for, the Company's products and services; the creditworthiness or performance of the Company's key suppliers, customers and counterparties; economic disruptions or uninsured losses resulting from terrorist activities, acts of war, major accidents, fires, severe weather, pest infestation or natural disasters; factors affecting the Company's ability to successfully identify, drill for and produce economically viable natural gas and oil reserves, including among oth

unavailability of equipment and services required in drilling operations, insufficient gathering, processing and transportation capacity, the need to obtain governmental approvals and permits, and compliance with environmental laws and regulations; changes in laws and regulations to which the Company is subject, including those involving derivatives, taxes, safety, employment, climate change, other environmental matters, and exploration and production activities such as hydraulic fracturing; uncertainty of oil and gas reserve estimates; significant differences between the Company's projected and actual production levels for natural gas or oil; significant changes in market dynamics or competitive factors affecting the Company's ability to retain existing customers or obtain new customers; changes in demographic patterns and weather conditions; changes in the availability and/or price of natural gas or oil and the effect of such changes on the accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments; impairments under the SEC's full cost ceiling test for natural gas and oil reserves; changes in the availability and/or cost of derivative financial instruments; changes in the price differential between similar quantities of natural gas at different geographic locations, and the effect of such changes on the demand for pipeline transportation capacity to or from such locations; other changes in price differentials between similar quantities of oil or natural gas having different quality, heating value or geographic location; changes in the projected profitability of pending or potential projects, investments or transactions; significant differences between the Company's projected and actual capital expenditures and operating expenses; delays or changes in costs or plans with respect to Company projects or related projects of other companies, including difficulties or delays in obtaining necessary governmental approvals, permits or orders or in obtaining the cooperation of interconnecting facility operators; governmental/regulatory actions, initiatives and proceedings, including those involving derivatives, acquisitions, financings, rate cases (which address, among other things, allowed rates of return, rate design and retained natural gas), affiliate relationships, industry structure, franchise renewal, and environmental/safety requirements; unanticipated impacts of restructuring initiatives in the natural gas and electric industries; ability to successfully identify and finance acquisitions or other investments and ability to operate and integrate existing and any subsequently acquired business or properties; changes in actuarial assumptions, the interest rate environment and the return on plan/trust assets related to the Company's pension and other post-retirement benefits, which can affect future funding obligations and costs and plan liabilities; significant changes in tax rates or policies or in rates of inflation or interest; significant changes in the Company's relationship with its employees or contractors and the potential adverse effects if labor disputes, grievances or shortages were to occur; changes in accounting principles or the application of such principles to the Company; the cost and effects of legal and administrative claims against the Company or activist shareholder campaigns to effect changes at the Company, increasing health care costs and the resulting effect on health insurance premiums and on the obligation to provide other postretirement benefits; or increasing costs of insurance, changes in coverage and the ability to obtain insurance. The Company disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date thereof.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit 99 Furnished presentation materials

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

NATIONAL FUEL GAS COMPANY

By: /s/ J AMES R. P ETERSON

James R. Peterson
Assistant Secretary

Dated: September 9, 2011

EXHIBIT INDEX

Exhibit Number

Description

99

Furnished presentation materials







Investor Presentation

Analyst Day September 9, 2011

National Fuel Gas Company Schedule of Speakers

ä		
8:00 -8:20 am	Dave Smith Chairman & Chief Executive Officer	Corporate Overview
8:20 -8:35 am	Matt Cabell President -Seneca Resources Corporation	Exploration & Production Overview
8:35 –9:00 am	John McGinnis Senior Vice PresidentSeneca Resources Corporatio	Exploration & Production nGeology/New Plays
9:00 -9:20 am	Barry McMahan Senior Vice PresidentSeneca Resources Corporatio	Exploration & Production nOperations/Environment
9:20 –9:40 am	Ron Tanski President and Chief Operating Officer	Pipeline & Storage Midstream
9:40 –9:50 am	Anna Marie Cellino President -National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation	Utility Overview n
9:50 -10:10 am	Dave Bauer Treasurer and Principal Financial Officer	Financial Update
10:10 -10:45 am	Question & Answer Session	



September 9, 2011

National Fuel Gas Company Safe Harbor For Forward Looking Statements

This presentation may contain "forward-looking statements" as defined by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including statements regarding future prospects, plans, performance and capital structure, anticipated capital expenditures and completion of construction projects, as well as statements that are identified by the use of the words "anticipates," "estimates," "expects," "forecasts," "intends," "plans," "predicts," "projects," "believes," "seeks," "will," "may," and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results or outcomes to differ materially from those expressed in the forward-looking statements. The Company's expectations, beliefs and projections contained herein are expressed in good faith and are believed to have a reasonable basis, but there can be no assurance that such expectations, beliefs or projections will result or be achieved or accomplished.

In addition to other factors, the following are important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from results referred to in the forward-looking statements: financial and economic conditions, including the availability of credit, and occurrences affecting the Company's ability to obtain financing on acceptable terms for working capital, capital expenditures and other investments, including any downgrades in the Company's credit ratings and changes in interest rates and other capital market conditions; changes in economic conditions, including global, national or regional recessions, and their effect on the demand for, and customers' ability to pay for, the Company's products and services; the creditworthiness or performance of the Company's key suppliers, customers and counterparties; economic disruptions or uninsured losses resulting from terrorist activities, acts of war, major accidents, fires, severe weather, pest infestation or natural disasters; factors affecting the Company's ability to successfully identify, drill for and produce economically viable natural gas and oil reserves, including among others geology, lease availability, weather conditions, shortages, delays or unavailability of equipment and services required in drilling operations, insufficient gathering, processing and transportation capacity, the need to obtain governmental approvals and permits, and compliance with environmental laws and regulations; changes in laws and regulations to which the Company is subject, including those involving derivatives, taxes, safety, employment, climate change, other environmental matters, and exploration and production activities such as hydraulic fracturing; uncertainty of oil and gas reserve estimates; significant differences between the Company's projected and actual production levels for natural gas or oil; significant changes in market dynamics or competitive factors affecting the Company's ability to retain existing customers or obtain new customers; changes in demographic patterns and weather conditions; changes in the availability and/or price of natural gas or oil and the effect of such changes on the accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments; impairments under the SEC's full cost ceiling test for natural gas and oil reserves; changes in the availability and/or cost of derivative financial instruments; changes in the price differential between similar quantities of natural gas at different geographic locations, and the effect of such changes on the demand for pipeline transportation capacity to or from such locations; other changes in price differentials between similar quantities of oil or natural gas having different quality, heating value, geographic location or delivery date; changes in the projected profitability of pending or potential projects, investments or transactions; significant differences between the Company's projected and actual capital expenditures and operating expenses; delays or changes in costs or plans with respect to the Company's projects or related projects of other companies, including difficulties or delays in obtaining necessary governmental approvals, permits or orders or in obtaining the cooperation of interconnecting facility operators; governmental/regulatory actions, initiatives and proceedings, including those involving derivatives, acquisitions, financings, rate cases (which address, among other things, allowed rates of return, rate design and retained natural gas), affiliate relationships, industry structure, franchise renewal, and environmental/safety requirements; unanticipated impacts of restructuring initiatives in the natural gas and electric industries; ability to successfully identify and finance acquisitions or other investments and ability to operate and integrate existing and any subsequently acquired business or properties; changes in actuarial assumptions, the interest rate environment and the return on plan/trust assets related to the Company's pension and other post-retirement benefits, which can affect future funding obligations and costs and plan liabilities; significant changes in tax rates or policies or in rates of inflation or interest; significant changes in the Company's relationship with its employees or contractors and the potential adverse effects if labor disputes, grievances or shortages were to occur; changes in accounting principles or the application of such principles to the Company; the cost and effects of legal and administrative claims against the Company or activist shareholder campaigns to effect changes at the Company; increasing health care costs and the resulting effect on health insurance premiums and on the obligation to provide other post-retirement benefits; or increasing costs of insurance, changes in coverage and the ability to obtain insurance.

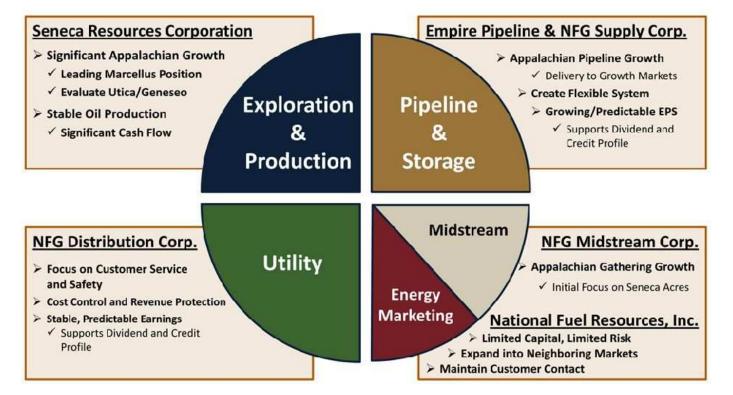
Forward-looking statements include estimates of oil and gas quantities. Proved oil and gas reserves are those quantities of oil and gas which, by analysis of geoscience and engineering data, can be estimated with reasonable certainty to be economically producible under existing economic conditions, operating methods and government regulations. Other estimates of oil and gas quantities, including estimates of probable reserves, possible reserves, and resource potential, are by their nature more speculative than estimates of proved reserves. Accordingly, estimates other than proved reserves are subject to substantially greater risk of being actually realized. Investors are urged to consider closely the disclosure in our Form 10-K available at www.nationalfuelgas.com. You can also obtain this form on the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

For a discussion of the risks set forth above and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from results referred to in the forward-looking statements, see "Risk Factors" in the Company's Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010 and the Company's Forms 10-Q for the periods ended December 31, 2010, March 31, 2011 and June 30, 2011. The Company disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date thereof or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.



Core Businesses

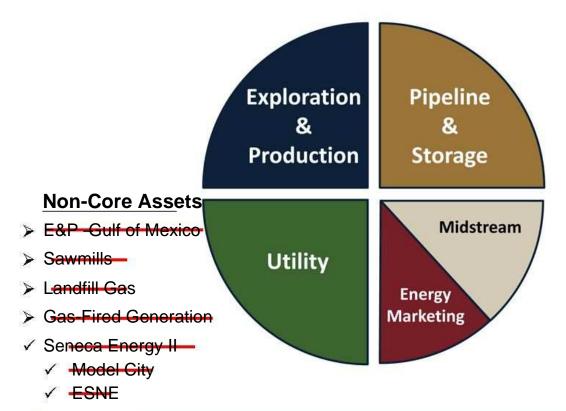
Integrated Business Structure





Core Businesses

Integrated Business Structure

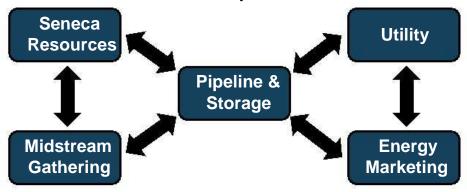




September 9, 2011

National Fuel Gas Company

Unique Asset Mix Creates Operational Value



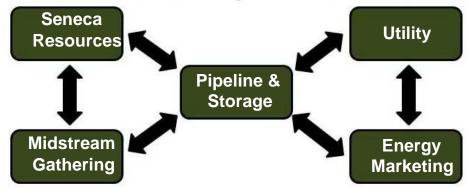
- Theinterconnected nature of the current assetmix creates many operational efficiencies and synergies
 - ✓ TheCompany'sgatheringandinterstatepipelinenetwork,opportunitiesand capabilities allow for largely unfettered growth in Seneca's production
 - ✓ NationalFuelResourceandthe NFGDistributionCorporationarelargecustomerson the interstatepipelineandstoragenetwork
 - Manyinternal resources including facilities and employees are shared and partially allocated to subsidiaries leading to efficiencies and streamline operations



National Fuel Gas Company

September 9, 2011

Our Business Mix Leads to Long-Term Value Creation



- The strategic and financial benefits created by the integrated mix of businesses has continued to generate significant long-term value for the Company
 - ✓ The mix of rate-regulated and non-regulated businesses have generated total shareholder returns that have outperformed over the long-term
 - ✓ Therate-regulated eturns which are not commodity prices ensitive provide downside protection while unregulated returns provide significant upside opportunity
 - Coordinated development of infrastructure and Marcellus acreage improves the present value of all operations
 - ✓ The Company's strong credit profile lowers the cost of capital for all of our businesses.



National Fuel Gas Company

Seneca Resources Joint Venture Discussions

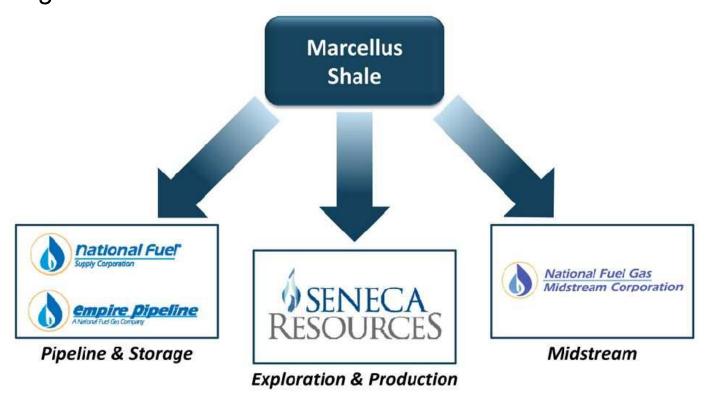


- ✓ Initial acreage price targets met by several parties
- ✓ Several other negotiating points, each with an associated value or other significant consequence, were not mutually agreed upon
- ✓ Aggressive growth plans were more compelling than any current joint venture opportunity
 - Not capital constrained



September 9, 2011

National Fuel Gas Company Significant Growth Related to the Marcellus Shale





September 9, 2011

National Fuel Gas Company

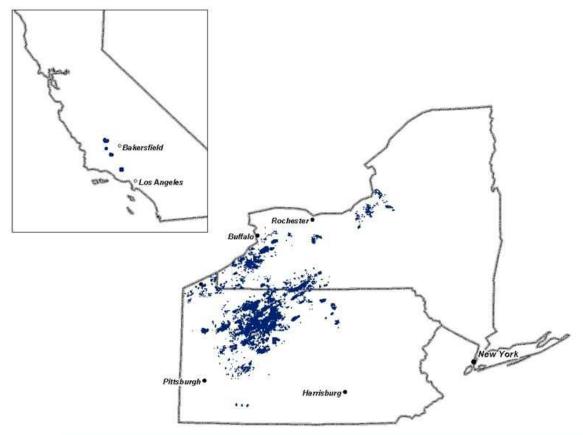
2014 –Where We Are Headed

- Significant Ramp Up in Capital Expenditures to Fuel Marcellus Expansion
 - 2011 to 2014: Growing Capital Expenditures at an 18% CAGR
 - 2014 Forecasted Capital Spending: \$1.3 to \$1.6 Billion
- Rapidly Growing Production Through Marcellus Development
 - 2011 to 2014: Growing Production at a 41% CAGR
 - 2014 Forecasted Production: 16000 Bcfe
- **Transform the Pipeline & Storage Segment**
 - 2011 to 2014: Growing Throughput at a 20% CAGR
 - 2014 Forecasted Throughput: ~600 Bcf
- **Maintain a Strong Balance Sheet**
 - Will be able to maintain targeted Equity-to-Capitalization of 55% to 65%

Cash from Operations is forecasted to double from 2011 to 2014



Exploration & Production





Our Growth Story

- Not the same company we were just a few years ago
- Will continue to grow dramatically
 - ✓ Production and reserves expected to triple or quadruple from 2010 to 2014
- Held over 700,000 Marcellus acres before the play received any attention
- Have since added another 40,000 acres in the core of the play
- In addition to Marcellus, Seneca has acreage in emerging plays:
 - ✓ Utica Shale: significant untested potential
 - ✓ Geneseo Shale (Upper Devonian): ~300,000 prospective acres
- Outstanding oil producing assets in California provide steady production and cash flow



Major Transformation Over the Past Five Years



- Capital Expenditures
 - 2006:70%Gulf of Mexico and Canada
- Production
 - 2006-2009:DecliningProduction
- 3-Year Average F&D Cost
 - **2006-2008:**\$7.63per Mcfe

- > Capital Expenditures
 - Gulf of Mexico and Canada have been sold.
 - 2011:90% for Marcellus Shale
- > Production
 - 2010-2013:Productionexpectedto triple
- > 3-Year Average F&D Cost
 - **2008-2010:**\$2.37per Mcfe

From Gulf of Mexico Wildcatting to Marcellus Resource Development



Top Tier Acreage and Resource Position

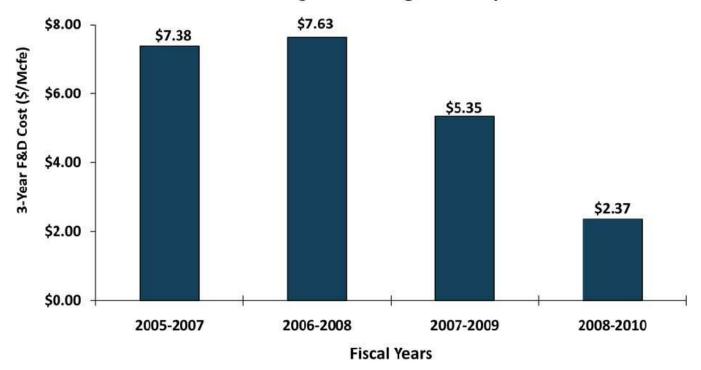
	Proved Reserves (at Sept. 30, 2010)
California	55.5 MMBoe (333 Bcfe)
Shallow Devonian	131 Bcfe
Marcellus	202 Bcfe

	Prospective Net Acres	Resource Potential
Marcellus Shale	745,000	8-15 TCFE
Geneseo Shale	300,000	TBD
Utica Shale	TBD	TBD



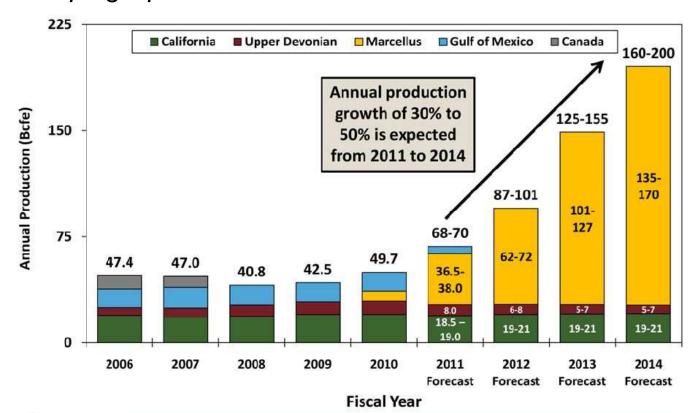
Continued Improvement in Finding & Development Costs

Three Year Average U.S Finding & Development Cost



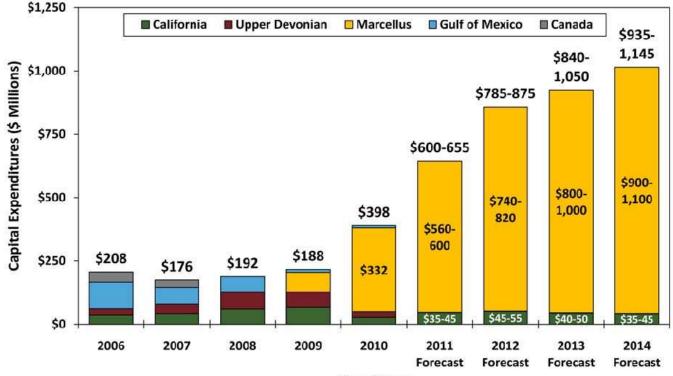


Ramping Up Production Growth





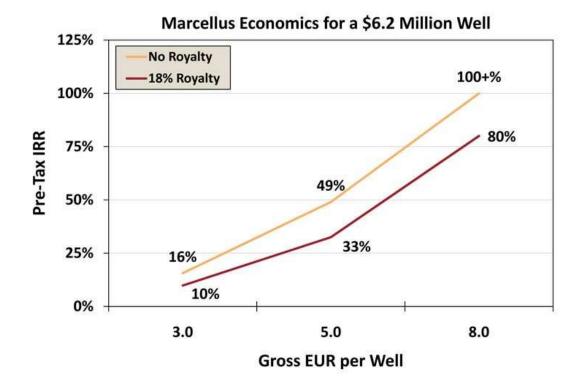
Capital Spending Shifting to the Marcellus







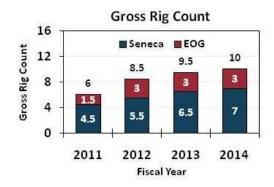
Marcellus Acreage Position Provides Superior Economics



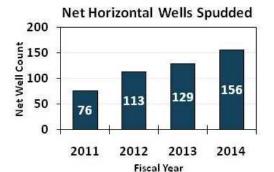


⁽¹⁾ Pre-Tax IRR determined using the NYMEX forward strip as of August 19, 2011

Marcellus Shale Strategic Development Plan



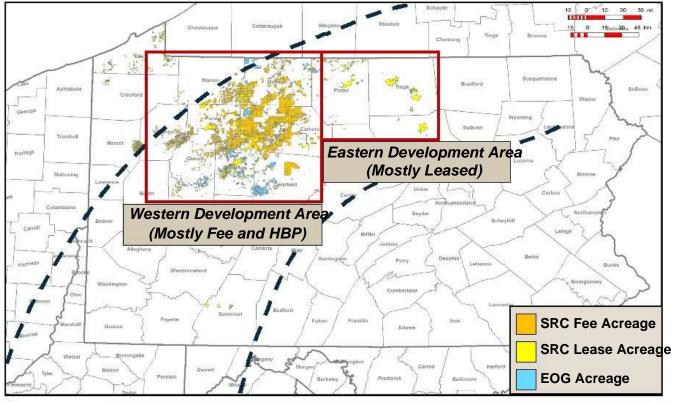
- Aggressively Develop our excellent Tioga and Lycoming County leasehold
- Systematically evaluate western acreage



- Begin development of western acres that are "de-risked"
- Continue participation with EOG on Joint Venture acreage

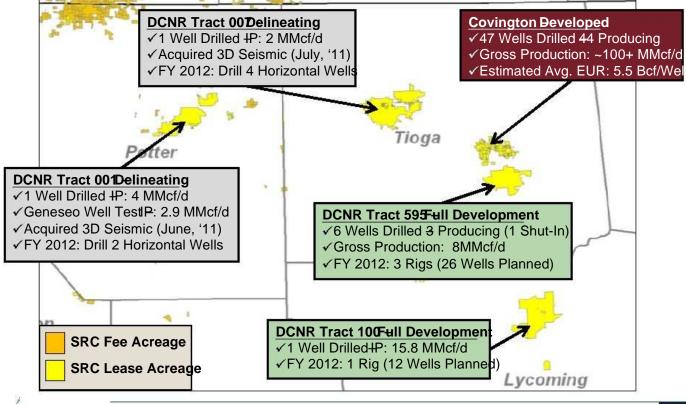


Seneca's Development Areas



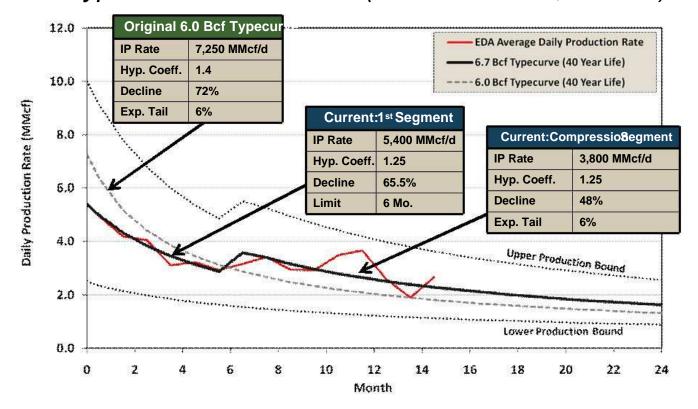


Eastern Development Area (EDAResults & Plan Forward



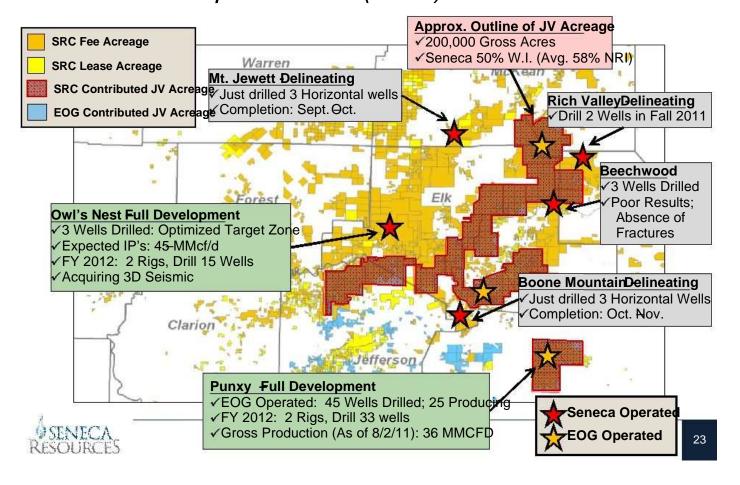


EDA Typecurve6.7 Bcfe EUR (Greater Than 3,500teral)





Western Development Area (WDAResults & Plan Forward



Geotechnical Keys to Success

1. 3D Seismic Data

- Impacts surface location, lateral length and target zone by imaging faults and structure
- Attribute and fracture analyses being conducted to determine if natural fractures and stress regime can be identified

2. Natural Fractures

Impacts Initial Production (IP) & Estimated Ultimate Recovery (EUR) per well; Varies by area.

3. Target Zone

Impacts IP & EUR per well; Varies by area.

4. Stress Regime

> Impacts completion efficiency; Varies by area.

5. Optimize Lateral Length

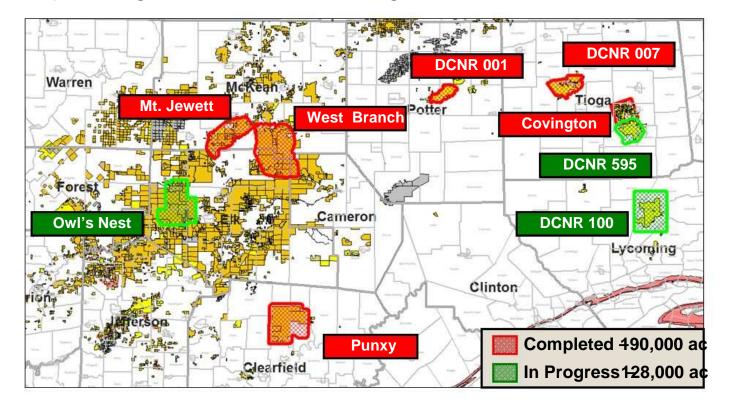
Cost versus IP/EUR per well; Currently evaluating.



September 9, 2011

Marcellus Shale

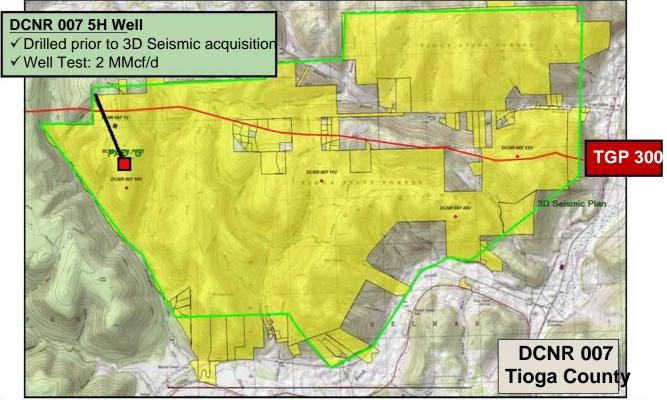
Expanding 3D Seismic Coverage





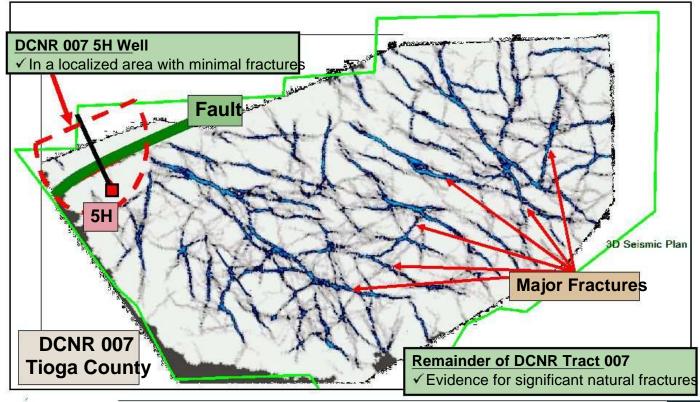


Importance of 3D Seismic in Identifying Fractures



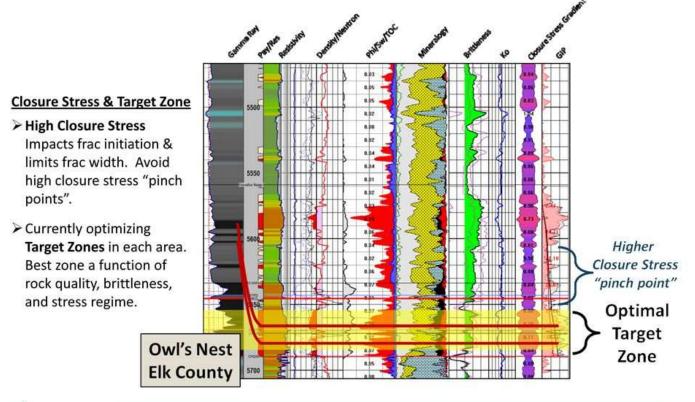


3D Seismic Analysis: Fracture Patterns?





Importance of Closure Stress & Target Zone

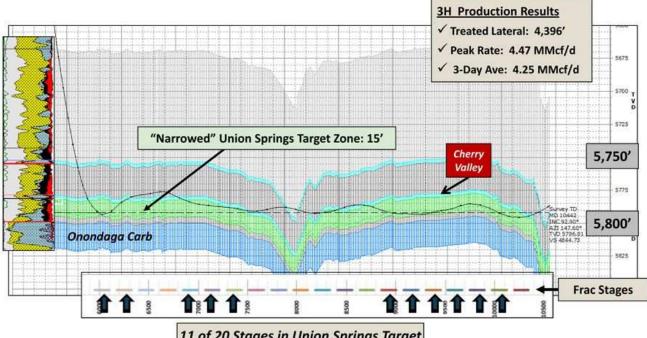


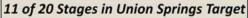




Owl's Nest Improved IP's by Optimizing The Target Zone

Moving into Full Development







Breaking Down Our Acreage Position

		Dagoible	- 4	Wells	_	
0.000	Not Agree	Possible	Welle Drilled		EUD (Dofo)	Ctatus
Area		Locations	Wells Drilled	Completed	EUR (BCTE)	Status
Eastern Development Area (EDA)					9	
Covington	7,000	47	47	44	5.5	Developed
595	6,000	55	4	4	7.0	Full Development
100	10,000	70	1	1	8.0	Full Development
007	15,000	75	1	1	3.0 -5.0	Delineating
001	13,000	58	1	1	3.0 -5.0	Delineating
Other EDA	4,000	10	-	-	3.0 -8.0	Untested
	55,000	315	54	51		
Western Development Area (W	DA)					ì
Owl's Nest / Ridgeway	91,000	680	3	3	4.0	Full Development
Mt. Jewett	25,000	232	4	1	3.0 -5.0	Delineating
James City	30,000	340	1	1	3.0 -5.0	Delineating
Boone Mtn	8,500	59	4	1	3.0 -5.0	Delineating
Rich Valley	30,000	188	-	-	4.0 -5.0	Delineating
WDA Other	337,000	2,654	4	3	2.0 -6.0	Untested
	521,500	4,153	16	9	j	
EOG Operated				j		
Punxy	12,000	87	45	25	4.0	Full Development
West Branch	12,500	121	7	5	3.0 -5.0	Delineating
Clermont	10,000	96	2	2	3.0 -5.0	Delineating
Brady	13,500	113	- (-	4.0 -5.0	Untested
EOG Other	120,500	502	2	2	2.0 -5.0	Untested
	168,500	919	56	34		
Seneca Resources Total	745,000	5,387	126	94		



Strategic Plan Moving Forward

Fiscal Year 2012

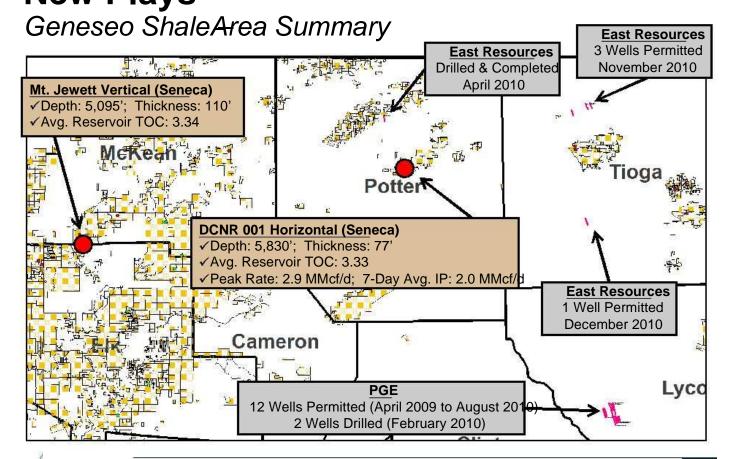
- ✓ Eastern Development Area
 - Move forward with full development of DCNR 100 (Lycoming) and DCNR 595 (Tioga)
 - Drill several additional delineation wells in DCNR 007 (Tioga) and DCNR 001 (Potter) with recently acquired 3D seismic data
- ✓ Western Development Area
 - Acquire 3D seismic in Owl's Nest (Elk) and begin full development
 - Continue delineation throughout the WDA, including Mt. Jewett (McKean),
 Boone Mountain (Elk) and Rich Valley (Cameron)
- ✓ EOG-Operated Joint Venture
 - Continue o fully participate on all development and delineation wells

2013 and Beyond

- ✓ Eastern Development Area
 - Ongoing full development
- ✓ Western Development Area
 - Full development at Owl's Nest area and other fully delineated areas
 - Continue delineation of new areas
- ✓ EOG-Operated Joint Venture
 - Continue fully participate on all development and delineation wells



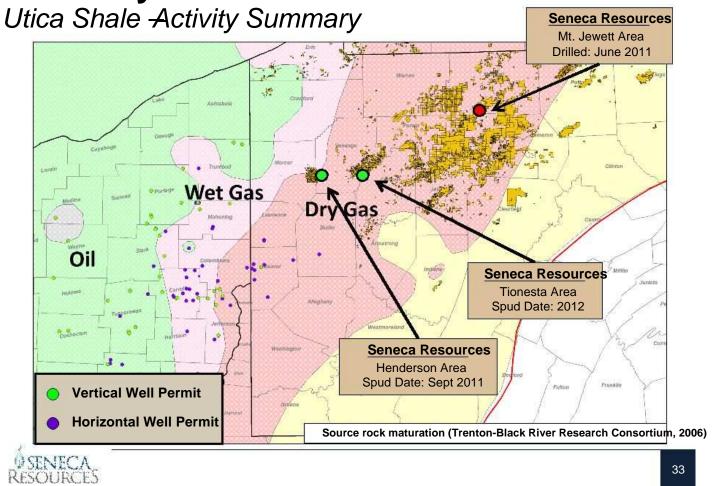
New Plays





New Plays

September 9, 2011



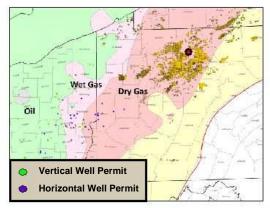
September 9, 2011

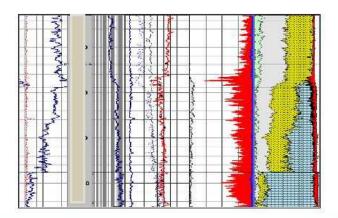
New Plays

Utica Program Update

Seneca Resources recently drilled a vertical Utica/Pt. Pleasant strat test in McKean County, PA. Preliminary results are encouraging.

- ▶400 feet of gross reservoir at a depth of 10,000'
- > Potential pay spans the Utica, Pt. Pleasant and portions of the Trenton Formations
- > Reservoir quality is similar to that of the shallower Marcellus
- > Mineralogy is considerably different from the Marcellus



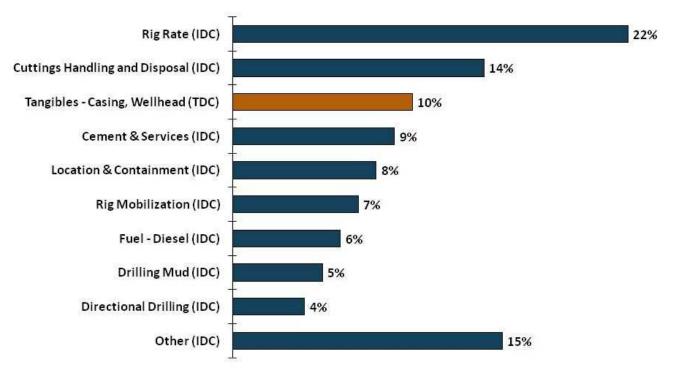




September 9, 2011

Marcellus Shale

Drilling Cost Distribution

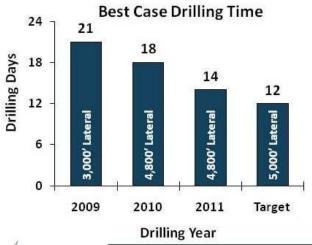


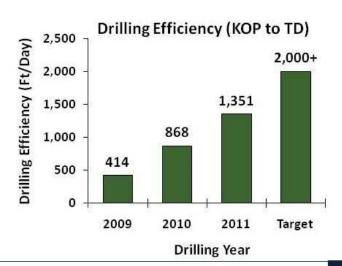
Estimate 2011 Developmen Well Drilling Cost \$2.5 Million (4,500' Lateral)



Continuously Improving Drilling Efficiency

	Wells per Pad	Average Lateral Length		Drill & Suspend Cost (\$MM per Well)
Estimated 2011 Drill Cos	st 6-8	4,500'	22	\$2.5
Target	6-8	4,500'	15	\$1.7



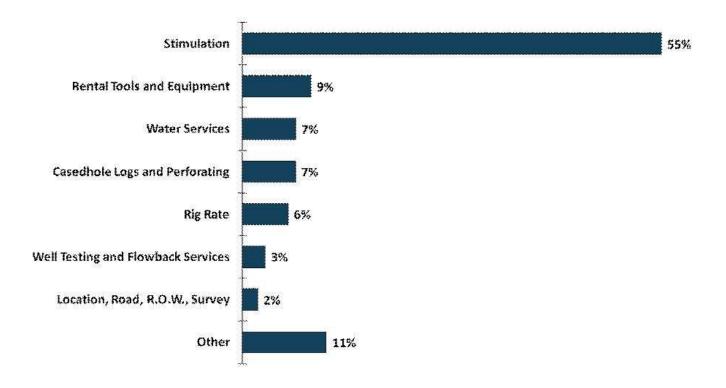




September 9, 2011

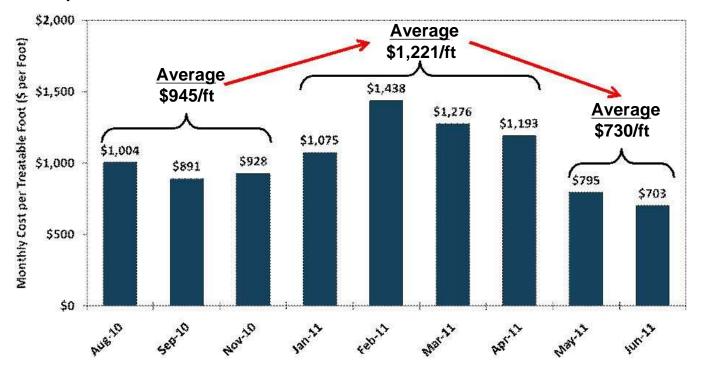
Marcellus Shale

Completion Cost Distribution





Completion Cost Trends



Completion costs have been recently improving in the Marcellus



Operational Efficiencies Drive Cost Savings

Long-Term Frac Contract Equipment
Ownership
(Frac Tanks, etc...)

Pad Cost Reduction (Rig Mats, Concrete Pads, etc...)

Increased Wells per Pad

Proppant & Chemica Sourcing

Improved Efficiency
Leads to
Improved Costs

Natural Gas Powere Rigs

Concentrated Regional Development External Casing Packers

Well Length	Drilling Cost	Total Drilling Cost	Completion Cost	Total Completion Cost	Total D&C Cost
2011 Estimate 4,500'Lateral	\$556/Ft	\$2.5 MM	\$800/Ft	\$3.6 MM	\$6.1 MM
Target	\$378/Ft	\$1.7 MM	\$700/Ft	\$3.15 MM	\$4.85 MM



Cost Savings from Multi-Well Pad Drilling

1 Well per Pad

Location & Road Costs

- \$600,000 per well
- > Rig Mobilization
 - \$600,000 per well
- Ancillary Drilling Costs (Trucking, etc..)
 - \$150,000 per well
- Frac Mobilization
 - \$7,000 per well
- Water Hauling vs. Infrastructure
 - \$200,000 per well

6 Wells per Pad

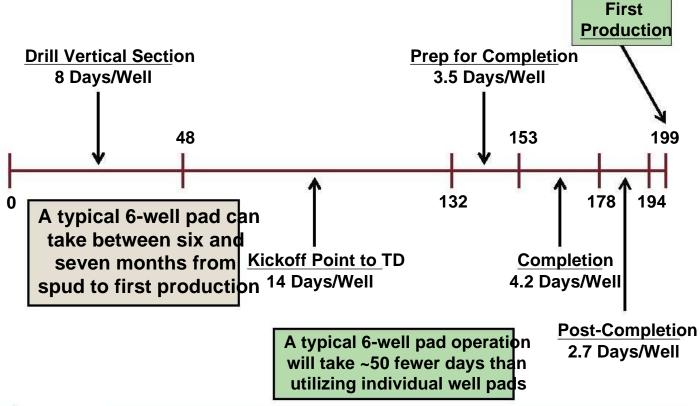
- Location & Road Costs
 - \$100,000 per well
- Rig Mobilization
 - \$100,000 per well
- Ancillary Drilling Costs (Trucking, etc..)
 - \$25,000 per well
- Frac Mobilization
 - \$1,200 per well
- > Water Hauling vs. Infrastructure
 - \$50,000 per well

Cost Savings of Pad Drilling: ~\$1.2 Million per Well



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Understanding Multi-Well Pad Drilling





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Water Management Program

Water Sourcing:

- ✓ Coal mine runoff
- ✓ Permitted freshwater sources
- ✓ Recycled water

Water Management:

- ✓ Instituted a "Zero Surface Discharglicy
- ✓ Recycle Marcellus flowback and produced water
- ✓ Centralized water handing in development areas
 - Tioga County DCNR 595 and Covington
 - Lycoming CountyD€NR 100
 - Elk County@wl's Nest
- √ Installing new evaporative technology
- ✓ Investigating underground injection

Seneca is committed to protecting the surface from any type of pollution





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"Zero Liquid Discharge Operation"

- Utilizing a state-of-the-art evaporative technology to ensure no liquid is discharged at the surface
 - ✓ Building centrally located units in the Western Developme(W 🖾 A) and the Eastern Development Area (EDA)
 - ✓ Removes all liquids from the production stream
 - ✓ Has the ability to be powered by the waste heat from a compressor station
 - ✓ End products:
 - √ Non-hazardous solidified salt material
 - ✓ Clean water vapor emissions





Seneca Resources

Leading Environmental Commitment

www.FracFocus.org

- Seneca discloses its hydraulic fracturing data
- > Testing "Green Fluids"
- > Refueling Standards
- Evaluate shallow geology and shallow water systems
- Developed Best Practices for design and cementing of production casing





California

Stable Production and Strong Cash Flows



➤ Net Acreage: 11,833 Acres

➤ Net Wells: 1,322

> Oil Gravity: 1237° Api

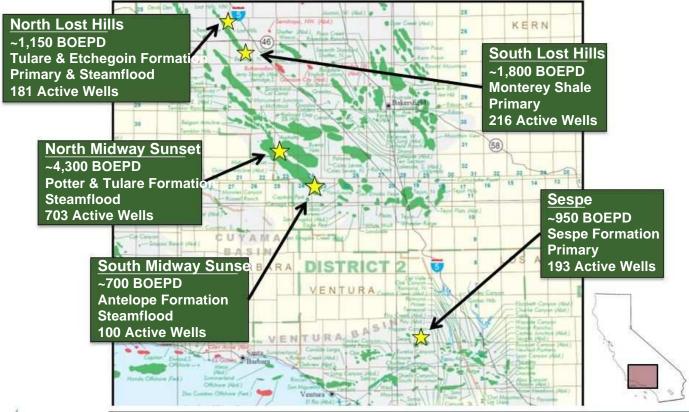
> NRI: 87.64

Rank	Company	California 2010 BOEPD
Ralik	Company	ВОЕРЬ
1	Chevron	174,856
2	Aera (Shell/Exxon)	158,786
3	Occidental	151,584
4	Plains Exploration	36,488
5	Venoco Inc.	19,121
6	Berry Petroleum	18,513
7	Seneca Resources	9,655
8	Breitburn Energy	7,414
9	MacPherson	7,185
10	E&B Natural Resource	s 5,259



California

Stable Production Fields

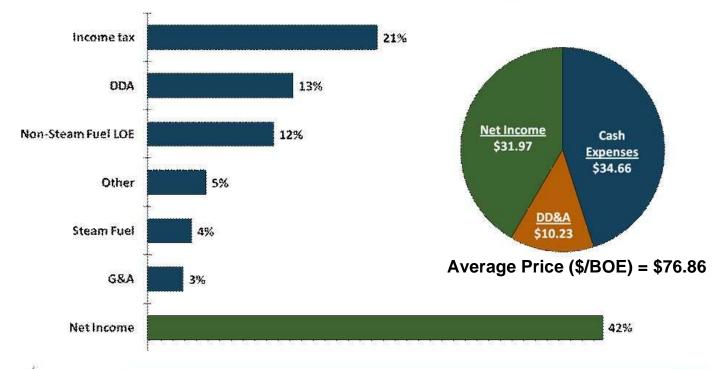




California

Strong Margins Support Significant Free Cash Flow

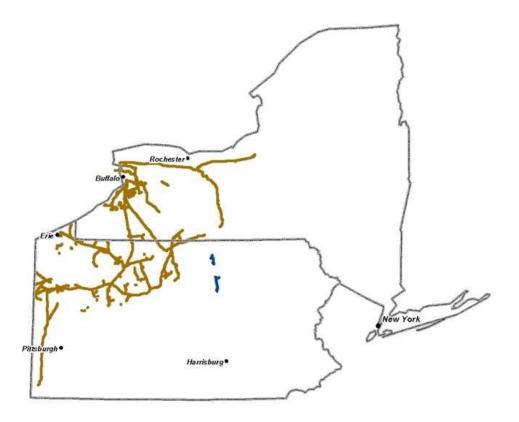
Fiscal Year 2011 Net Income and Expenses per BOE





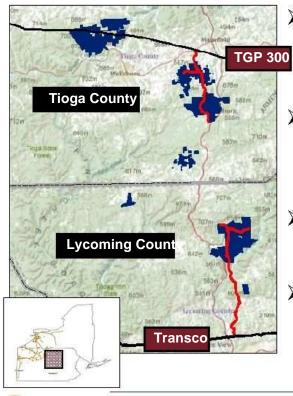
Pipeline & Storage / Midstream







Critical To Boosting Returns in the Marcellus



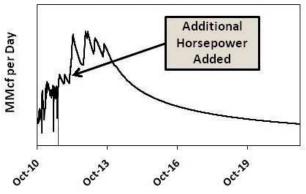
- Midstream's gathering systems are critical to unlock remote, but highly productive Marcellus acreage
- Goal is to first work to assist Seneca and then gather 3 party producer volumes
- History of operational success and efficiency within Pennsylvania
- Continuously evaluating opportunities to grow along with the rapid development of the Marcellus

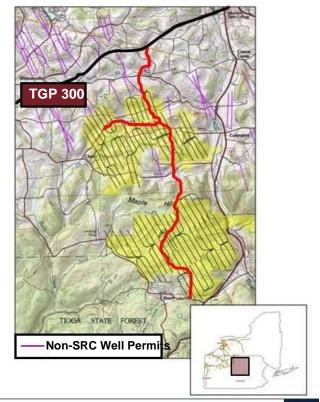


Covington Gathering SystemTioga County

- ➤ Early completion of gathering system allowed Seneca to begin flowing gas as pads were completed
- ➤ As Seneca's production matures, open pipeline to third party production

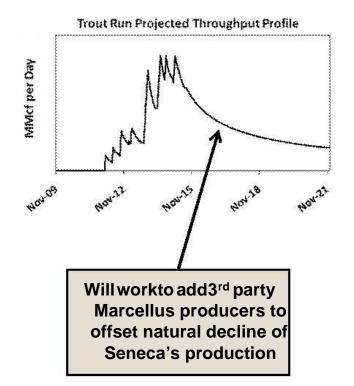








Trout RunGatheringSystem-LycomingCounty







Future Opportunities for Expansion

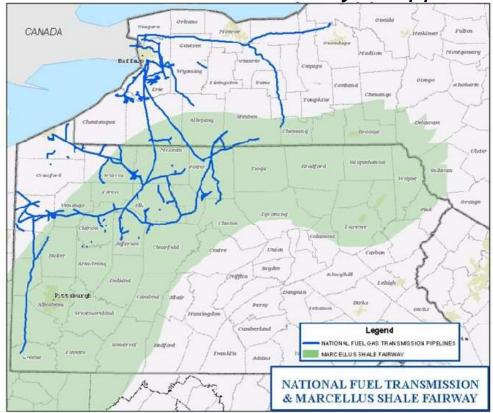
- Will continue to evaluate new gathering infrastructure to alleviate constraints throughout the Marcellus
- Lookto fill existinggatheringinfrastructurewith 3rd party production once Seneca's reaches its peak production and begins the natural decline

The Covington and Trout Run gathering systems allow Seneca to achieve significant production growth over the next three years. Midstream is continually looking to build additional gathering systems.



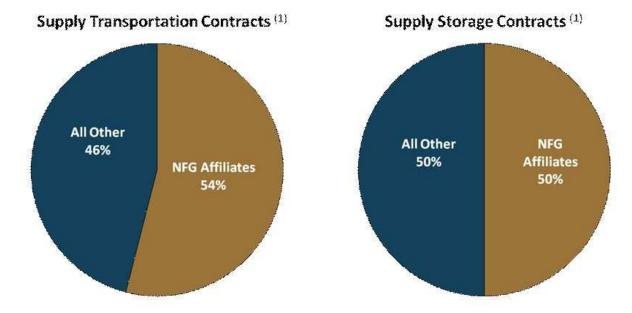


Pipeline & Storage
Expansive Network Located Centrally in Appalachia





Intercompany Capacity Utilization

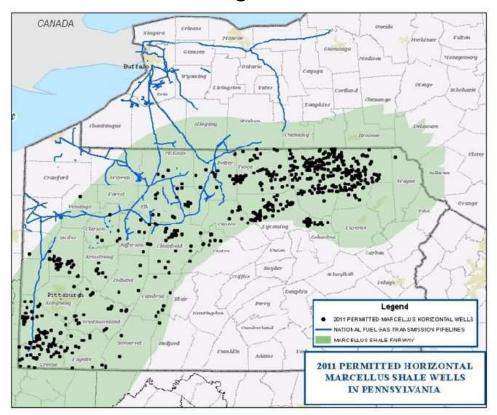


Our integrated business structure allows our affiliated businesses to efficiently utilize our Pipeline & Storage services



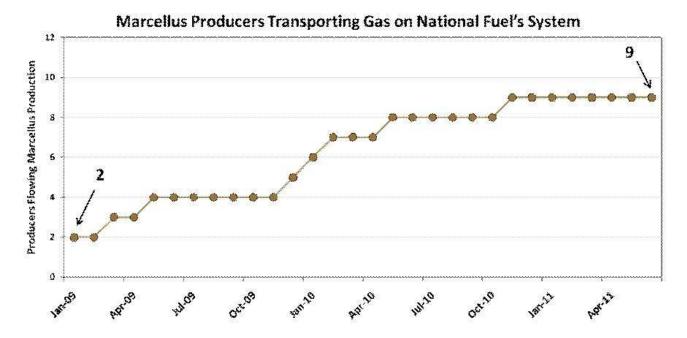
(1) As of July 1, 2011

Pipeline & Storage Positioned to Move Growing Marcellus Production





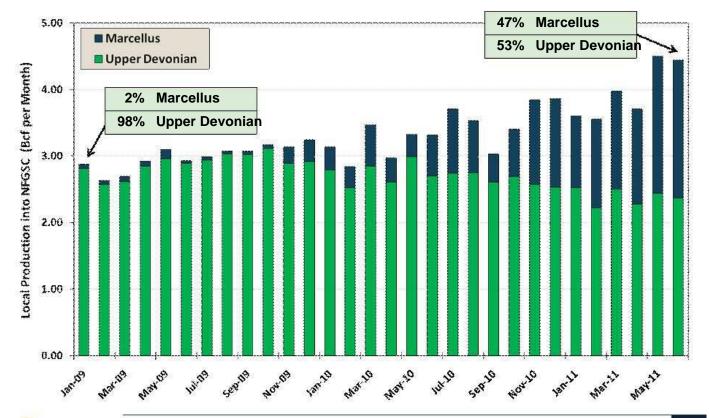
Marcellus Producers Increase Utilization of NFGSC



Producers moving Marcellus gas on NFGSC has more than tripled since January 2009.

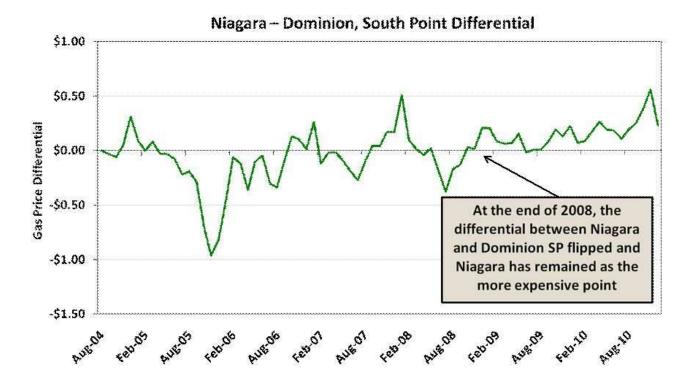


Pipeline & Storage Shifting Sources of Throughput





Stable Revenue Amid Changing Market Dynamics



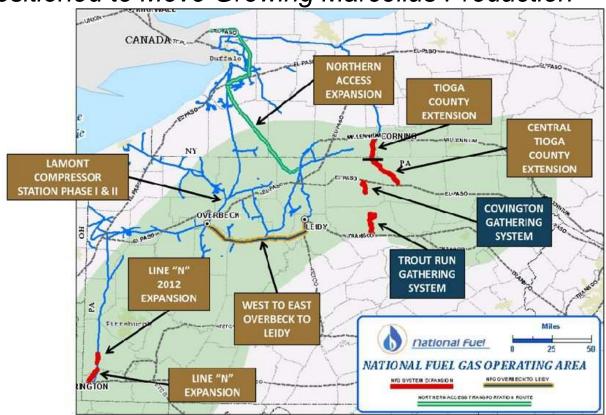


Pipeline & Storage Marcellus Driving Changing Gas Flow Patterns





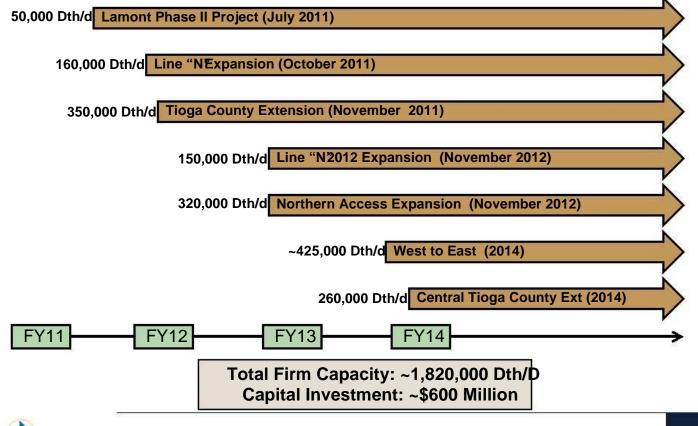
Pipeline & Storage
Positioned to Move Growing Marcellus Production





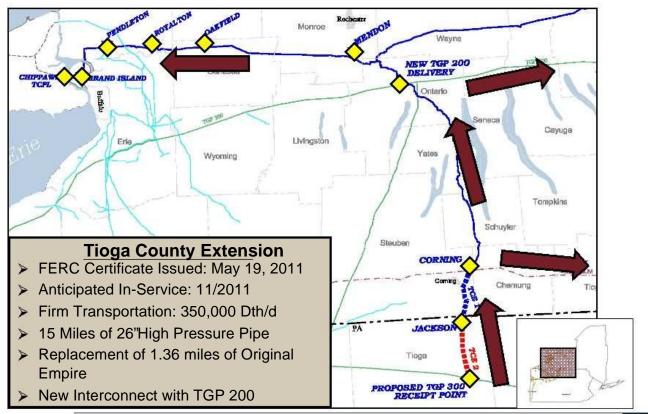
National Fuel

Marcellus Driven Expansion Projects



61

Tioga County Extension Project





Line N Expansion Project

Line N Expansion 2011

>In-Service Date: 9/2011

> Fully Subscribed: 160,000 Dth/D

>20+ Miles of 20"Pipe

➤ New 4,740 HP Compression Station

> Delivery to TETCO at Holbrook Station

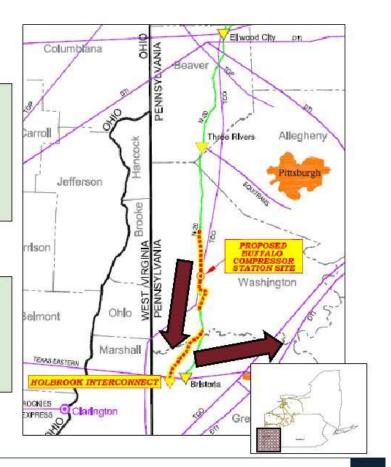
Line N Expansion 2012

>In-Service Date: 11/2012

>Fully Subscribed: 150,000 Dth/D

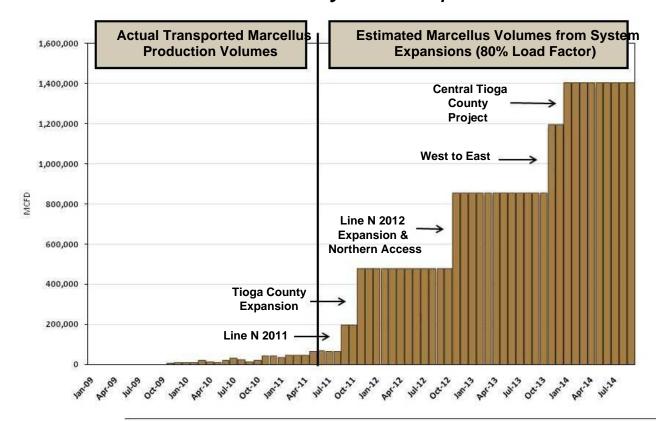
➤ 4.85 Miles of 24'Replacement Pipe

>Additional 20,620 HP at Buffalo Station





Marcellus Volumes from System Expansions

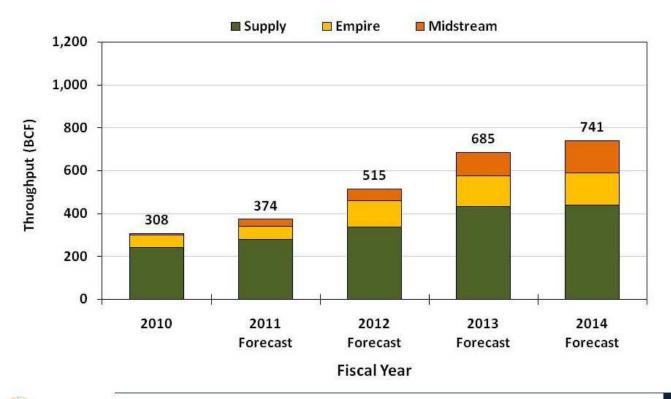




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Pipeline, Storage & Midstream

Significant Throughput Growth



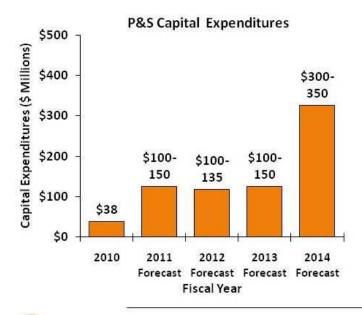


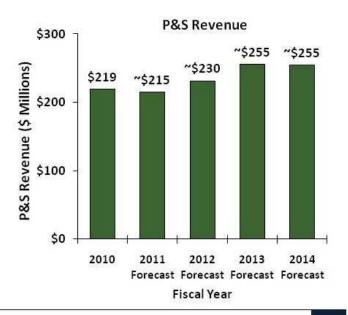
September 9, 2011

Pipeline & Storage Growth

Deploying Significant Growth Capital

Capital spending is ramping up significantly to fund system expansion and assuming recently allowed industry average ROE and capital structure targets, this segment can achieve significant growth with a rapid increase in contracted volumes







September 9, 2011

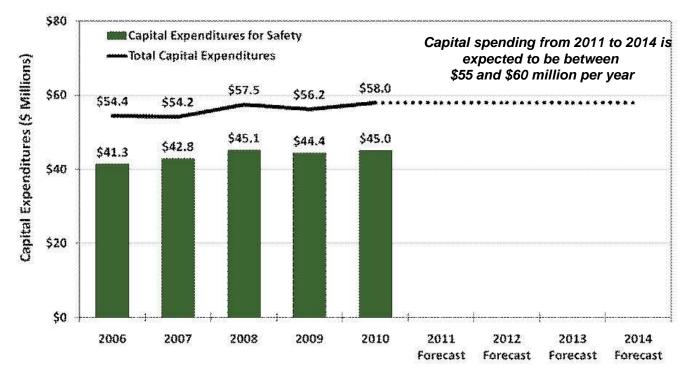
Utility *National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation*





Utility Strong Co

Strong Commitment to Safety



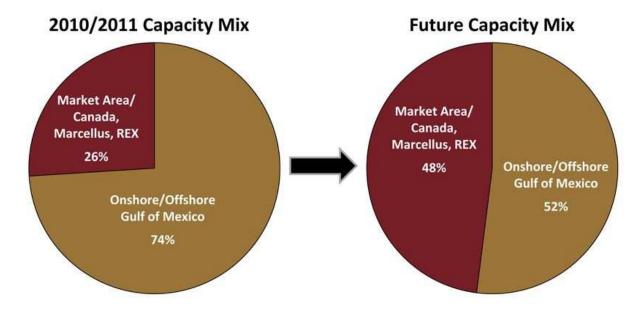
Fiscal Year





UtilityOperational Reliability Changing Natural Gas Supply

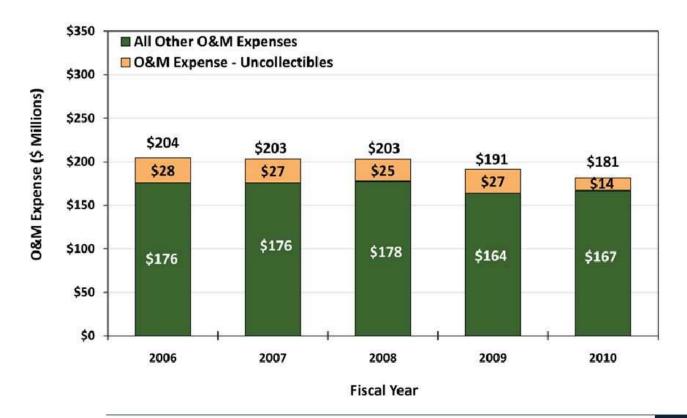
Changing Natural Gas Supply Dynamics



Thedevelopment funconvention sources for traditional sources f natural gassupply to reliably serve our utility customers



UtilityContinued Cost Control





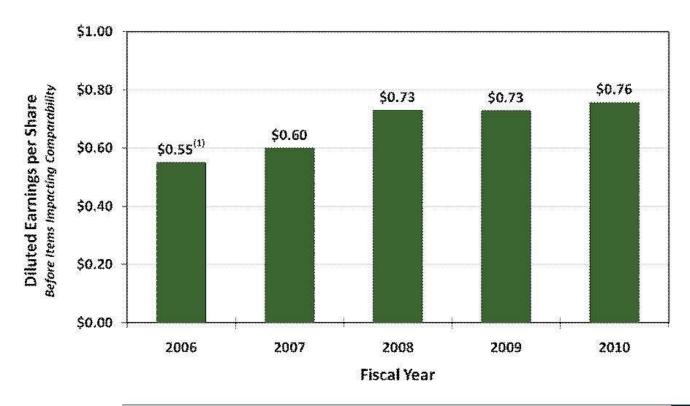
UtilityStable Earnings/Financial Stability





Utility

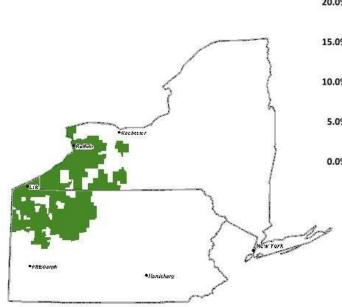
Diluted Earnings per Share (Before Items Impacting Comparability)



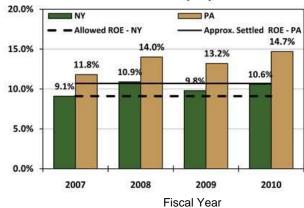


(1) Excludes out-of-period adjustment to symmetrical sharing of \$0.03; Including this adjustment, GAAP earnings would be \$0.58.

Utility *Financial Stability*



Return on Equity



Rate Mechanisms

New York & Pennsylvania

- > Low Income Rates
- > Choice Program/POR
- > Merchant Function Charge

New York only

- > Revenue Decoupling
- > 90/10 Sharing
- > Weather Normalization



Utility

Continuing Goals and Outlook

Strong Commitment to Safety

Operational Reliability

Continue to control expenses

Financial Stability

Maintain a solid regulatory strategy to achieve strong regulatory outcomes



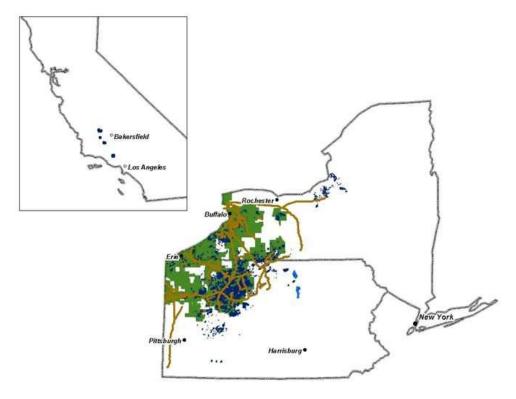
September 9, 2011

Utility *National Fuel Gas Distribution Corporation*





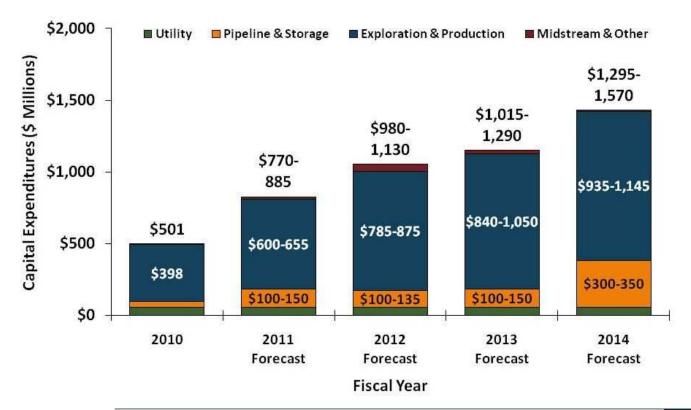
National Fuel Gas Company Corporate & Financial Overview





National Fuel Gas Company

Consolidated Capital Expenditures

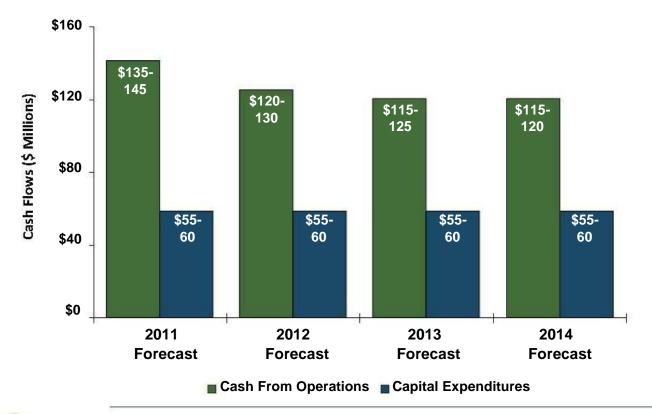




Note: A reconciliation to Capital Expenditures as presented on the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows is included at the end of this presentation.

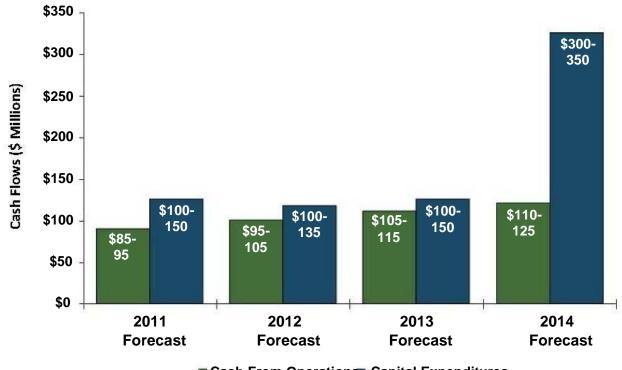
National Fuel Gas Company

Cash FlowForecast–Utility





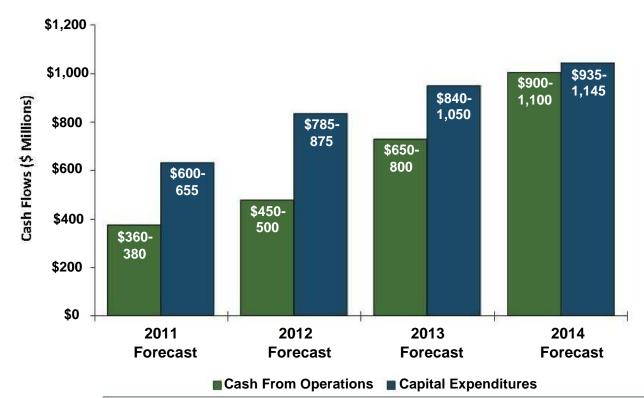
National Fuel Gas Company Cash Flow ForecastPipeline & Storage







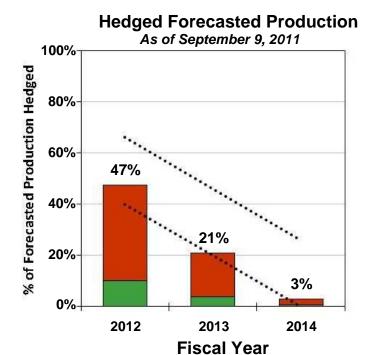
National Fuel Gas Company Cash Flow Forecast Exploration & Production





Note: This assumes NYMEX natural gas pricing of \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$5.50 for fiscal years 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014, respectively. It also assume crude oil pricing of \$80. \$95, \$100 and \$100 for fiscal years 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

National Fuel Gas Company Hedge Positions and Strategy



Oil Swaps	Volume (MMBbl)	Average Hedge Price		
Fiscal 2012	1.6	\$77.03 / Bbl		
Fiscal 2013	0.9	\$86.21 / Bbl		
Fiscal 2014	0.2	\$94.90 / Bbl		

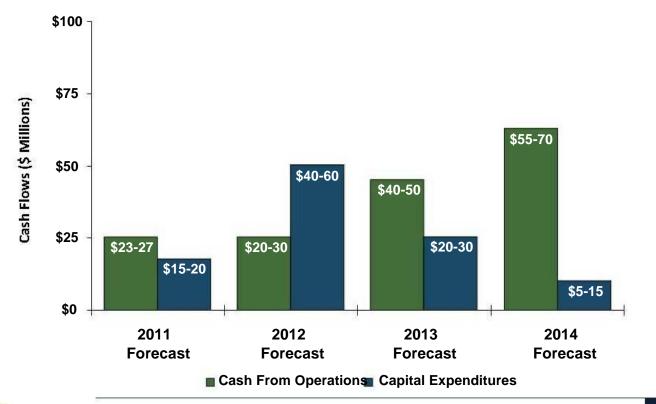
Natural Gas Swaps	Volume (Bcf)	Average Hedge Price			
Fiscal 2012	35.0	\$5.89 / Mcf			
Fiscal 2013	23.9	\$5.67 / Mcf			
Fiscal 2014	4.6	\$5.89 / Mcf			

Most hedges executed at sales point to eliminate basis risk



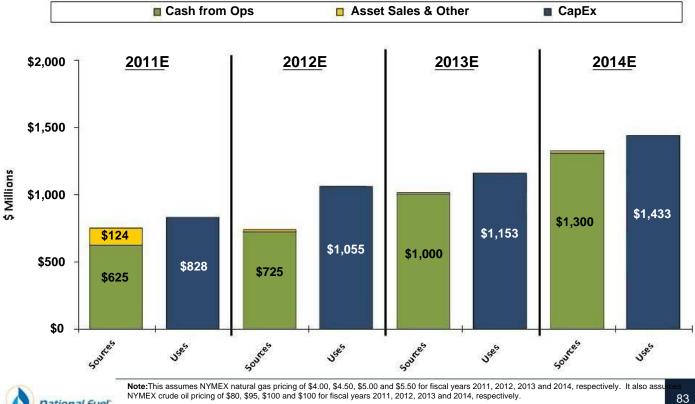


National Fuel Gas Company
Cash Flow Forecast Midstream, Marketing & Other





National Fuel Gas Company Financing Needs A Consolidated View of Cash Flows

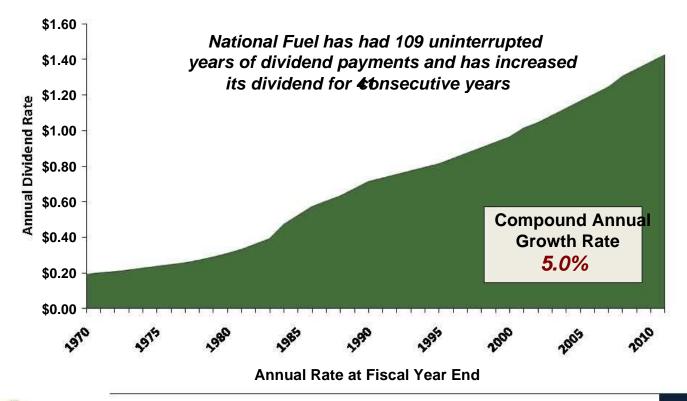




Note: This assumes NYMEX natural gas pricing of \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$5.50 for fiscal years 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014, respectively. It also assunyMEX crude oil pricing of \$80, \$95, \$100 and \$100 for fiscal years 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

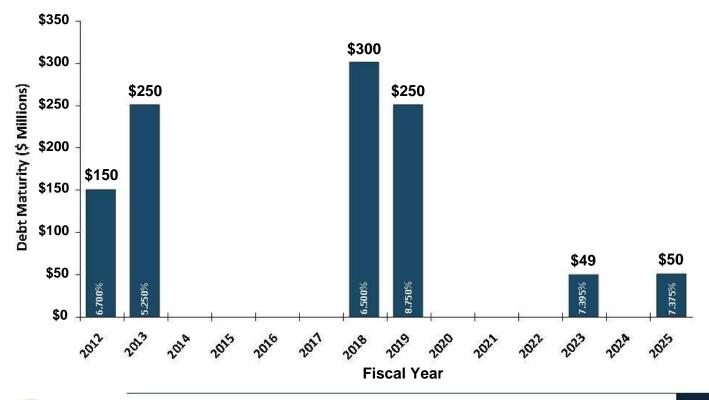
National Fuel Gas Company

Strong Dividend Track Record





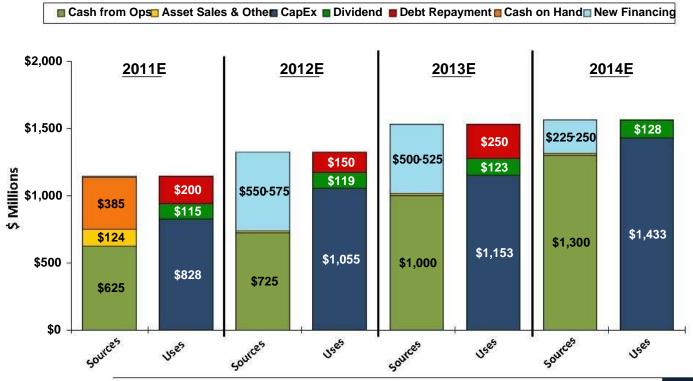
National Fuel Gas Company Manageable Debt Maturity Schedule





September 9, 2011

National Fuel Gas Company Financing Needs A Consolidated View of Cash Flows



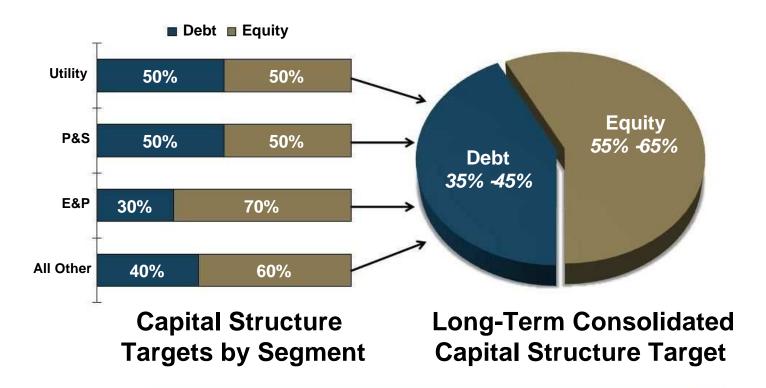


Note: This assumes NYMEX natural gas pricing of \$4.00, \$4.50, \$5.00 and \$5.50 for fiscal years 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014, respectively. It also assumes NYMEX crude oil pricing of \$80.00, \$95, \$100 and \$100 for fiscal years 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2014, respectively.

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National Fuel Gas Company

Targeted Capital Structure





National Fuel Gas Company

Investment Grade Credit Rating

Current Credit Ratings

Rating Agency	Rating
Fitch	BBB+
Moody's	Baa1
Standard & Poors	BBB

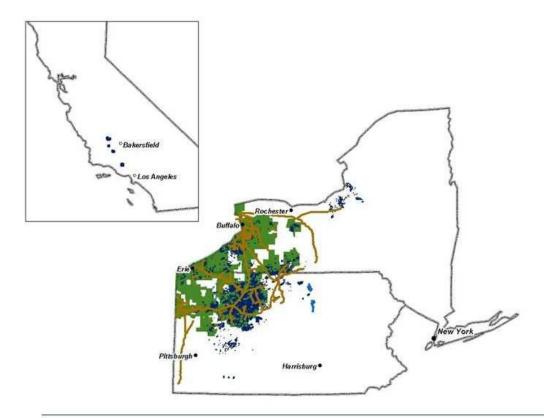
Capital Resources

- > Total Short-Term Capacity: \$685 Million
 - Commercial Paper Program: \$300 Million
 - > Uncommitted Lines of Credit: \$385 Million
- \$300.0 MM Committed Credit Facility through September 2013 backs Commercial Paper Progr



National Fuel Gas Company

Appendix





National Fuel Gas Company Fiscal Year 2012 Earnings Guidance Drivers

	2012 Forecas		
GAAP Earnings per Share	\$2.85 -\$3.15		
Operating Earnings per Share	\$2.85 -\$3.15		
Exploration & Production Drivers			
Total Production (Bcfe)	87 -101		
DD&A Expense	\$2.20 -\$2.30		
LOE Expense	\$0.85 -\$1.00		
G&A Expense	\$54 -\$58 MM		
Pipeline & Storage Drivers			
O&M Expense	† 2%		
Increase in Revenue (Expansion Projects)	\$27 MM		
Decrease in Revenue (De-Contracting)	\$4 MM		
Utility Drivers			
O&M Expense	1 2%		
PA Normal Weather Assumption	\$0.03 / Share		

12% EPS Growth

35% Production Growth



Pipeline & Storage Expansion Initiatives

Project Name	Capacity (Dth/D)	Est. CapEx	In-Service Date	Market	Status					
Lamont Compressor Station	40,000	\$6 MM	6/15/10	Fully Subscribed	Completed-Flowinginto TGP300 Line					
Lamont Phase II Project	50,000	\$7.6 MM	07/1/11	Fully Subscribed	First 10,000 Dth/d in-service. Remaining 40,000 Dth/d in-service 10/2011.					
Line "N"Expansion	160,000	\$20 MM	~ 09/2011	Fully Subscribed	Construction began February 2011					
Tioga County Extension	350,000	\$49 MM	~ 11/2011	Fully Subscribed	Construction began July 2011					
Northern Access Expansion	320,000	\$62 MM	~11/2012	Fully Subscribed	Certificate filed in March 2011					
Line "N" 2012 Expansion	150,000	\$36 MM	~ 11/2012	Fully Subscribed	Certificate filed in July 2011					
West to East	~425,000	\$290 MM	29% Subscribed	Marketing continues with producers in various stages of exploratory drilling						
Central Tioga County Extension	260,000	\$135 MM	2014	Open Season Closed	Evaluating market interest and facility design					
Total Firm Capacity ~ 1,755,000 Dth/D										
Capital Investment ~ \$606 MM										



Midstream Corporation Expansion Initiatives

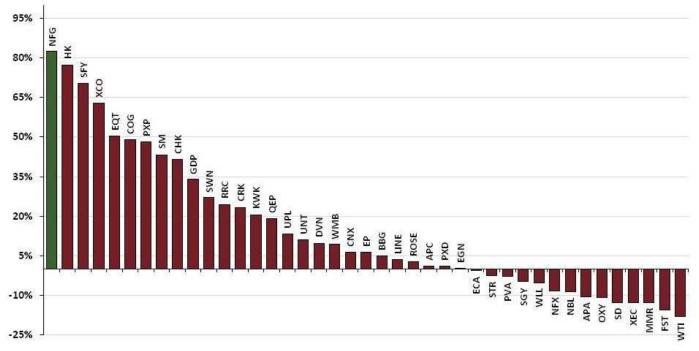
Project Name	Capacity (Dth/D)	Est. CapEx	In-Service Date	Market	Status						
Covington Gathering System	140,000	\$16 MM	11/17/09	Fully Subscribed	Completed-Flowing into TGP 300 Line						
Covington Gathering System Expansion	80,000	\$3.5 MM	~12/2011	Fully Subscribed	Will increase total system capacity to 220,000 Dth/d						
Trout Run Gathering System	466,000	\$52 MM	Q2 FY2012	70% Subscribed	Preliminary work has begun						
Total Firm Capacity ~ 686,000 Dth/D											
Capital Investment ~ \$ 71.5 MM											



Seneca Resources

Industry Leading Production Growth

U.S. Independent E&P Companies 2nd Quarter Year-Over-Year Production Growth



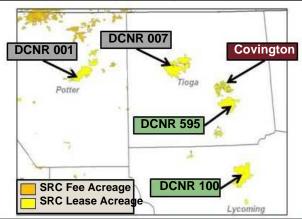


(1) Source: Raymond James & Associates, Inc. – August 22, 2011

Marcellus Shale

Eastern Development Area (EDAÇurrent Results

	Possible	Wells	Gross Production	3D	2012 Wells	
Location	Locations	Drilled	(MMcf/d)	Seismic	Planned	Comments
Developed	40 40		10 1 10 1			r.
Covington	47	47	100+	Acquired	N/A	Estimated Gross EUR: 5.5 Bcfe
Full Developme	nt					
DCNR 595	55	4	8	Permitting	26	1 Well Currently Shut-In
DCNR 100	70	1	N/A	Mid-2012	12	1 st Well IP: 15.8 MMcf/d
Delineating						
DCNR001	58	1	N/A	June 2011	2	1 st Well IP: 4 MMcf/d
DCNR 007	75	1	N/A	July 2011	4	1 st Well IP: 2 MMcf/d





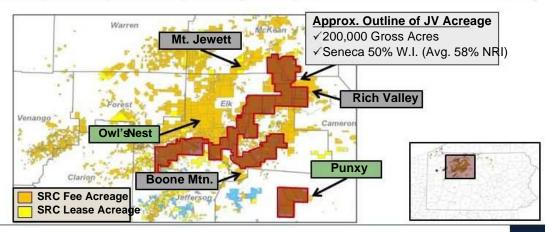




Marcellus Shale

Western Development Area (EDAResults & Plan Forward

	Possible	Wells	Gross Production	3D	2012 Wells	
Location	Locations	Drilled	(MMcf/d)	Seismic	Planned	Comments
Full Development			to			
Owl's Nest/ Ridgewa	y 680	3	2+	Permitting	15	Expected IPs: 4-5 MMcf/d
Punxy	87	45	36	Acquired	33	
Delineating						
Mt. Jewett	232	4	N/A	Acquired	TBD	Completions Scheduled for Sept. to Oct.
Boone Mtn.	59	4	N/A	N/A	TBD	Completions Scheduled for Oct. to Nov.
Rich Valley	188	0	N/A	N/A	2	

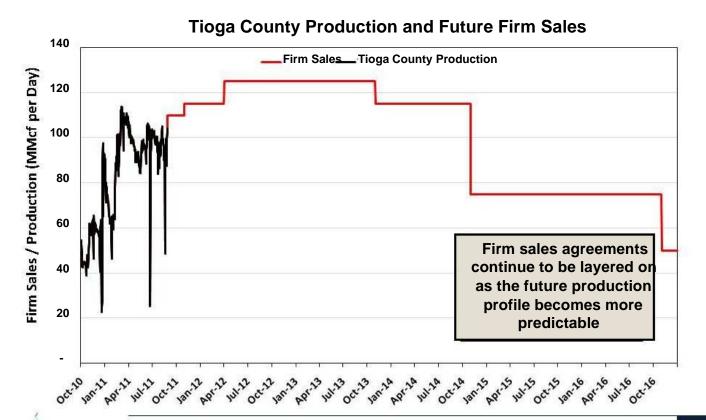




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Marcellus Shale

Ensuring Gas Reaches the Market





Marcellus Shale

Water Sourcing Program

Utilizing least quality freshwater sources, including abandoned coal mine drainage

Centralized storage impoundments create a flexible and efficient water system

> Seven mile pipeline supplies multiple locations:

✓ Covington Area: 47 Wells

✓ DCNR 595: 55 Wells

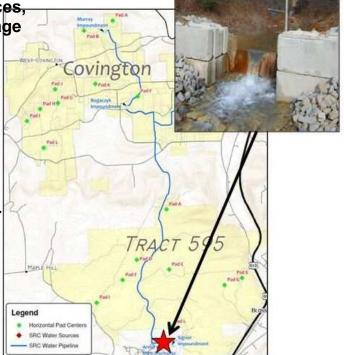
Water Withdrawal: 500,000 gallons per day

> Reduced Trucking: 800 - 17000ks per well

Cost Savings: ~\$120,000 per well

> Pay Out: 31 Wells

Unaffected by regional droughts



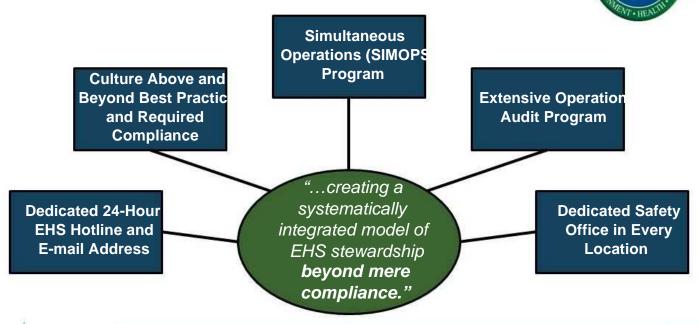


Seneca Resources

Committed to Health, Safety and the Environment

Senec&ResourceSorporation- ValueStatement

"We ask that each employee share in our philosophy and unwavering commitment to each other's health and safety and the environment





National Fuel Gas Company

September 9, 2011

Comparable GAAP Financial Measure Slides and Reconciliations

This presentation contains certain non-GAAP financial measures. For pages that contain non-GAAP financial measures, pages containing the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures and reconciliations are provided in the slides that follow.

The Company believes that its non-GAAP financial measures are useful to investors because they provide an alternative method for assessing the Company's operating results in a manner that is focused on the performance of the Company's ongoing operations. The Company's management uses these non-GAAP financial measures for the same purpose, and for planning and forecasting purposes. The presentation of non-GAAP financial measures is not meant to be a substitute for financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.



Reconciliation of Segment Capital Expenditures to Consolidated Capital Expenditures (\$ Thousands)

	FY 2010	FY 2011 Forecast		FY 2012 Forecast		FY 2013 Forecast		FY 2014 Forecast	
Capital Expenditures from									
Continuing Operations									
Exploration & Production Capital									
Expenditures	\$ 398,174	\$	600,000-655,000	\$ 785,000-875,000	\$	840,000-1,050,000	\$	935,000-1,145,000	
Pipeline & Storage Capital									
Expenditures	37,894	\$	100,000-150,000	\$ 100,000-135,000	\$	100,000-150,000	\$	300,000-350,000	
Utility Capital Expenditures	57,973	\$	55,000-60,000	\$ 55,000-60,000	\$	55,000-60,000	\$	55,000-60,000	
Marketing, Corporate & All Other									
Capital Expenditures	 7,311	\$	15,000-20,000	\$ 40,000-60,000	\$	20,000-30,000	\$	5,000-15,000	
Total Capital Expenditures from									
Continuing Operations	\$ 501,352	\$	770,000-885,000	\$ 980,000-1,130,000	\$	1,015,000-1,290,000	\$	1,295,000-1,570,000	
Capital Expenditures from									
Discontinued Operations									
Exploration & Production Capital									
Expenditures	\$ _	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	
All Other Capital Expenditures	150								
Total Capital Expenditures from									
Discontinued Operations	\$ 150	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	
Plus (Minus) Accrued Capital									
Expenditures									
Exploration & Production FY 2010									
Accrued Capital Expenditures	\$ (55,546)	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$		
Exploration & Production FY 2009									
Accrued Capital Expenditures	9,093		_	_		_		_	
Pipeline & Storage FY 2008									
Accrued Capital Expenditures	_		_	_				_	
All Other FY 2009 Accrued									
Capital Expenditures	 715			 <u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Total Accrued Capital									
Expenditures	\$ (45,738)	\$	_	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	
Eliminations	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$		\$		
Total Capital Expenditures per Statement of Cash Flows	\$ 455,764	\$	770,000-885,000	\$ 980,000-1,130,000	\$	1,015,000-1,290,000	\$	1,295,000-1,570,000	